THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. LL, No. 19. Associated Press Service. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1918.—TWELVE PAGES The Standard Southern Newspaper. Single copies, 5 cents. Daily and Sunday, 15 cents weekly.

GERMANS MOWED BY AMERICANS

GLORIOUS FOURTH TO BE FITTINGLY OBSERVED IN CITY

Great Patriotic Programs at East Lake, Lakewood and the Military Camps Will Feature War Service.

EAST LAKE ATHLETICS BENEFIT RED CROSS

Governor Dorsey to Read Declaration of Independence at Lakewood—Great Program of Races and Amusements Is Announced

Added significance will be attached to the celebration of the Fourth of July in Atlanta today, and in the military camps adjacent. With dispatches appearing Tuesday bearing the news that more than 1,000,000 Americans are now overseas, struggling on foreign soil for a freedom as sacred as that for which "the embattled farmers stood and fired the shot heard 'round the world" in the Revolutionary battle for liberty nearly one hundred and fifty years ago, if patriotism is displayed with more than usual zest, more than ever is the opportunity afforded for it.

Thousands of the boys in khaki from Camp Gordon, Fort McPherson and Camp Jesup will come to the city to mingle with the civilian population in the observance of the greatest of all American holidays, while the other thousands who remain at camp will throng the parade fields to witness a series of Victory athletic events, the greatest perhaps that have been "pulled off" at the camps since they were established.

One of the biggest celebrations planned for Atlanta will be held at Lakewood under the direction of the Southeastern Fair association, while another will be the Red Cross golf tournament, the tennis match and the aquatic meet at East Lake, with a number of nationally famous athletes on the program.

East Lake Program.

At East Lake the main event on the program will be the golf match between Bobby Jones and Perry Adair, Atlanta champions, and Kenneth Edwards and Jimmy Standish, the western stars. This will start at 2:30 o'clock and will be followed by a water carnival. A Red Cross parade, headed by the Shrine band, will move through the streets of Atlanta at noon, advertising the carnival. The Red Cross house at 258 Peachtree street will be closed to all workers today, because of the events in which the workers are particularly interested.

Both of the foregoing Independence day programs have been arranged with a victorious end-of-the-war purpose in view—the former, to boost war savings stamps, the latter to aid the Red Cross.

Nothing but thrift stamps will be accepted for admission through the gates at Lakewood. Those who have not provided themselves in advance may obtain them just outside the gates from committees of women working in the war savings campaign.

The automobile show building has

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BREWING OF BEER AND "NEAR BEER" REDUCED 50 PER CENT

Washington, July 3.—Brewing of beer and the manufacture of "near-beer" will be curtailed 50 per cent through fuel restrictions in the year beginning July 1, according to a joint announcement late today by Fuel Administrator Garfield and Chairman Baruch, of the war industries board, after the weekly meeting of the president's war cabinet.

The fuel restriction amounting to 50 per cent will include fuel of all kinds and will be based on the average annual consumption between January 1, 1915, and December 31, 1917. The order applied to brewers of beer, ale, porter and other cereal beverages, and to the manufacture of non-alcoholic cereal beverages. The curtailment, while effective only for one year, was regarded in some quarters as the forerunner of further restrictions within the near future.

Application of the order to the manufacture of non-alcoholic cereal beverages placed the restriction strictly upon a fuel saving basis instead of a prohibition plan. Strong opposition was recently voiced in congress by members of the shipping board against taking beer away from shipyards workers as a prohibition measure.

553 SHORT LINE ROADS KEPT BY GOVERNMENT

Employees to Receive the Wage Awards of Steam Road Workers.

Washington, July 3.—The railroad administration announced tonight that 553 short line railroads had been retained under government control. All employees of these lines will receive the wage awards made to employees of the steam roads and owners will be compensated under the general contract.

Control of approximately 1,300 short lines, terminal roads and main line feeders finally has been relinquished by the railroad administration, which was given until July 1, by the original railroad control act, to turn back to private ownership roads, operation of which by the government was not regarded as essential.

In the meantime, congress passed a joint resolution extending the time for turning back the roads to January 1, and providing that control of short lines should not be relinquished while connections or competing lines were continued under government control. Some seators have contended that this resolution would permit of roads relinquished again being taken over.

A delegation of senators, headed by Senator Smith, of South Carolina, called on the president today to urge that he not veto the joint resolution, which now is awaiting his action.

The president was understood to have told the senators he had not reached a final decision and he first would confer with railroad administration officials.

At the railroad administration it was stated some of the roads relinquished might be taken over again under contracts to be arranged by the owners. Each case, however, will be decided upon its individual merits, it was explained.

With 167 main line roads already having retained, the number now under government control is fixed at 720. They include belt lines, wharf corporations, suburban electric lines, union depots and bridge corporations.

NAMES OF DESTROYERS TO BE LAUNCHED TODAY

Washington, July 3.—Names of the fourteen torpedo boat destroyers to be launched tomorrow were announced tonight by the navy department as follows:

Bethlehem Union plant, San Francisco—The McKean, Harding, Gridley, Williams, Crane, Ingraham, Burts.

Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, Newport News—The Thomas, Haraden and Abbot.

William Cramp & Sons' shipyard, Philadelphia—The Upshur and Elliott.

Bethlehem Fore River plant, Quincy, Mass.—The Maury.

AT WARD MEETINGS BOND ISSUE GAINS VALUABLE SUPPORT

Large Crowds Hear Many Speakers at Meetings Held in Every Ward to Boost Campaign for City Bonds.

CANDIDATES SPEAK TO SIXTH WARDERS

Every Candidate for Office in City Enthusiastically Indorses Bonds—Committee Feels Encouraged Over Situation.

Large and enthusiastic crowds greeted the speakers in all ten of Atlanta's wards last night at the meetings held in the interest of the proposed emergency bond issue. Representative men from each ward and men prominent in the public affairs of Atlanta spoke in behalf of this bond issue and citizens manifested extraordinary interest and enthusiasm as the different speakers pointed out the urgent needs of the city. Every speaker expressed the opinion that the people of Atlanta are overwhelmingly in favor of this bond issue, but the great fear of all is that not sufficient registered voters will avail themselves of the opportunity to serve the city and the people of Atlanta by coming out July 10 and casting their votes. It was pointed out by W. Tom Winn, chairman of the citizens' committee, that 9,230 votes are necessary in order to carry this bond issue and a man who fails to come out and vote casts a vote against the bonds.

The women of Atlanta are sufficiently interested in this matter to come out to every meeting uninvited and express their indorsement. They realize what it will mean to be without water in the home—and such a danger exists—they realize the value of that priceless picture at Grant park, and they want it protected.

Every Candidate for Bonds.

A peculiar situation exists in connection with this proposed emergency bond issue, and it is that every candidate for mayor, every candidate for any other office, every newspaper in the city of Atlanta and every labor organization or business organization is heartily in favor of the bonds being issued, and yet the speakers last night expressed the fear that they will not pass on election day—because Atlanta has lost nearly 1,000 registered voters in the draft and by volunteers. They are in France doing their part for the United States and their city.

Three of the candidates for mayor were present at the sixth ward meeting, at the corner of Marietta and Alexander streets, and one of the largest crowds ever gathered from that ward was there to hear them. Judge Puckett presided and made a short stirring talk for the bonds. Councilman A. J. Orme, of the eighth ward, outlined the whole situation. James L. Key, Edward H. Inman and L. N. Huff, candidates for mayor, made enthusiastic speeches for the whole bond issue.

They indorsed unqualifiedly every one of the four propositions for which this issue is to be made. Other speakers were Edwin Johnson, Judge Johnson, Captain Styron and J. R. Nutting. Captain Styron made one very valuable suggestion, which was indorsed by the meeting, that on election day the booth for voting for bonds be placed first so that every man coming in to vote would be given a chance to support the bonds and then proceed to the other candidates. As he stated, "Bonds are more important than candidates for mayor."

Many Enthusiastic Meetings.

The meeting in the third ward was largely attended and the voters of that ward are awake to the situation and are hustling for the success of the bond issue. O. T. Camp presided at the meeting and the speakers were: W. Zode Smith, Alderman Chambers, Councilman J. C. Little, Walter Fudge, W. P. Murphy, Ed L. Harling, Andy McElroy and George Freeman.

At the corner of Bass and South Pryor streets last night an enthusiastic meeting of the voters of the second ward was held. The meeting was well attended by more than one hundred citizens of the ward, and was addressed by W. Tom Winn, Ivan E. Allen, George F. Eubanks, Alderman Harvey Hatcher, Walter W. Visanska and Oscar Williamson.

One of the most enthusiastic and largely attended meetings in the city was that of the fifth ward, held at the corner of Bellwood and English avenue. The meeting was held in the large tent at the conclusion of service, conducted by Rev. J. W. Ham. The meeting of probably 600 voters was addressed by Chairman W. Tom Winn, Rev. J. W. Ham, Charles B. Gramling, Councilman W. H. Johnson and Dr. W. B. Chandler.

New Orleans Raises Quota.

New Orleans, July 3.—Announcement was made at the conclusion late today of the local War Savings Stamp drive that the New Orleans quota of $8,000,000 had been passed. It is believed sales and pledges would total between $9,000,000 and $10,000,000.

PLENTY OF SUGAR PLEDGED BY HOOVER FOR USE IN TOBACCO

Washington, July 3.—A tentative agreement was secured today from Food Administrator Hoover by senators from tobacco-producing states of the south that the supply of sugar for the tobacco industry, which Mr. Hoover had planned to cut in half, will not be reduced this year.

Because of the effect upon the tobacco industry, Mr. Hoover agreed to carefully consider suspension of the sugar reduction order as it affects tobacco manufacture. In the meantime manufacturers will experiment with sugar substitutes.

Senator Martin, of Virginia, democratic leader of the senate; Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, chairman of the senate finance committee, and Senator Swanson, of Virginia, protested to Mr. Hoover against the sugar curtailment order. They said it would cause loss of millions of dollars both to tobacco manufacturers and producers and also in revenue to the government. The order, they said, would force a large share of the tobacco producers to completely shut down their factories in six months when the 50 per cent allowance would be exhausted. They pointed out that only 57,000,000 pounds of sugar is used annually by the tobacco industry, and that the 50 per cent reduction order would save sugar worth only $3,000,000, while the candy industry, even on a 50 per cent basis, is allowed 400,000,000 pounds. Senator Simmons emphasized the loss of revenue to the government which would result from curtailing production.

NO "BOMB PROOFS" IN THE SHIPYARDS FOR REGISTRANTS

Philadelphia, July 3.—New draft regulations which will take from the exempt classifications thousands of men employed in shipyards are being prepared at Washington, according to Lieutenant Colonel J. S. Easby-Smith, representative of Provost Marshal Crowder, who is in this city investigating selective draft conditions. The new regulations, it is said, are designed to place in military service men who are now exempt simply because they are working in shipyards and whose places can be taken by men in other deferred classes under the "work-or-fight" order. Actual shipbuilders and technical men will not be affected by the new rules.

4 MORE GERMAN PLANES DROPPED BY AMERICANS

Quentin Roosevelt Is Taking Part in Aerial Battles Over Vaux.

With the American Army in France, July 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—During the aerial fighting today four more enemy machines were brought down. Victories were claimed for Lieutenants J. H. Stephens, New York; K. L. Porter, Dowagiac, Mich.; Ralph O'Neill, Denver, and Maxwell Perry, Indianapolis.

All told on Tuesday and Wednesday the American pursuit squadrons in this sector engaged in about twenty combats, bringing down seven enemy planes. Two American aviators were lost and one was seriously wounded.

Among the airmen engaged in the fighting today was Quentin Roosevelt, youngest son of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt.

All the American air victories were achieved in a battle royal high in the skies over Chateau Thierry, when an American patrol met what is believed to have been one of the famous German flying circuses. The "dog fight," as the American fliers term such an engagement, lasted half an hour, the Germans beating a retreat when it became apparent that they were getting much the worst of the engagement.

All the American machines returned safely from the encounter, some of them with several bullet holes in them.

23 GERMAN AIRSHIPS DROPPED BY BRITISH.

London, July 3.—The official communication dealing with aerial operations reads:

"The weather on July 2 was fine but hazy. Our machines carried out reconnaissance, artillery and photographic work as usual, but there was less enemy activity.

"Thirteen German airplanes were destroyed and nine others were driven down out of control. One German balloon was shot down. Four of our machines are missing.

"Nineteen tons of bombs were dropped in the course of the day and night on enemy railways and dumps and billets."

SUBJUGATION OF POLAND PLANNED BY GERMANY

Washington, July 3.—Germany proposed to settle the Polish question by virtual subjugation of Poland, says an official dispatch today from Switzerland quoting the semi-official Augsberger Abend Zeitung. The aims of the German government are summed up by the newspaper as follows:

"First, the frontiers of Poland will be determined definitely by the German command.

"Second, the Polish army will not go beyond 90,000 men and every attempt at new armament will be considered as a casus belli.

"Third, the central powers will enjoy for 50 years in Poland the treatment of the most favored nation.

"Fourth, the German mark will be for 50 years the only Polish money having an invariable legal tender.

"Fifth, the Polish government will accept all inhabitants of Poland for public function without distinction as to religion. This course is meant to prevent the exclusion of pro-Germans and Jews.

"Sixth, the right to assemble and complete freedom of the press will be assured to subjects of the powers.

"Seventh, the Polish authorities will be obliged to support a German school in every town or village where live more than ten German-speaking children.

"Eighth, the subjects of the central powers will in no case be judged by Polish tribunals, but will depend entirely upon their own consular jurisdiction.

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THIS JULY FOURTH MOST SIGNIFICANT SINCE FIRST FOURTH

And It Is Being Observed Today as Never Before. Not Only National, But International Holiday.

OTHER LANDS CELEBRATE U. S. INDEPENDENCE DAY

Great Britain, France, Italy and Some South American Republics Pay Tribute to Principles of the Great Declaration.

Washington, July 3.—American Independence day will be observed tomorrow as never before. While the people of the United States are gathering to celebrate the signing one hundred and forty-two years ago of the declaration of freedom, exercises will be held in Great Britain, in France, in Italy and in other lands to commemorate the birth of American liberty to the defense of which the nation already has sent a million men overseas.

In this country the day will be the occasion of a renewal of allegiance by the foreign-born and President Wilson will be the honor guest of a committee representing 30 nationalities on a pilgrimage to the home and tomb of George Washington. The president will deliver an address which will be read simultaneously at demonstrations throughout the country and which has been cabled for reading and publication in foreign lands.

Patriotic celebrations have been arranged in virtually every city and town in the country in which native-born and foreign-born will join, while the day will be made a gala one at all army and navy training camps and stations. No small part of the day's celebration will be the launching on the Atlantic, gulf and Pacific coasts of 100 merchant ships and fourteen torpedo boat destroyers to challenge the German sea wolves.

Celebration Abroad.

The celebration of the day already has begun in France with a great display of flags. This will be followed by exercises tomorrow throughout that country. Along the front where American troops face the Huns and back of the trenches at supply depots and army camps renewed significance will be given to the Fourth of July demonstration by American soldiers.

In Great Britain exercises will be held in London, Liverpool and other cities and American soldiers and sailors will be guests of the municipalities at dinners and entertainments.

In Italy the public schools will be closed and all employees of the government will be given a holiday. In Rome a celebration attended by government and municipal officers will be held at the monument of Victor Emanuel, after which a procession will form and move to the home of the American ambassador, where a speaker will offer the greetings of the city to the American ambassador. Demonstrations also will be held in Turin, in Florence, in Genoa, in Naples, in Peruvia and other cities.

In several South American republics the day also will be observed. The state department was advised today by American charges that tomorrow will be a national holiday in San Salvador, Peru and Nicaragua.

Messages to American People.

Messages to the American people were sent tonight by General Pershing, Secretary Daniels, Secretary Lansing, Secretary Wilson and Lord Reading, the British ambassador.

General Pershing said:

"On the anniversary of our independence, the officers and men of the American expeditionary forces on the battlefields of France renew their pledge of fealty and devotion to our cause and country. The resolve of our forefathers that all men and peoples shall be free is their resolve. It is quickened by sympathy for an invaded people of kindred ideals and war challenge of an arrogant enemy. It is fortified by the united support of the American people."

Secretary Daniels said:

"The American people have had a fresh baptism of the spirit of sacrifice for liberty which enabled the men of seventy-six to make the declaration of independence the decree of a powerful nation. They have entered this war to aid in insuring to peaceful peoples freedom from conquest, and they will not lay down the sword until the menace of militarism is lifted from mankind. Out of the tragedy of war the steady light of peace, guaranteed by a league of all free nations, will illumine the world."

International Holiday.

This was Secretary Lansing's message:

"This year the Fourth of July is more than a national holiday; it is an international holiday. While we rejoice over liberty achieved for our country, we should consecrate ourselves to the defense of that liberty which is imperiled by Prussian militarism. On this day of glorious memories America, with stern will and charitable purpose, rededicates her all to liberty and looks into the future with supreme faith that God will crown with victory the cause

Atlantan, Aviator, Falls From French Skies Without Hurt

Lieutenant Frank B. Tidwell Has Miraculous Escape When Plane Plunges Mile and Half to Earth,

A description of what is perhaps the first instance of an Atlantan tumbling from the skies in France is contained in a letter written by Lieutenant Frank B. Tidwell to his sister, Mrs. Annie T. Reynolds, of Atlanta. He performed the unwilling feat of diving a mile and a half out of control and the more remarkable feat of landing without a scratch, his companion escaping in an equally miraculous manner.

So cool and self-possessed was Lieutenant Tidwell after his thrilling and spectacular descent from the sky that he unslung his camera and photographed his plane standing with its nose buried in the earth and sent the picture to his sister. He laconically described the incident as a "bad fall on May 15, when on a photo mission at 2,000 meters height, smashing the machine."

The letter also contained another picture of a city he photographed while flying at an altitude of 2,600 meters, which, although taken with a small camera, shows with wonderful distinctness the houses, trees, streets and other prominent markings.

Lieutenant Tidwell writes that he is kept too busy in the air to find time to do much else than try to keep the Boche located. He is an aerial observer, having been detailed to this duty immediately after arriving in France the early part of the year.

Before entering the aviation service he was a first lieutenant in the artillery and served with Pershing on the border during the Mexican fracas. He stood a competitive examination and was admitted to the aviation school at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and in a short time was commissioned as an aerial observer. Later he was detailed as instructor, first at the flying school at Garden City, N. J., then at Mineola, N. Y., where he was on duty when he received orders to sail overseas.

After Freeing 600 Divorce Mills Wait On New Petitioners

Flow of Would-Be Emancipated Has Already Begun, in Preparation for September Session of the Superior Court.

The courthouse will now be free of fresh mown grass widows and widowers until the September session of the superior court. The special session of the court held for the purpose of getting all undefended divorce suits off the docket before the fall term brought happiness to some 600 people, half of said number having appeared before Judge George L. Bell to relate how the other half had mistreated them, beat 'em up, cut them up, knocked them down and dragged them out or threatened to commit one or all of the aforementioned indoor sports.

No sooner does the rush for verdicts subside, in order that the clerks may have an opportunity to record this encyclopedia of domestic cruelty, than a brand-new supply of petitioners file applications for divorce.

Claiming a "lockout" from his room and his home, which was called by his wife, Mrs. Frances Louise Moore, one memorable night, George Cyrus Moore Wednesday filed suit for divorce. In the petiton, which was filed by Attorneys Austin & Boykin, he sets out that there was too much mother-in-law in his married life for his peace of mind. He also stated that his wife nagged and abused him, said that she did not care for him and told him to leave her, and then refused to cook his meals for him.

Mrs. Nellie Carpenter brought her domestic troubles to the court Wednesday when she filed her petiton for a total divorce from Earl J. Carpenter and asked for the custody of their child Earl J. Carpenter, Jr. She sets out that her husband "unlawfully beat her" and then deserted her, leaving her without means of support for herself and the child. James & Bedgood represent the petitioner.

After twenty-one years of matrimony C. W. Thomas Wednesday filed his application with the court to have the tirksome bonds severed. He claims that his wife, Mrs. Nannie E. Thomas, continually insulted him without reason and nagged at him until he had to sell out his business and go to work for a "daily wage." He also states that she influenced their three children against him and finally took the children and the household furnishings from the home one day and when he came home he found it deserted. Attorney John S. Highsmith filed the suit.

ANTI-SEMITIC RIOTS IN GALICIAN TOWNS

Amsterdam, July 3.—Anti-Semitic outbreaks have occurred in Jaroslau and other Galician towns, according to information received by the Jewish correspondence bureau from Vienna. Jewish residents, it is declared, have been made the victims of excesses, and their shops have been plundered. The authorities, the advices state, refused to interfere.

REPEATED ATTACKS ON VAUX POSITIONS BLOODILY STOPPED

Germans Attacked in Massed Formation and Were Literally Cut to Pieces by American Machine Guns.

ARTILLERY IS ENGAGED IN A TREMENDOUS DUEL

Germans Are Hurling Deluge of Shells on U. S. Positions, and American Gunners, Stripped to Waist, Are Returning Steady Stream of Explosives.

New York, July 3.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—American troops standing at Vaux, northwest of Chateau Thierry, have completely smashed repeated and determined counter attacks by the Germans, who sought to oust the Americans from their new positions. That the Germans have tried desperately to reverse the decision in the battle is an indication that the occupation of Vaux is viewed as important by the enemy commanders.

Over the lines held by General Pershing's men there has been bursting a storm of steel from the German cannon, high explosives and gas shells being intermingled in the projectiles hurled by the foe's cannon. The Americans, however, have not yet yielded a foot of ground, and, when the enemy has attacked he has been permitted to approach close to the American lines before a storm of bullets has cut through his ranks and broke his attack.

GERMAN DEAD COVER GROUND.

As the result of these assaults the Germans have lost very heavily, the ground being covered with their dead and wounded. They have, in addition, lost many prisoners. The battle is still being fiercely waged.

French units are said to be engaged in the region of Vaux, but it is probable they are not very numerous.

The battle at Vaux had seemingly absorbed the most of the activity on the western side of the salient running north from the Marne, but far up toward the Oise river at Moulin-Sous-Toutvent, a little village east of the De Laigue forest, the French have struck the Geramn line over a front of nearly two miles and have pepetrated to a depth of approximately half a mile. Prisoners to the number of 457 have been reported captured.

The British were unable to retain the positions they seized Sunday near Bouzincourt, north of Albert. After a terrific bombardment the Germans succeeded in recapturing the ground. On the north side of the Picardy sector at Boyelles and Moyenneville and in the Lys sector, at Merris, the British have taken prisoners in raiding operations.

ITALIANS STRIKE ON PIAVE FRONT.

The Italians have again shifted their attack, and this time have chosen the Piave front for a demonstration of their strength. After a bombardment which reached drumfire intensity, the Italians crossed the Piave northeast of Capo Sile. In spite of the flooded area before them, they made some progress, which is admitted by Vienna, and captured 1,000 prisoners, as well as taking valuable war material. Austrian coun-

An Appeal to the Civic Spirit Of Atlanta to Back Bond Issue

To the Voters of Atlanta: Atlanta's whole waterworks system is liable to be paralyzed by a breakdown of the main pump at the waterworks. This main pump is overtaxed. It was overtaxed a year ago. The pump is cracked and spliced together with bands and rods of steel. Should this pump break while working at top speed, it would tear itself to pieces before it could be stopped. If such a thing should happen, imagine the consequences.

No water in any home or factory. No water in the fire mains to stop a conflagration. The sound of a fire alarm would sound the city's doom.

New pumps are needed at the River and Hemphill station. The waterworks bonds of $500,000 are an absolute necessity.

Atlanta's consumption of water has been increasing by leaps and bounds, without any increase in the pumping capacity of the system. W. Zode Smith, general manager of the waterworks, says:

"In ten years no provision has been made for reinforcing the filtration and pumping facilities, but during that time the piping system has been increased more than 100 per cent. The demand for water has increased from 13 million gallons a day to 28 million gallons a day. In other words, we have constantly enlarged the facilities for distributing and using water, but have made no provision for supplying this increased demand. We are obliged to operate the pumps without shutting down for needed repairs."

Charles B. Gramling, chief engineer at the river pumping station, is president of the Atlanta Federation of Trades. He urgently implores every man of organized labor in the city to go to the polls on July 10 and vote for the bond issue. He is an engineer. He knows the peril of overtaxing the present pumps. He knows it may bring calamity.

The proposed issue provides for $800,000, divided as follows:

$500,000 for waterworks.
125,000 for automobile equipment for fire department.
100,000 for fireproof cycloramа building.
57,000 for electric generating plant at crematory.

Each of these items can be voted for or against as the voter desires.

Every contract made and every dollar expended will be passed upon and supervised by the mayor and general council, by the city comptroller's office, and by a representative citizens' committee, composed of Dr. W. B. Du Vall, Arthur I. Harris, Dan W. Green, P. H. Mell, T. W. McGarity, Edwin F. Johnson, E. V. Carter, Frank M. Inman, J. M. Skinner, I. N. Ragsdale.

We urge every voter to go to the polls and vote for the bonds and keep in mind the picture of that overtaxed pump. Failure to vote is a vote against the bonds.

W. TOM WINN,
Chairman of Citizens' Bond Campaign Committee.

A. J. ORME,
Chairman of Bond Committee of Council.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:
Georgia—Fair Thursday and probably Friday.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	86
Lowest temperature	63
Mean temperature	74
Normal temperature	77
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month, ins.	.47
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	2.94

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches
ATLANTA, clear	82	86	.00
Birmingham, clear	84	88	.00
Boston, clear	64	72	.00
Buffalo, cldy	72	74	.00
Charleston, clear	76	82	.00
Chicago, pt. cly	76	82	.00
Denver, cldy	80	88	.00
Des Moines, cldy	88	92	.00
Galveston, pt. cly	84	86	.12
Hatteras, clear	70	74	.04
Havre, clear	64	72	.02
Jacksonville, clear	76	82	.00
Kansas City, clear	92	94	.00
Memphis, clear	92	92	.00
Miami, cldy	80	84	.01
Mobile, clear	84	90	.00
Montgomery, clear	86	88	.00
New Orleans, clear	86	90	.00
New York, clear	72	78	.00
North Platte, clear	100	100	.00
Oklahoma, clear	90	92	.00
Phoenix, clear	94	98	.00
Pittsburg, pt. cly	82	82	.08
Raleigh, clear	84	86	.00
San Francisco, clear	58	62	.00
St. Louis, clear	90	92	.00
Salt Lake City, clear	80	80	.00
Shreveport, clear	92	92	.00
Tampa, cldy	80	90	.00
Toledo, pt. cly	84	88	.00
Vicksburg, clear	88	90	.00
Washington, clear	80	82	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

ter attacks in the Grappa region east of the Brenta have been repulsed.

American air fighters have participated in combats during the fighting at Vaux and are credited officially with destroying seven German machines. In the fighting Tuesday the British destroyed thirteen enemy airplanes and forced nine more to descend out of control.

GERMANS POURING DELUGE OF SHELLS ON THE AMERICANS

With the American Army in France, July 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—The enemy artillery this afternoon increased the intensity of its fire in the Vaux region. The crash of exploding shells swelled to a roar, while the ground and air throbbed with the concussions of shells. But the American guns answered the German challenge shot for shot.

The American gunners, stripped to the waist, stood in the gun pits and on gun emplacements, feeding shells as fast as they could handle them into the guns, and a steady stream of steel explosives swept through space on to the enemy lines.

At 5 o'clock this evening the gunfire showed no signs of abating, the enemy artillery work, if anything, evidencing more ferocity than ever. The American aviators, keeping vigil over the fighting zone, found the ground completely obscured at places by the smake of guns and shells.

Among the captured material thus far counted are six heavy machine guns, 18 light machine guns, six trench mortars, two grenade throwers, 200 rifles, one motorcycle machine gun and large quantities of ammunition and equipment.

German Attack Repulsed.

A heavy German ocunter attack against the American positions at Vaux, launched at 1 o'clock this morning, was repulsed, the enemy losing very heavily. Not a foot of ground won by the Americans in their attack on Monday night was lost.

The counter attack developed after the Germans had heavily bombarded Vaux and Bois de la Roche. When the German infantry leaped from their trenches the troops came over in close formation. In some cases whole companies were allowed to approach close to the American line, then the American machine gunners, from their hidden nests, let loose a perfect hail of bullets, mowing down the enemy ranks and piling the dead all over the ground where the Germans were trying to advance.

The American artillery lent efficient aid in completely breaking up the enemy attack, which was launched with fresh regiments of storm troops.

More Germans Taken.

The number of prisoners taken by the Americans in the operations near Chateau Thierry was increased today without the American infantry operating except as skirmishers.

German shells have been raining on the new American positions and the enemy fire has been answered by the American guns. The American line was the target of projectiles of all calibers, gas shells being mixed with high explosive missiles. The shells have been falling heavily in the areas behind the battle line. The enemy fire, particularly on the right flank of the new positions at Vaux, was most intense for hours.

At last reports, the American machine gunners were holding their ground and repulsing small but desperate efforts of the Germans to regain the ground wrested from them. The Americans are reported to be well protected by their temporary trenches and are not exposing themselves needlessly to the storm of flying steel from the bursting German shells.

German Loss Heavy.

The German loss in killed is unknown, but prisoners say their orders were to drive back the Americans at all costs. They have paid the highest cost possible, but have failed to perform the task entrusted to them.

From the general conditions along the battle line, it appears that further attacks by the Germans are likely to develop. The Americans, however, are just as ready for what is coming as they were for what has passed, and are just as confident as to the outcome.

FRENCH TROOPS TAKE MORE GROUND FROM THE GERMANS

Paris, July 3.—French troops last night attacked the German positions along a front of three kilometers north of Moulin-Sous-Touvent and improved their positions.

West of Chateau Thierry on the Marne front a German counter attack in the region of Vaux was checked by the French fire. Other German attempts to advance north of Moncel and in upper Alsace were without result.

In the attack on the Moulin-Sous-Toutvent front the French troops penetrated the German positions to a depth of 800 meters. So far the number of Germans taken prisoner in this operation has reached 220.

The official statement says:

"Between the Oise and the Aisne we executed a local operation north of Moulin Sous Toutvent. Our troops captured German troops on a front of three kilometers and attained a depth of 800 meters. The number of prisoners at present enumerated is 220.

"West of Chateau Thierry a German counter attack in the region of Vaux was checked by the French fire. Prisoners remained in the hands of the French.

"Other German attacks northeast of Moncel and in upper Alsace obtained no results.

"The night was calm on the rest of the front."

Prisoners to the number of 457, of whom seven were officers, were taken in the attack north of Moulin-Sous-Toutvent, according to an official statement issued by the war office tonight. The statement reads:

"There was lively reciprocal artillery fire near Vauquois, in the Argonne region and on the right bank of the Meuse.

"The total number of prisoners taken in the French attack north of Moulin-Sous Toutvent was 457, of whom seven were officers. We have also taken 30 machine guns.

"Eastern Theater, July 2: There was reciprocal artillery firing on the Doiran front, where an enemy surprise attack was repulsed with serious losses after hand-to-hand fighting.

BRITISH UNABLE TO HOLD GROUND.

With the British Army in France, July 3.—(By Associated Press.)—An enemy counter attack last night against positions which the British took on Sunday night southeast of Bouzincourt proved successful, and the Germans reoccupied their old line.

The operation was begun at 9:30 o'clock after a heavy artillery bombardment. A hot engagement ensued and the British gradually withdrew until they reached the defenses they had prior to Sunday's battle.

On Monday night the Germans first tried to recapture this ground. They made a heavy counter attack then which failed, with the exception that they regained possession of a few positions in the northern part of the sector involved. The British carried out several successful raids last night and in two of them—one to the north of Merris, on the Flanders front between Bailleul and Nieppe wood, and the other northwest of Moyenneville, south of Arras—many of the enemy were killed.

London, July 3.—German troops last night after heavy preparatory shelling attacked and recaptured the greater part of the ground taken by the British in their local operation near Bouzincourt north of Albert, on Sunday evening, the war office announced today.

Several raids were carried out by the British in the neighborhood of Boyelles, Moyenneville and Merris, in which prisoners were taken.

1,900 AUSTRIANS TAKEN BY ITALIANS ON THE LOWER PIAVE

Rome, July 3.—Italian forces along the Piave delivered a number of hard strokes at the Austrian defenses yesterday, fighting their way forward against desperate enemy resistance, the war office announced today. The advance was over the difficult terrain near the river's mouth which is partially flooded.

The Italians captured approximately 1,900 Austrians, together with trench guns, machine guns and war materials.

The Italians successfully withstood an Austrian counter attack at the head of the San Lorenzo valley in the Grappa region, where they had taken important positions in the fighting of the day previous. The new positions have been consolidated.

The number of prisoners taken here has reached 621, while 22 machine guns and quantities of war material also weer captured.

The statement reads:

"On the lower Piave we carried out yesterday a series of energetic thrusts, gaining ground in spite of the obstinate resistance of the enemy, who attempted to take every advantage of the difficult zone, which was partially flooded. We took about 1,900 prisoners, including 45 officers, together with machine guns, small trench guns and various material.

"In the region northwest of the Grappa, having successfully stemmed an enemy counter attack at the head of the San Lorenzo valley, the valiant troops of the Ninth Army corps consolidated themselves in the positions reached yesterday with such great elan. The total number of prisoners has reached 25 officers and 596 of other ranks. We also took 22 machine guns and a large quantity of war material.

"On the Asiago plateau French parties during brilliant raids in the Zocchi region brought back prisoners."

ITALIANS FAIL, AUSTRIANS SAY.

Vienna, July 3.—Italian troops, supported by naval forces, attempted to cross the Piave near its mouth yesterday, says today's war office statement. The attempt was a failure, as was another effort by the Italians to effect a crossing of the river further north, near Zenson, it is declared.

The Italians succeeded in effecting a slight gain of ground near Chiesanuova, northeast of Capo Sile. The futile attempt of the enemy to land his infantry on the easterly side of the Piave was made near Revedoli, close to the Adriatic.

The Italians preceded their attack by an intense bombardment of the entire Piave front southward from Saugens (about 28 miles), the bombarding increasing to drum fires at points in the southern sector. After a few hours of this shelling the Italian infantry advanced in the area near the river's mouth.

The statement reads:

"Early yesterday morning on the whole Piave front from Suseganad downward the Italians began a violent bombardment, which increased to drum fire in several sectors south of San Dona di Piave. A few hours later the enemy's infantry advanced to the attack in the region of the mouth of the Piave.

"After bitter fighting, lasting the entire day, the enemy was unable to obtain any success with the exception of a slight gain of territory near Chiesanuova.

"An attempt to land infantry on the south wing, near Revedoli, which was supported by enemy naval forces, broke down. An Italian attempt to effect a crossing near Zenson was frustrated.

"On the Venetian mountain front the fighting activity has been extraordinarily lively. West of Asolene a strong attack was repulsed in a counter attack by the tried Lower Austrian Forty-ninth infantry regiment north of Col del Rosso. Near Asiago we threw back Italian infantry attacks.

"There were moderate artillery duels on the Tyrol west front."

Field Marshal Haig's report from British headquarters tonight says that there is nothing of special interest upon which to report.

GERMAN REPORT ON OPERATIONS.

Berlin, July 3.—(Via London.)—The German war office today announced that four machines attached to an American squadron of nine units were shot down. Lively fighting is also reported south of Arras, northwest of Albert and between the Aisne and Marne rivers.

The communication reads:

"There have been successful reconnoitering engagements. Strong attacks launched by the British near Merris and Moyenneville, south of Arras, broke down.

"We captured prisoners in local fighting northwest of Albert. Local fighting developed this morning north of the Aisne.

"Lively activity on the part of the enemy kept up between the Aisne and the Marne. Partial attacks near St. Pierre Aigle and west of Chateau Thierry were repulsed.

"Four airplanes were shot down from an American squadron of nine units."

The American squadron of nine airplanes, from which the German war office asserts four machines were shot down, is doubtless the squadron which was engaged in battle to the north of Chateau Thierry yesterday with a German squadron of similar numbers.

In this fight, which lasted half an hour, it was announced from American headquarters, three German planes were destroyed and two American machines failed to return.

The war office announced this evening that local engagements took place north of the Aisne.

GLORIOUS FOURTH TO BE FITTINGLY OBSERVED

Continued from First Page.

been converted into a dancing pavilion for the day and an orchestra will be provided.

The racing program will begin at 1 o'clock. There will be nine harness races and three running races, with five horses entered in each race. These will be concluded by 4 o'clock.

Patriotic Program.

At 4 o'clock the patriotic pageant will be presented at the grandstand. The girls of the Patriotic league, under the direction of Lucien York, of the Retail Merchants' association, will be formed into a great human flag and emblem of the Y. W. C. A., Red Cross and Red Circle. The girls will attend a luncheon in the agricultural building, given to them and their soldier friends. Governor Dorsey will read the Declaration of Indepedence.

At 5 o'clock there will be more races. At 7 o'clock there will be community singing in the grandstand and at 8 o'clock a burst of fireworks, closing with an exhibition, "The Bombardment of Berlin." All amusement features will be open all day and until 11 o'clock at night.

Officials at Camp Gordon have announced that 25 per cent of the men in camp will be allowed passes, and these, together with the men from Fort McPherson and Camp Jessup, means an influx of 10,000 or more men wearing the olive drab.

The entertainment arranged for the soldiers at Camp Gordon include a Victory track meet on the parade field at 9 o'clock this morning; flag presentation to the 517th Engineers, colored, at 10 o'clock; athletic meet at the remount station at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, and patriotic programs at the "Y" huts tonight.

For the soldiers at Fort McPherson and Camp Jessup a big athletic meet in conjunction has been arranged on the parade grounds at the fort. These include running races, high jump, broad jump, mile relay race, besides numerous other events.

THIS JULY FOURTH MOST SIGNIFICANT

Continued from First Page.

of the nations arrayed against autocracy."

Secretary Wilson said:

"With the exception of the Fourth of July, 1776, this Fourth of July is the most significant in the history of the republic. On this fateful day, for the first time in our annals, we are face to face with the question whether freedom, as we understand it, shall continue to exist in the world, or whether the feudalism, which we once deemed obsolete, shall be reimposed upon mankind. If the tide of battle should be adverse, it would mean that for many years the best hopes of humankind would come to disappointment or to naught. In that reflection lies the inspiration of the war."

Lord Reading to Americans.

Lord Reading gave this message to the American people:

"Today the thoughts of all people in my country are centered on America and from millions of hearts prayers will ascend for your great nation and for your gallant men on sea and land and for your brave women who minister to them. These men and women—worthy representatives of the nation—have, as all of you, that individual and passionate love of liberty which collectively as a nation is your ideal and lodestar.

"Loving liberty and freedom you have taken up arms because the freedom of the world is in peril. With us and our allies you intend to destroy that menace, and when there comes, as assuredly there will, the end of Prussianism, there will arise a new independence day, which will be the glorious common heritage of all those nations which have set their faces to the light."

SEIZURE FAVORED OF WIRE SYSTEMS

Favorable Report Ordered on Resolution Giving Power to Wilson—Final Action May Be Delayed.

Washington, July 3.—Although the house interstate commerce committee late today ordered a favorable report on a resolution authorizing, if the president deems necessary, government control of telegraph, telephone, cable and radio systems as a war measure, congressional leaders continued tonight to make plans looking to a recess of both houses through July and part of August. They expected to dispose of pending appropriation measures late this week or early next week, and recess immediately afterwards.

Chairman Sims, of the house committee, announced that he would submit a report on the telegraph resolution at a brief holiday session tomorrow and would endeavor to bring it before the house as early as possible. Despite this, however, leaders declared that final action on the resolution would go over until after the recess unless President Wilson asked for its adoption before that time.

Substitute Adopted.

In reaching an agreement on the proposal, the house committee adopted as a substitute for the Aswell resolution, which was approved by the president, one proposed by Representative Sanders, of Louisiana. This is similar to the resolution under which control of the railroads was taken over with a provision providing for "just compensation" to be paid the companies for the use of their wires.

As originally offered, the Sanders' resolution provided for relinquishing of government control one year after the war ends, but in spite of protests from some members, the committee amended it to provide for control only for the duration of the war. The resolution, as amended, follows:

"That the president in time of war is authorized and empowered to supervise or take possession and assume control of any telegraph, telephone, marine cable, or radio system or systems, or any part thereof, and to operate the same in such manner as may be needful or desirable for the duration of the war, which supervision, possession, control or operation shall not extend beyond the date of the proclamation by the president of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty of peace: Provided that just compensation shall be made for such supervision, possession, control or operation."

Conferees at Work.

Conferees on the $12,000,000,000 army appropriation bill worked through today and when adjournment was taken, Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, chairman of the senate managers, said he expected a final agreement would be reached tomorrow. Efforts to have the report ready for submission when the senate reconvenes next Friday will be made.

Conferees on the $950,000,000 general deficiency bill have practically reached an agreement and expect to complete the consideration of final details Friday.

Senate leaders admit that the controversy over the proposal to make $2.50 a bushel the minimum price for wheat is a stumbling block in the way of the recess. After the conferees today had decided to report a disagreement, the senate voted against receding and the matter now goes to the house.

Chairman Lever, of the house agriculture committee, left tonight to attend the funeral of Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, and is not expected to return before late Friday, so that house leaders are doubtful whether any action can be taken on the wheat amendment before next Saturday.

OLD HICKORY PLANT TURNING OUT POWDER

Nashville, Tenn., uly 3.—True to predictions that the Old Hickory powder plant would be making powder by July 4, the first finished product was turned out at the plant today. The making of finished powder by the plant is three months ahe... of the scheduled time.

The record-breaking pace in constructing the plant was first evidenced when the DuPont Engineering company startled government officials and the country at large when the plant was formally christened and the process of making sulphuric acid was started June 1, three months ahead of schedule time.

From now on the Old Hickory plant will furnish ammunition to the army and navy. The first unit, which has just started operation, will make 100,000 pounds of smokeless powder daily. There are eight more units to be completed, and all of the units will turn out 900,000 pounds daily.

Real Scotch Piper For Burns Cottage Fourth of July

The woods and "braes" around the Burns cottage will ring with the skirl of the bagpipe, Scotia's national music, today, as "Geordie" Wallace, of Columbus, Ga., will be on hand with his pipes, and in full Highland costume, bonnet and kilt an a'. He will also bring another piper with him, so that there will be no lack of martial music at the patriotic celebration, and basket picnic of the Atlanta Scottish association today.

RECENT REGISTRANTS TO SERVE IN AUGUST

Men Who Registered on June 5 Last Are Eligible for Call in August.

The war department made public yesterday through Major Joel B. Mallet the fact that men of the second registration who registered on June 5, 1918, would be eligible for call in August.

Wednesday the Georgia local boards were being notified that immediately after notices were mailed of the final classification to the men of the second registration who have been finally put in Class 1, notices to appear for physical examination shall be sent to all such registrants, and examinations would proceed without delay.

In compliance with the government's announced intention of increasing Class 1 as much as possible, the state military department is instructing local boards to advise immediately the number of men added to Class 1 through a revision of classification lists.

The local and district boards through the instructions to have all Class 1 men available for August calls are giving immediate attention to this examination.

County Officials Back.

Mrs. Lucile Woodward, efficient assistant in the office of the Fulton local exemption board, returned Wednesday from a three weeks' vacation spent in North Carolina.

L. G. Whitney, chairman of the Fulton county local board, was able to come to the office Wednesday. Mr. Whitney has been confined to his home with a sprained back for the last three weeks.

ONE GEORGIA SOLDIER IN THE CASUALTY LIST

Private George I. Chandler, Waverly Hall, Killed in Action.

Washington, July 3.—The marine corps casualty list today contained 40 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 33; died of wounds, 4; wounded severely, 3.

Southern men named in the marine list are:

Killed in Action: Lieutenant Vernon L. Somers, Bloxom, Va.; Corporal Harry T. Lyon, Hattiesville, Ark.; Privates Ian Brandon, Clearwater, Fla.; George I. Chandler, Waverly Hall, Ga.; John A. Hanmer, Bogalusa, La.; Arthur McBride, Clarendon, Ark.

The Army List.

The army casualty list today contained 85 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 13; died of wounds, 9; died of accident and other causes, 6; died of disease, 4; wounded severely, 12; missing in action, 36.

The list contained the following from southern states:

Killed in Action: Corporal William M. Batjer, Rogers, Ark.; Private Elsie B. Coxwell, Gadsden, Ala.

Died of Disease: Private Joseph Francois, Scott, La.

Died From Accident and Other Causes: Corporal Ross T. Hadley, Texarkana, Ark.

Missing in Action: Corporal Joseph E. Pitts, Blanton, Ala.; Privates Alton Lager, Sulphur, La.; Frank V. Reitzell, Riverton, La.; William W. Roberts, Merryville, La.

PYTHIANS WILL HOLD CELEBRATION TONIGHT

Empire Lodge No. 47, Knights of Pythias, invites every Pythian in the city to meet with them tonight in the Castle hall, ninth floor Forsyth building, for the purpose of celebrating "Pythian Patriotic Week."

The lodge has arranged an interesting program, consisting of a smoker, refreshments and music. The feature of the occasion will be short patriotic speeches by several of Atlanta's leading members of the order. Hamilton Douglas, Jesse M. Wood and Eugene M. Mitchell will be the chief speakers.

All newly-elected officers will be installed by the district deputy.

Grove's Baby Bowel Medicine aids Digestion, relieves Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea and Flux. It is just as effective for Adults as for Children. Perfectly harmless.—(adv.)

Elect INMAN Mayor —(adv.)



6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Stomach ills

permanently disappear after drinking the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine, costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta agents, Coursey & Munn Drugstore, Marietta and Broad streets. Phone them

AMERICA

"THE GLORIOUS FOURTH"—a day for merry-making, for joyful abandon to child-play, for enthusiasm born of "we know not what" and expressed in noise and laughter and spontaneous fellowship.

Children dream of "Merry-Go-Rounds" and cones, and the man who "guesses your weight or no money paid." Grown-ups plan, months ahead, for a day off—fishing and dancing and sunburns and—the day after.

"Safe and Sane" slogans everywhere, withal an eye closed to harmless pleasure, and ambulances ready to give "first aid" to over-zealous youngsters.

"THE GLORIOUS FOURTH"—now pregnant with national significance. A million American soldiers filling the ranks of Europe's fighting men. A million American homes proud that the SERVICE STAR makes of home a sanctuary. A million American mothers sending silent prayers 'cross stormy ocean waves. And millions of others ready for the call which shall of them also ask tribute to the service for Liberty.

"THE GLORIOUS FOURTH"—A CALL TO AMERICA! To serve. To be loyal. To give, of means and substance and strength. To sacrifice. To be, heart and soul, by deed and thought, true to the heritage which gave to us our National Freedom, so that the generations to come may have and enjoy the glorious privileges decreed by divine dispensation—safeguarded by the Patriots of centuries past—**Liberty and Independence!**

T. M. KENER, Mayor, College Park, Ga.
S. M. WATSON, Mayor, Colquitt, Ga.
DR. MARCUS MASHBURN, Mayor, Cumming, Ga.
DR. CHAS. A. GREER, Mayor, Oglethorpe, Ga.
LEWIS H. ODEN, Mayor, Blackshear, Ga.
G. S. WILLCOX, Mayor, Ocilla, Ga.
J. GORDON JONES, Mayor, Cordele, Ga.
JAS. D. WEAVER, Mayor, Dawson, Ga.
A. G. HARRIS, Mayor, McDonough, Ga.
W. O. DAVENPORT, Mayor, Lafayette, Ga.
W. A. MATHESON, Mayor, Toccoa, Ga.
JEFF KIRKLAND, Mayor, Pearson, Ga.
H. C. NEIL, Mayor, Fort Valley, Ga.
J. R. TWEEDY, Mayor, Eatonton, Ga.
WM. EVANS BEADLES, Mayor, Fayetteville, Ga.
L. B. HARWELL, Mayor, Hiram, Ga.
W. O. HOLDEN, Mayor, Crawfordville, Ga.
B. J. JONES, Mayor, Valdosta, Ga.
SAM T. WRIGHT, Mayor, Waycross, Ga.
H. B. KELLY, Mayor, Monticello, Ga.
O. A. NIX, Mayor, Lawrenceville, Ga.

The Malaria Mosquito

A mosquito cannot communicate malaria unless it is infected with malaria. The bite of a malaria mosquito will transmit malarial parasites to the blood of a person and these malarial parasites which feed on the blood should be destroyed before they have time to increase in numbers. Malarial Fever is sometimes called Chills and Fever, Bilious Fever and Swamp Fever.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

possesses the power to entirely neutralize the malarial poison. The Quinine in GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC kills the germ and the Iron enriches the blood.

You can soon feel the Strengthening, Invigorating effect of GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. It is an exceptionally good general strengthening tonic for the Child, for the Mother and all the Family. Pleasant to take. Price 60c.

Perfectly Harmless. Contains No Nux-Vomica or other Poisonous Drugs.

Quality is Economy

HOOD EXTRA PLY TIRES

This is the Sign of a Hood Dealer

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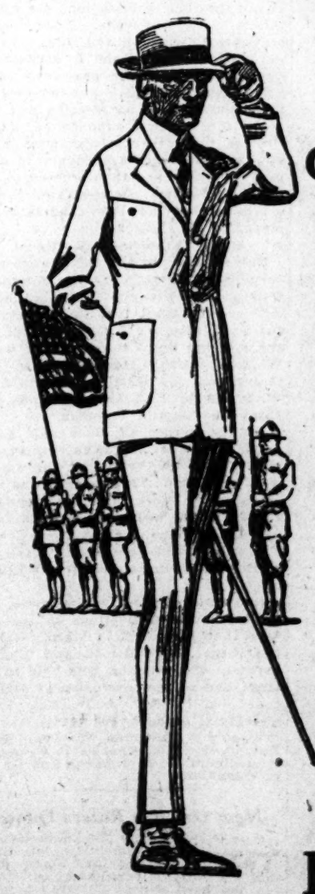
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Prompt Attention to Tire Changing and Repairs

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Phone Ivy 405

Store closes at one today



Clothes for the "Fourth"

FASHION and common sense are wedded in these new suits for July days; styles that show the craftsman's art, combined with the secret of comfort in clothes.

Dixie Weave, Mohair and Palm Beach suits in patterns and colors to meet your fancy; models and sizes for every figure; values that stand the test.

Shirts, ties, sox, underwear

The right "fixings" to fix you right for the "Fourth" or any other day.

Silk Shirts, soft and cool	$4, $5 to $10
Ties in silk or cotton	50c to $3
Silk Sox in all shades	50c to $1½
Soft Collars, silk or cotton	20c to 50c
Belts, tan, black, grey	50c to $4
Bath Suits, many colors	$2 to $7½
Underwear, all kinds	50c to $4

Daniel Bros. Co. 45 to 49 Peachtree

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

(Advertisement.)

The Official Record

James L. Key and James G. Woodward

And the Public Schools

With his usual and now well known hypocrisy, James L. Key is advocating "a more liberal treatment of our public schools and school teachers."

James G. Woodward has insisted that he opposed the grouping and merit system as being "pernicious."

Let us see what the **Official Record** of the Board of Education discloses concerning the lip protestations of these would-be mayors.

The finance sheet of the General Council for January, 1915, which Edward H. Inman helped to make and for which he voted, carried an appropriation of $539,198.00 for teachers' salaries. (See minutes Board of Education, 1915, page 267).

The finance sheet for June, 1915, which Edward H. Inman helped to make and for which he voted, increased that appropriation to $557,374.00.

On June 8, 1915, Mr. Aldine Chambers, who was then a member of the Board of Education, introduced a resolution with reference to salary schedule which was referred to the Committee on Schools and Teachers with direction to report to the Board of Education on the next Monday, June 14, 1915. (See same minute book, page 295).

This committee was composed, among others, of Mr. A. P. Morgan, chairman; James L. Key, Harvey Hatcher, Aldine Chambers and R. J. Guinn, ex-officio, **every one of whom are now opposing Mr. Inman and supporting Mr. Key.**

The report of the committee, filed on June 14th, was the now well known **grouping of teachers by the merit system,** which caused such an upheaval in our Public Schools and was so thoroughly aired in the recent Council Committee investigation.

On the motion to adopt this **grouping of teachers by the merit system,** Mr. Armistead called for the aye and nay vote, and among those voting **for** the system were: **Harvey Hatcher, James L. Key, Aldine Chambers, R. J. Guinn, A. P. Morgan and James G. Woodward, *every one of whom are opposing Mr. Inman, and supporting Mr. Key,* except Mr. Woodward, who is supporting himself.**

Those voting against the system were: W. H. Terrell and Jesse W. Armistead, both of whom are supporting Mr. Inman.

(For record of the vote on merit and grouping system see Board of Education minutes for 1915, pages 296-7-8.)

The adoption of the grouping and merit system reduced the salaries of the school teachers a total of $42,077.03 **for the last four months of the year 1915,** and a correspondingly increased amount during 1916, 1917 and 1918, to not only the financial sacrifice of the teachers, but to the absolute chaos and detriment of the Public School System, which culminated in the recent disgraceful disclosures before the council committee two weeks ago.

In addition to this reduction of $42,077.03, which amounted to 20 per cent, the grouping and merit system required twelve months to constitute a scholastic year, whereas **ten** months had **previously** constituted a scholastic year.

During all these years Mr. Key, **who was then and is now** a member of the Board of Education; Mr. Harvey Hatcher, who hires teachers like he buys coal; Mr. Aldine Chambers, the political fixer; Major R. J. Guinn, who resigned under the charge of Prussianism in our schools; Mr. A. P. Morgan, who ascended to the tottering throne made vacant by Major Guinn's overthrow, have held office, have had the money and possessed the power to extend the "more liberal treatment for our schools and teachers" for which their fast fading candidate, Mr. Key, is now asking.

Mr. Key is NOW a member of the Board of Education. Why doesn't he take steps NOW, when he has the office, the power and the authority granted to a member of the Board of Education to extend this more liberal treatment to our schools and teachers?

If the Key, Chambers, Guinn combination extends **such** treatment to our school teachers and our Education System as is disclosed by the **Official Record;** if they hire teachers like they buy coal, as Mr. Hatcher said, what are we to expect for **other** workers, and for **other** departments of our city government?

There is but one thing to do—
Elect INMAN Mayor.

INMAN CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

BODY OF TILLMAN GOES TO OLD HOME

Funeral at Trenton, S. C., This Afternoon — Veteran Senator Succumbed to a Stroke of Paralysis.

Washington, July 3.—Accompanied by committees from the senate and house, the body of Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, of South Carolina, who died here early today, left Washington tonight at 7 o'clock for Trenton, S. C., where funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Services will be conducted at the Presbyterian church, where the body will lie in state from the time of its arrival early in the afternoon.

In observing a request of Senator Tillman, the funeral services will be simple. None were held in Washington.

Senators and representatives accompanying the body to Trenton were: Senators Smith, of South Carolina; Swanson, of Virginia; Gallinger, of New Hampshire; Lodge, of Massachusetts; Penrose, of Pennsylvania; Overman, of North Carolina; Nelson, of Minnesota; Smoot, of Utah; Pomerene, of Ohio; Fernald, of Maine; Phelan, of California; Sterling, of South Dakota; Owen, of Oklahoma; Trammell, of Florida, and McKellar, of Tennessee.

Representatives Lever, Byrnes, Ragsdale, Whaley, Nicholls, Dominick and Stevenson, of South Carolina; Padgett, of Tennessee; Vinson, of Georgia; Butler, of Pennsylvania; Walsh, of Massachusetts; Fess, of Ohio; Elliott, of Indiana; Morgan, of Oklahoma; Langley, of Kentucky; Williams, of Illinois; Austin, of Tennessee, and French, of Idaho.

Secretary Dnaiels was unable to accompany the party, but sent as his personal representative Rear Admiral MacGowan, paymaster general of the navy.

Paralytic Shock Caused Death.

Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, a veteran of 24 years' service in congress, and chairman of the senate naval affairs committee, died as the result of a cerebral hemorrhage suffered last Thursday. The stroke completely paralyzed the left side, and as the right had been partially paralyzed since a similar attack ten years ago, no hope had been held for Senator Tillman's recovery since he lapsed into unconsciousness last Sunday.

To honor the passing of one of the most picturesque figures in congress and southern public life, both bodies of congress adjourned today and appointed committees to accompany the body to the Tillman home at Trenton, S. C.

In observing a request of Senator Tillman, the funeral services will be simple. None will be held in Washington, from which the funeral party will leave at 7 o'clock tonight and arrive at Trenton tomorrow at 1:40 o'clock. Services will be held at the Presbyterian church at Trenton at 4 o'clock tomorrow. No stop will be made at Columbia.

Worked for the Navy.

As governor of South Carolina, as a leader in the southern wing of the democratic party and as an active participant in the last generation's growth of the American navy, Senator Tillman had been prominently before the public for many years. Senator Swanson, of Virginia, probably will be his successor as head of the naval committee, to which Senator Tillman had devoted almost his exclusive interest in congressional legislation for many years. He had been its chairman since 1913 and was one of the most ardent "big navy" advocates, being among the first to urge extension of submarine construction and government manufacture of armor plate.

Senator Tillman had been in failing health for several years. Although he partially recovered from his first stroke of paralysis, his remarkable vitality was unable to withstand the last and more severe attack. His wife and all members of his family except a son suffering from a minor operation in a southern army camp were at the bedside.

Senator Tillman's death promises an upheaval in South Carolina politics, in which he has been a leader for more than a generation. He died in the heat of the senatorial primary campaign in which his long-time political opponent, former Governor Cole L. Blease, was contesting for nomination to the senate.

Stating that he desired to continue serving his country and state during the war by giving them the benefit of his long experience with naval affairs, Senator Tillman recently revoked a decision not to be a candidate for reelection, and Representative Lever, of South Carolina, another candidate, withdrew.

Senator Tillman was the eighth member of the senate to die since the United States entered the war. The others were Senators Lane, of Oregon; Husting, Wisconsin; Newlands, Nevada; Brady, Idaho; Hughes, New Jersey; Broussard, Louisiana, and Stone, of Missouri.

Senate Takes Action.

The senate soon after it convened adjourned until next Friday, over the Fourth of July, when Senator Tillman is to be buried, out of respect to their deceased colleagues. After a brief eulogy by Senator Smith, of South Carolina, the senate also adopted resolutions for appointment of a committee to attend the funeral. Advising the senate of Senator Tillman's death, Senator Smith, of South Carolina, said:

"We all know the sturdy character of the man, the splendid ruggedness of his nature. We did not always agree with him, but we all admired motives with which he backed the position he did take. He steadily grew, in rounding out 24 years' service, in the estimation of his state and his country. They mistook in the beginning the manner of the man for his character and purpose."

Later Senator Smith stated memorial services will be held in the senate for eulogies at length.

In his prayer opening the senate session today Rev. F. J. Prettyman, its chaplain, referred to Senator Tillman's death, stating that hearts of his associates were saddened by "the passing of one of the brave and true men in our national affairs."

Sketch of Senator Tillman.

Benjamin Ryan Tillman was born in Edgefield county, South Carolina, August 11, 1847. He quit schol in 1864 to join the confederate army, but was stricken with a severe illness, which caused the loss of his left eye and kept him invalid for two years.

Becoming a farmer, he took no active part in politics until he began agitation in 1886 for industrial and technical education which culminated in the establishment of the Clemson Agricultural and Mechanical college, at Calhoun's old home, Fort Hill. He was named by the farmers as a candidate for governor in 1890.

After a heated campaign he won the democratic nomination in convention by an overwhelming majority. As governor, his terms were marked by the passage of the disciplinary law for the control of the liquor traffic by the state, and by the establishment of the Winthrop Normal and Industrial College for Women at Rockhill.

In 1894, he entered the race for the senate against General Butler, and the two canvassed the state county by county. Tillman was elected by the general assembly, 131 to 21. He was re-elected in 1901 without opposition and again in 1913.

Senator Tillman regard his work on the railroad rate bill during the Taft administration as his greatest legislative achievement. As ranking democratic member of the interstate commerce committee, he succeeded the late Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, in charge of the bill, and it was passed under his management.

Unique Figure in Congress.

Mr. Tillman won a wide reputation through the country for plainness and blunteness of speech which, combined with his apparent rough exterior and somewhat careless manner of dress, made him a unique figure in congres. His language was always dramatic and he called things by their simplest names. He often referred to himself as the cornfield lawyer, but it was believed he did so only for the purpose of showing how little some of the lawyers knew of some of the intricate questions where common sense was more desirable than legal technicalities.

Within a month after he took his seat in the senate Senator Tillman won his picturesque nickname of "Pitchfork Ben," a characterization which he did not resent. His carer in the senate was full of interesting episodes, prominent among which was his exchange of blows with his colleague, Senator McLaurin, over an incident which occurred in the executive session, which cost him an invitation by President Roosevelt to meet Prince Henry of Brattenberg at a white house dinner. Other incidents were a sharp conflict with Colenel Rosevelt partly growing out of a dispute over the disposition of Southern Pacific railroad lands in Oregon; and President Roosevelt's appointment of Dr. Crum, a negro, as collector of the port of Charleston.

DESTROYER NAMED FOR SENATOR TILLMAN.

Washington, July 3.—In honor of the late Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, of South Carolina, member of the naval affairs committee for nearly twenty-four years and chairman of the committee for five years, a new torpedo boat destroyer was named the Tillman today by Secretary Daniels.

Speaking of Senator Tillman in making the announcement today, Secretary Daniels said:

"During these later years, in feeble health, he has given himself unstintedly to the work of increasing the navy, often permitting his zeal to overtax his strength. He died as truly at his post of duty as any officer or sailor in the war zone. Therefore, it is fitting that a destroyer should bear the name of a loyal fighter whose victories strengthened the navy.

"The country owes a lasting debt of gratitude to Senator Tillman for the development of the navy. He had the vision of a powerful navy and lived to carry through measures that have enabled it to reach its present high state of efficiency, and the legislation he championed will give to America a fighting navy worthy of our great republic. It was under the leadership of Senator Tillman that the three-year building program was enacted before America entered the war. That constructive piece of legislation, a radical departure from all precedents, cannot be appraised at its true value today. Only when all the mighty ships provided in that bill are commissioned will the country fully appreciate its obligation to Senator Tillman and his associates. This was his most lasting service, but was only one of the many wise measures enacted under his championship of the senate committee. The navy in every function had been helped by his intelligent interests and service. He knew all the chief naval officers and kept in touch with all naval activities. He was beloved by every man in the navy, and in spirit all will tomorrow be in mourning when his body is laid to rest."

DR. WHITLEY TO OPEN HIS CAMPAIGN JULY 13

Dr. T. L. Whitley, of Douglasville, candidate for congress from the fifth district, announced yesterday his intention of opening his campaign in his home town on Saturday, July 13, at 2 o'clock. He has invited all of his opponents to meet him on that date and join in a friendly discussion of the issues involved in the race.

Dr. John C. White, of Fulton; Senator Alonzo Field, of DeKalb, and W. D. Upshaw, also of Fulton, have signified their intention to be present, it is said.

Two British scientists have decided that the sense of smell is weaker in man than in the lower animals because of the human practice of kissing.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

LIEUT. PHILIP HUNTER IN GERMAN PRISON CAMP

Washington, July 3.—The war department received word today that Lieutenant Philip W. Hunter, of York, S. C., is at a German prison camp at Rastatt.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

MORTUARY

Mrs. Maude J. Bussey.

Mrs. Maude J. Bussey, 80 years old, died at the residence of her son, Rev. T. L. Bussey, in College Park early Wednesday morning. She is survived by a son and one sister, Mrs. John Chandler, of Cobb county. The body was removed to the chapel of A. C. Hemperley in East Point, and will be sent to Barnesville, Ga., Thursday for interment.

W. H. Vaughn.

W. H. Vaughn died Tuesday night at 11 o'clock at his residence in Buckhead. He is survived by his wife; one daughter, Mrs. Claude Pirkle, of Buford, Ga., and three sons, Alex Vaughn, of Cumming, Ga.; C. P. Vaughn, of Rossville, Ga., and H. T. Vaughn, of Atlanta. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond, and will be sent to Cumming, Ga., for interment.

Mrs. E. K. Mathews.

Mrs. Ella Kirby Matthews, 77 years old, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Willingham, in Kirkwood early Wednesday morning. She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Willingham; one son, Rev. George Matthews, of Clinton, N. C.; one sister, Mrs. William Murray, of Norfolk, Va., and one brother, Colonel Henry Kirby, of New Mexico. The body was removed to the chapel of Awtry & Lowndes.

GRACE LUSK'S AFFINITY GETS YEAR IN PRISON

Milwaukee, Wis., July 3.—Dr. David Roberts, of Waukesha, Wis., today was sentenced to one year in the house of correction after pleading guilty in the district court to statutory charges while in the company of Grace Lusk at a Milwaukee hotel in 1917.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

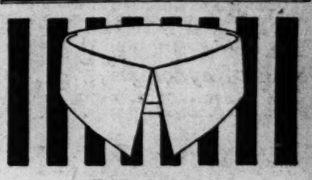
JULY FOURTH BECOMES HOLIDAY FOR FRANCE

Paris, July 3.—President Poincare cabled President Wilson today that the French government, agreeing with the national representation in parliament, wished Independence day to become a French holiday.

"Tomorrow our two nations will join in memories of the ancient battles which won liberty for America," the message said. "The approaching victory will reward the allies for their long and arduous efforts and insure a fruitful and just peace, based on the rights of nations and strengthened by the approval of human conscience."

President Poincare closed his message by expressing the best wishes and congratulations of France to the United States and President Wilson.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)



FENWAY
A SMART LION STYLE WITH PLENTY OF TIE SLIDE SPACE

Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

We Close All Day Today

July Fourth

It has always been our custom to close half day on July 4th; but believing it to be one of the most important days in the year, and believing this particular Fourth to be fraught with greater interest than ever on account of World Movements, we have decided to close all day today out of respect to that **Liberty that is the most precious asset of the American Nation.**

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.
3-5-7 Whitehall St.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS

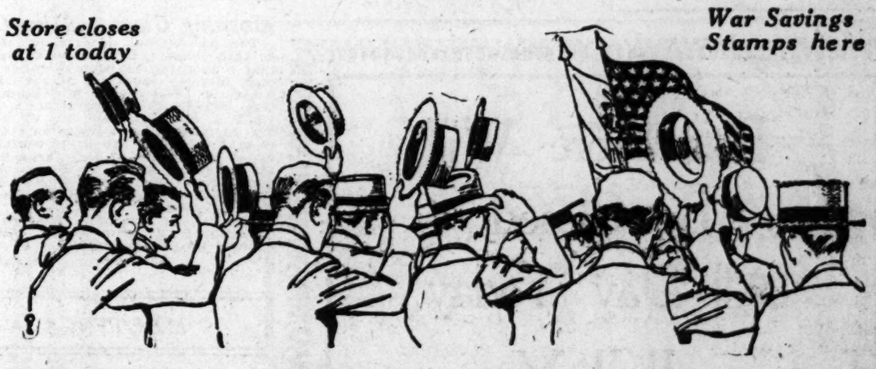
TODAY, JULY 4th

The Store Will Be Closed All Day.

Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Company

Store closes at 1 today

War Savings Stamps here



All hats off to "Old Glory"

WITH 1,000,000 men "over there," a feat never equaled by any nation in the history of the world, all are proud to salute "Old Glory" with bared heads and grateful hearts.

With the right hat you can meet and salute these summer days with comfort and pleasure; the right straws are here in variety, value and style, with a fitting service that satisfies.

Army hats and caps Daniel Bros. Company 45 to 49 Peachtree
Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

SOCIETY

Red Cross Work Rooms Open Today Until 1.

The Red Cross work rooms, 15 Peachtree street, will be open today until 1 o'clock. They will be closed tonight.

Roof Garden Party At Capital City Club.

A happy social feature of the Fourth will be the dinner-dance tonight on the roof garden at the Capital City club. Many large parties will be given.

Smith-Reynolds.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Smith, of East Point, announce the marriage of their daughter, Irene, to Mr. Isadore Reynolds, also of East Point, on July 3, at the residence of Rev. Robert Ivey, 329 Grant street.

Guests of Mr. Paine.

Mr. Horace Smith, president Southern Golf association; Mr. Charles F. Thompson, president of the Western Golf association; Mr. Kenneth Edwards, of Chicago, and Mr. Jimmie Standish, of Detroit, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Paine at their country home at East Lake during their stay in Atlanta for the Red Cross golf tournament today.

Dance for Soldiers.

The National League for Women's Service will give a Fourth of July dance for soldiers this evening at 8 o'clock at league headquarters. All soldiers are invited, and the entertainment will be similar to the Saturday dances.

For Mr. and Mrs. Cook.

Mr. Peyton H. Snook will entertain a party of sixteen at dinner at the Druid Hills club this eevning in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Emerson Cook, of New York.

Atlanta Chapter, D. A. R.

The Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will celebrate Independence day this afternoon at 5 o'clock at Craigie house on Piedmont avenue.

Mr. James W. Austin will deliver the address and a program of patriotic songs will be given by Miss Lilla Lyman.

An informal reception will be held for the newly-elected state regent, Mrs. James S. Wood, of Savannah. The following organizations are invited: Joseph Habersham chapter, D. A. R.; Piedmont chapter, D. A. R.; Piedmont Continental chapter, D. A. R.; Colonial Dames, Daughters of 1812, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Woman's Relief corps, G. A. R.; Pioneer Women, Children of the American Revolution; the soldiers in our city and their families and all visiting Daughters of the American Revolution.

Terrace Tea-Dance.

The tea-dance yesterday at the Piedmont Driving club assembled one of the brightest companies of the season for an hour's dancing and refreshment out of doors.

Among those entertaining was Mrs. M. E. Oliver, whose party was a compliment to her guest, Mrs. Augusta DuBose, of Savannah, and to Mrs. J. S. Wood, of Savannah, the guest of Mrs. George M. Brown.

Mrs. A. E. Watson entertained a party in honor of Mrs. Walter McLean, of Washington, D. C., the guest of Colonel and Mrs. Hugh Gallagher.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dexter entertained in compliment to Dr. Alford Blackburn, of the medical staff at Camp Gordon, and Mrs. Blackburn. In the party were Mrs. Eben Swift, Mrs. Edward Barnes, Mrs. Floyd McRae and Miss Ada Alexander.

Lieutenant Parsons, of Camp Gordon, entertained in compliment to Miss Garda Horton. Mrs. Frank Owens chaperoned the party, which included Miss Horton, Miss Frances Ellis, Miss Mary Cohen and a group of officers from Camp Gordon.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Barnwell, Jr., had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. William Niller.

Mrs. C. R. Stocker entertained in compliment to Mrs James Estes, of Jacksonville, Fla. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Estes, Mrs. C. R. Harris, of New Orleans; Miss Sally Eugenia Brown, Mrs. E. Rivers, Miss Mary Ruth Stocker, Mrs. Norman Sharpe, Lieutenant Estes, Lieutenant Foy, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Smith.

Mrs. Hugh Lokey entertained in compliment to Miss Natalie Stokes, who is at home for her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Douglas, at the Georgian Terrace, and for Miss Mary McCormick, of Eufaula, Ala., who is the guest of Mrs. Samuel T. Weyman. In the party were Misses Katharine Sanders, Mary and Elizabeth Barnett, George Weyman, William and Lawson Kiser, Hugh Richardson, Jr., and his guest, Arthur Cary, of California; M. A. Nevin, Henry Turner, Addison Turner and Norris Broyles.

Miss Dorothy Haverty entertained a group of young people in honor of Miss Dorothy Dean, of Gainesville, the guest of Miss Ludie Speer. The guests were Misses Speer, Martha Louise Cassels, Henrietta Davis and May Haverty, Saxon Lewis, Lieutenant Cunningham, Lieutenant Philip Gallegher and Lieutenant Tye.

Mrs. Ewing Dean entertained in compliment to her guest, Miss Lena Whitehead, of Albany. Invited to meet her were Mrs. Edward Lewis, Mrs. Ott Alston, Mrs. Edward Romberger, Mrs. Hunter Muse, Mrs. James B. Mald, Jr., Mrs. Harry Williams, Miss Susie Hallman, Miss Josephine Stoney, Miss Carolyn King.

Red Cross Parade Precedes Tournament.

Lee Ashcraft, chairman of the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross, urges that all members of the organization and all friends interested will participate in the Red Cross parade, which passes through the city at noon today, preceding the opening of the golf tournament. All those who have vacant seats in their cars are asked to invite friends to ride with them.

Mrs. Spencer Atkinson, chairman of the Red Cross house, announces that Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street, will be closed to all workers today, because of the Fourth of July celebration in which all Red Cross workers are particularly interested.

CALOMEL ROBBED OF NAUSEA AND DANGER

Medicinal Virtues Retained and Improved—Unpleasant and Dangerous Qualities Removed—New Variety Called "Calotabs."

The latest triumph of medical science is a purified calomel, known as "Calotabs." The old-style calomel, as all doctors know, was the best and most generally useful of all medicines. The new variety, known as Calotabs, is purified and refined from all objectionable qualities, and is most delightful in effect.

One Calotab on the tongue at bedtime, a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no griping, no nausea, no danger. Next morning you awake feeling fine, with a clean liver, a purified system and a hearty appetite for breakfast. Eat what you please. There is no restriction of habit or diet. Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages; price, thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends Calotabs, and will refund your money if you are not delighted with them.—(adv.)

WEDDING

Invitations

Announcements

At Home Cards

Calling Cards

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO.

99 Peachtree — Opposite Piedmont Hotel. — 47 Whitehall ATLANTA

DANCING!

Special dance July 4, 9 to 1 a. m. Lucky number and dancing contest. Other entertaining features. Refreshments free. Six-piece orchestra. Admission 50c person.

LANE'S

LOST

One pair of sore, tired, aching, sweaty, odorous feet with a bunion, three corns and two ingrowing nails. Applied Eucapine Salve, after bathing, at bedtime. All soreness gone before morning and foot troubles quickly disappeared. Worth its weight in gold. Get a family jar, only 25c, at any drug store.

This Store Will Be Closed All Day Today

JULY THE FOURTH

Rich's

Y. W. C. A. Conference Appoints Chairmen for Coming War Fund Drive

At the Wednesday morning session of the Y. W. C. A. conference held at the Druid Hills club, following a recommendation made by the nominating committee, Mrs. George F. Blackie, of Nashville, Tenn., chairman, urged that in the coming Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. war work fund campaign, the Y. W. C. A. conference should appoint a campaign committee of sixteen women of the southeastern department, namely, a chairman, vice chairman, recording secretary and one state chairman from each of the seven states of the department; also four members at large and two additional members, one chosen by each field committee. The recommendation of the nominating committee is unanimously accepted by the conference as follows: Mrs. Archibald Davis, of Atlanta, will serve as vice chairman of this committee, the chairman of Georgia yet to be appointed. Mrs. Beaumont Davison, of Atlanta, will serve as recording secretary. Mrs. Davis is president of the Atlanta Young Women's Christian association and first vice chairman of the Atlanta War Work Council. Mrs. Davison is a member of the board of directors of the Atlanta Y. W. C. A. and is also on the executive committee of the Atlanta War Work Council of the Y. W. C. A.

State Chairmen.

While the Georgia chairman is to be appointed later, Miss Agnes Davidson, of Jacksonville, will serve as campaign chairman for the state of Florida; Mrs. T. W. Brickett, of Charlotte, N. C., the wife of Governor Brickett, is chairman for this state; South Carolina has Mrs. Gordon McCabe, of Charleston, as state chairman; Tennessee has Mrs. V. M. Lewis, of Nashville, as state chairman; Mississippi has Mrs. McClauren Stevens, of Brandon, Miss., as state chairman, Mrs. Stevens being a past president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

The four members at large are Mrs. Josephus Daniels, of Raleigh, N. C., and Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Brinkley Snowden, of Memphis, Tenn.; Mrs. Waring, of Columbia, S. C., with one other yet to be appointed.

Georgia's Quota.

Georgia's quota in the campaign to raise $112,000,000 for the work of the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. drive this fall will be $1,043,784. The Y. W. C. A. percentage of Georgia's quota is included in this sum. Florida's quota is $577,534; Mississippi, $250,000; North Carolina, $630,288; South Carolina, $644,896; Tennessee, $1,095,920; Alabama, $504,000, the Y. W. C. A. percentage of each state's quota being included in these quotas.

The morning session of the conference was presided over by Miss Ella Scooley, executive of finance of the national board of the Y. W. C. A. Miss Scooley was masterful in the drilling she gave the representatives present from the southeastern department, preparing the representative women for campaign state organization when they return to their respective states. Miss Scooley urged all leaders to insist upon the talented women of their state attending the Blue Ridge, N. C., conference during July, where National Y. W. C. A. leaders will train such women for campaign speaking.

Business was the keynote of the last day of the session. Mrs. Samuel Inman, chairman of the woman's division of the Georgia Council of National Defense, assured the conference leaders of the co-operation of the state and county chairmen of the Georgia Council of National Defense. In reply Miss Scooley assured Mrs. Inman that in every campaign war fund drive, the Y. W. C. A. has received the most complete co-operation of the Georgia and National Council of Defense.

Atlanta Headquarters.

Atlanta will be Y. W. C. A. campaign headquarters for the southeastern division, and Miss Elizabeth Hughes, a secretary of the National War Work Council, will be leader of this division, the able executive to have her office here.

Following the morning session a beautifully appointed luncheon was served in the sun parlor of the Druid Hills club by the directors of the Atlanta Y. W. C. A.

Following the luncheon there was a brief business session after which the Y. W. C. A. conference adjourned, many representatives leaving the city for their homes, inspired with the magnitude of the war fund campaign, and the opportunity that such a campaign holds for patriotic service.

Miss Ella Scooley left for New York city last night. Miss Elizabeth Hughes will remain in Atlanta until Friday.

Mrs. Nellie Peters Black Urges Women to Attend Nursing Classes

Heartily supporting the plea of Dr. M. T. Davis for more Red Cross nurses, as published in The Constitution, Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, president of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, has written a letter to The Constitution in which she urges the women of Georgia to qualify themselves for this duty by attending the classes in nursing which are being inaugurated at the Red Cross house in Atlanta.

Mrs. Black also points out that Surgeon General Gorgas is to start an army school for nursing and states that she will write General Gorgas asking to establish a large branch of this school in Atlanta, so that Georgia girls may have this opportunity to obtain hospital training.

The letter from Mrs. Black follows:

Editor Constitution: I have read with much interest the letter in today's paper from Dr. M. T. Davis, in regard to the shortage of the supply of Red Cross nurses and the necessity for women to offer themselves for training. This is a subject of the greatest importance both at home and abroad. Unless women are taught how to take care of the sick, even in a superficial way, much suffering will be caused and many deaths occur which could be prevented by proper care.

Classes Are Formed.

At the Red Cross house in Atlanta, classes are being inaugurated to teach nursing, but only a comparatively small number have applied for this training. In the leading hospitals of Atlanta there are very few girls who have come in to take the places of the women who have gone to France, and yet every day we hear women say, "I feel as if it is my duty to offer my services to the government," but of what use would such women be without any training? There are right now in France a number of American women who are said to be totally inefficient from the lack of training before they left this country, and it seems a great pity that any woman should be accepted for any work unless her fitness for the difficulties before her was proved by her ability in similar positions in this country. There are splendid women who have gone to France fully prepared to be of service and they are doing magnificent work for our boys and for the allies. Dr. Davis is right in pleading for volunteers. There are hundreds of girls who have recently graduated from the schools of Georgia who could soon be qualified to serve humanity by being trained as nurses.

Nursing School Established.

Surgeon General Gorgas tells us that an army branch training schools will be established in many of our military hospitals. We hope Atlanta may have one of the very largest and best attended of such training schools. I will write General Gorgas to make an appeal for this important opportunity to be given Georgia girls to obtain hospital training.

Another form of service which is of vital importance in the present emergency is to have lectures given all over the state to teach young mothers how to keep their children well and how to take care of them when ill. Trained nurses who are married and at the head of their own homes may very well do such a service and we call on them most earnestly to start such a series of lectures.

Dr. Mossman is doing this in Atlanta under the auspices of the Fulton county committee of the Council of National Defense, and we hope others will follow his splendid example. This is a time for woman's help. Whatever we can do we must do well, and Dr. Davis has pointed the way where many should follow.

MRS. NELLIE PETERS BLACK,
President Georgia Federation Women's Clubs.

Independence Day Dinner Dance To Be Climax of Events at East Lake

Following the golf match between Bob Jones, Perry Adair, Kenneth Edwards and Jimmie Standish, and the swimming events, the Atlanta Athletic club at East Lake will give a special dinner-dance this evening. Dinner will will be served from 7 to 10 o'clock. The club and grounds will be decorated with American and allied flags.

Those having reservations are Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sims, Mr. Homer, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Frasier, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nix, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Herrington, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. McKinney, Mr. Fred Jeter, Mr. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. George Stevens, Mr. W. S. Mason, Mr. Nat Thornton, Mr. Wimberley Peters, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Saville, Mr. W. A. Dodge, Mr. E. McConell, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Webb, Mr. W. A. Dodge, Mr. W. A. Logan, Lieutenant Jordon, Lieutenant Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Park, Mr. E. A. McKeel, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Riley, Mr. H. P. Ham, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Hill, Mr. P. N. Cline, Mr. T. E Farlery, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Lucas, Mr. L. L. Latour, Mr. Cline, Lieutenant Gross, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Philips, Mr. W. L. Mathews, Lieutenant Bailey, Mr. Joe Johnson, Lieutenant Bell, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Mathews, Lieutenant Dunnica, Mr. Charles Jones, Lieutenant Berklen, Lieutenant Sharpe, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Keller.

Morning Class in Dietetics.

The educational department of the Atlanta chapter, Red Cross, announces that a morning class in dietetics will open Monday morning, July 8, at 10 o'clock, at the Junior League headquarters, 901 South Forsyth street, provided a sufficient number of pupils are enrolled. All women who desire to take this most attractive course are urged to register at Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street, by Friday afternoon, or to communicate with Mrs. Joseph Moody, chairman of dietetics, of Atlanta chapter.

Mrs. Albert Thornton, chairman of educational department of Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross.

MEETINGS

A meeting of the executive board of the W. B. M. U. of the Atlanta association will be held at the First Baptist church Friday, July 5, at 2:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

The board of management of the Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., meets this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the home of the chairman, Mrs. David Woodward, on Peachtree street.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. Alva D. Kiser has returned from a month's visit to her sister, Mrs. Herman H. Mobley, at Gorda, Ala., and to friends in Anniston, Ala., and West Point, Miss. Mrs. Mobley will arrive about the 15th to spend some time with Mrs. Kiser.

***

The Evening Star, of June 27, Washington, D. C., contains an attractive picture of Miss Arline Scully. Miss Scully was the guest of relatives at the Shoreham hotel, in Washington, when she was called home by the sudden illness and death of her father, General J. W. Scully.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Roy Harris and children have returned from the mountains of north Georgia.

***

Miss Mary McCormick, of Eufaula, Ala., is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Weyman.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hall and children, of Washington, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. White, at their home in Inman Park.

***

Mrs. H. M. Lamar left Tuesday for Chicago and Detroit to visit friends for several weeks. During her absence Miss Hazel Lamar will be the guest of Miss Fay Shields, of Greenville, Miss.

***

Miss Cena Whitehead, of Albany, arrived Tuesday to visit Mrs. Ewing Dean.

***

Mrs. Baxter Moore and children have gone to Chester, S. C., to spend the rest of the summer.

***

Sergeant Henry Kuhrt, who has been at Camp Gordon, is now at Camp Joseph Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla.

***

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Bellinger left Tuesday by automobile for Boston.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Julian Bodenheimer announce the birth of a daughter, who will be called Joanna.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ashley, of Valdosta, have leased the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Kirkpatrick, and will arrive Friday to take possession. Mrs. Frank Bird and two children arrived yesterday from Valdosta to join Dr. Bird, of the base hospital at Camp Gordon, and they are at the Georgian Terrace until Friday, when they will be at home with Mrs. Bird's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ashley.

***

St. John McGee, now detailed in Mexico, is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. James McGee.

***

Mrs. Edw. F. Swift, Jr., and Miss Helen McCarty will return Friday from Pensacola.

***

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Roan, of Bishop, Ga., are registered at the Ansley hotel.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Martin have returned from Atlantic Beach, where they spent two weeks.

***

Miss Mary Stringfellow, of Montgomery, arrived yesterday to spend several days with her father, Mr. Robert S. Stringfellow, at the Piedmont hotel.

***

Colonel H. K. White, of Birmingham, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Martin, has returned home.

***

Miss Eloise Walker is ill at her home.

***

Mrs. A. L. Jernigan motored to White Plains last Saturday, where she will be the guest of relatives for several weeks.

***

Mrs. Walter E. Cason, who is now at Robertson-Blackman's sanatorium, is improving.

***

Mrs. Warren Nottingham, Miss Dora Nottingham and Warren Nottingham, Jr., motored home to Macon yesterday after a short visit in the city.

***

Mrs. L. E. Chaloner has returned from California, where she visited Mrs. Eldridge Fowler, in Pasadena, and the Misses Brewer, in Oakland.

DEATH TAKES DAUGHTER OF OFFICER "IN FRANCE"

The friends of Lieutenant and Mrs. Kirk Smith, Jr., will regret to learn of the death of their baby daughter, Gladys. Lieutenant Smith is overseas somewhere in France at present with the 321st machine gun battalion, Eighty-second division, and Mrs. Smith is at home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walker Dunson, in Ansley Park.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

Mrs. Steve R. Johnston Passed Away Wednesday After Extended Illness

Mrs. Steve R. Johnston, wife of Alderman Steve R. Johnston, of the fourth ward, died Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock at St. Joseph's infirmay, following a lingering illness.

Mrs. Johnston was widely known and beloved by a large circle of friends in Atlanta who will be grieved at the news of her death. Before her marriage to Mr. Johnston she was Miss Ella Cummings, of Shelbyville, Tenn. They have made their home in Atlanta for many years.

Surviving Mrs. Johnston, besides her husband, are one daughter, Mrs. B. C. Speers, of Atlanta; three sisters, Mrs. M. C. Robson, of Atlanta; Mrs. J. S. Swain and Mrs. L. J. Young, of Chicago, and one brother, H. E. Cummings, also of Chicago.

The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

$140,076 of W. S. S. Sold at the Postoffice During Month of June

According to the report on War Savings Stamps compiled by Postmaster Bolling H. Jones, the local postoffice sold a total of $140,076.47 during the month of June. In addition the Atlanta postoffice, acting as a deposit center and repository, has received War Savings Stamps receipts totaling $1,309,238.18 from other postoffices in the state. The returns are not yet complete and the final total will probable be much higher than this, according to Mr. Jones.

INCREASE ANNOUNCED IN BASIC SUGAR COST

The state food administration has announced a slight increase in the cost of sugar, the cost price of $7.45 being raised to $7.50 per 100 pounds.

The necessity has arisen from various war contingencies, along with a shortage just at this season when there is so much demand for canning purposes. The increase of freight rates, both by land and sea, and ravages of the submarine are assigned as plausible reasons for the increase. The consumer will hardly feel the increase.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

HOTELS AND RESORTS

ATLANTIC, CITY.



ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL

Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during all season of the year.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

Luxurious lobbies, spacious verandas and sun parlors overlooking the ocean. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. A palatial residence for those seeking rest and recreation. Sea water baths. Fire-proof garage. Illustrated booklet sent on request.

HOTEL STRAND
ATLANTIC CITY

Be cool and comfortable this summer ON THE OCEAN FRONT "IN THE VERY CENTRE OF EVERYTHING"

The Hotel is built of STEEL, BRICK and STONE. 300 delightful rooms, 150 with private bath, equipped with hot and cold, fresh and sea water. Orchestra of soloists. WALK, DRIVE or MOTOR amid unusual interesting surroundings. Private garage on premises. Sea bathing, yachting, fishing, shooting, and GOLF. Finest 18 hole course on the Atlantic Coast.

"You will find us sincerely interested in making your visit most enjoyable".
Ownership Management

Hotel Dennis.
A recognized standard of excellence
Come to Atlantic City and enjoy the delights of the World's Seaside Metropolis
Capacity 600 WALTER J. BUZBY

Hotel St. Charles
With its new absolutely fireproof addition; entire block on ocean front; the final expression in hotel appointment, service and comfort; always open; illustrated literature.
NEWLIN HAINES CO.

NEW HOTEL MERION — FIRE-PROOF
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Vermont ave. and the beach, near all attractions. Capacity, 350. High-class, modern hotel. Superior table, elevator, private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Early rates $4 up daily. M. L. FARLEY.

WEATHER TO BE FAIR FOR TODAY'S EVENTS

Forecaster Promises Warm Day Without Rain While Atlanta Celebrates.

The weather will be fair and warmer today in Atlanta and vicinity, according to the report from the United States weather bureau.

Fair weather prevails over almost the entire United States except that considerable rainfall was reported in eastern Texas with large amounts from Galveston and Houston to Dallas. Houston reported a heavy downpour of 4.36 inches in 24 hours, and Galveston 1.92 inches.

The weather is dominated by an area of high atmospheric pressure central over the middle Atlantic states, accompanied by relatively cool weather throughout the east. In the northwest a new disturbance has appeared with low pressure at Williston, accompanied by a considerable rise in temperature in the middle west. Temperature has run up to 70 degrees as far north as Williston, Huron, Des Moines and Denver, and will rise in the east during the next several days, with continued fine, clear weather.

KENNEL CLUB TO HOLD DOG SHOW SATURDAY

Every dog has his day—Atlanta is to have a dog show.

Saturday afternoon the Atlanta Kennel club will hold the dog show at 1145 Peachtree street. Judging will begin promptly at 3 o'clock, and an entry fee of 25 cents will be charged for each dog, entitling him to compete in the class for which he is eligible. Entries will be made as early at 2:30 o'clock.

One of the most interesting features of the exhibit will be that of the German shepherds and other dogs now invaluable in war service.

An admission fee of 10 cents will be charged all who make no entries, and the proceeds will go to the work of the Humane society. Definite information regarding the show may be obtained at 512 Chamber of Commerce building.

Fligner Still in Danger.

Philip Fligner, 42 years old, of 171 Pulliam street, who was struck by an automobile Tuesday morning, was still at the Grady hospital Wednesday night in a serious condition. Physicians at the hospital declare they have not yet determined whether he is suffering from a fractured skull, but regard his condition as serious. Fligner was injured at the corner of Richardson and South Pryor streets, when he was knocked down by an automobile driven by F. W. Dunham, of 292 Hill street, who stated to the police that Fligner ran directly in front of his automobile, and there was no way to prevent the accident. No case has been made against Dunham by the police.

Vote for Holloway for City Recorder.
—(adv.)

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

HOTELS AND RESORTS

FLORIDA.

SPEND YOUR VACATION AT

The Breakers
On The Gulf
8 Miles From Apalachicola, Florida

This Hotel offers a complete and refined service for those who wish to spend a week or a month at the coolest and healthiest resort in the south. The Breakers faces the gulf. You Dress for the Surf in Your Room.

Finest and safest salt water beach. Boating, Fishing, Crabbing, Sea, Turtle Hunting. Excellent drinking water, recommended by eminent physicians for Kidney troubles.

Rates $10 to $15 per week, American plan. Accommodations limited. Make reservations in advance.

For particulars address THE BREAKERS, ST. GEORGE on the GULF, Apalachicola, Fla.

The Merchants and Miners' Steamboats run weekly from Columbus, Ga., to Apalachicola, a delightful and cheap trip. Try one.

House Votes to Give Picture of Gordon To State University

On the request of Mrs. John B. Gordon and other members of the family of the late Georgia soldier and statesman, a resolution, offered by Representative DuBose, of Clarke, has been unanimously adopted by the house donating to the state university at Athens one of the pictures of General Gordon, which is now in the capitol.

The picture to be given is the one that was donated to the state last, and for which no place has been found in the capitol. Two life-size pictures of the general are to be left in the possession of the state, and they have been hung in prominent places in the rotunda of the capitol for a number of years.

It was the wish of Mrs. Gordon, expressed on her recent visit to Athens, that one of the pictures of her husband should be hung in the library at the university.

Two Sisters Drowned.

Pensacola, Fla., July 3.—Aletha, 13, and Sadie, 12, daughters of Mrs. A. V. Smallwood, were drowned here late today, getting beyond their depths. Their father died last month.

NOTICE

Effective July 5th Pullman sleeping car between Atlanta and Valdosta, Ga., will be handled out of Atlanta on "The Southland" at 11:15 p. m., instead of "Dixie Flyer."
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.
—(adv.)

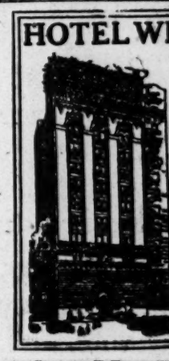
Elect INMAN Mayor.
—(adv.)

HOTELS AND RESORTS

NEW YORK.

Hotel Ansonia
74th St. — Broadway — 75th St.
NEW YORK CITY
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION.
MAGNIFICENT FIREPROOF HOTEL CONTAINING 1,400 ROOMS, SITUATED IN THE VERY CENTER OF TOWN, CONVENIENT TO ALL SHOPS AND THEATERS.
Rooms and Bath,
$2.50 per day
For 2 Persons,
$4.00 per day
Special Rates to Southerners for Short or Long Terms.
GEORGE W. SWEENEY,
Managing Director,
Late of Lafayette Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. Late Victoria Hotel, N. Y.

HOTEL WEBSTER
40 West 45th St. New York.
(Just off 5th Ave. on one of city's quietest streets)



Much favored by women travelling without escort.
Within four minutes walk of forty theatres.
Center of shopping district.
Special Summer Rates
Large Room, use of bath, from - $2.00
Large Room, private bath, from - $2.50
Suites, from - $3.50
W. Johnson Quinn.

VIRGINIA.

Crockett Arsenic-Lithia Springs
and baths. Elevation 2,150 feet. Opens June 1. Celebrated for its cures in a wide range of diseases and female troubles. Clears and beautifies the complexion. Write for particulars.
M. O. THOMAS
Crockett Springs, Va.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Granliden Hotel
Lake Sunapee, N. H.
Gateway to the White Mountains; golf; tennis; fishing, boating, good motoring, dancing, etc. Cottages for rent. Write for circular. W. W. BROWN.
Winter season: Hotels, Indian River and Rockledge, Rockledge, Fla.

NORTH CAROLINA. NORTH CAROLINA.

GROVE PARK INN
Sunset Mountain - Asheville, N. C.



THE FINEST RESORT HOTEL IN THE WORLD

It is absolutely fireproof and open all the year.

The 120-acre, 18-hole golf course is the finest in the South—it is a blue grass course. All the water used at the Inn comes from the slopes of Mount Mitchell, the highest mountain east of the Rockies, nearly seven thousand feet altitude.

It is the cleanest, most sanitary hotel ever built. Every floor is tile. Every bedroom has Mosaic tile covered with French rugs made at Aubusson, France. The foods are the finest money can buy. The kitchen is spotless white tile to the roof, and pure white Mosaic tile floors. The buildings are built of great mountain boulders—some of the walls are five feet thick—boulders weighing as much as four tons each.

We are three and a half miles from the railroad. Automobiles not allowed near the building during the night.

We have pure air, common-sense, digestible food, quiet in the bedrooms at night, a great organ, and an atmosphere where refined people and busy business men with their families find great comfort and a good time.

Write for booklet and full information.

GEORGIA. GEORGIA.

The Wigwam Hotel INDIAN SPRINGS, GA. Open May 25th

The South's Representative Resort. Ideal place for rest and recuperation; particularly for ladies and children. Rooms with private baths. Garage. Good roads. The Indian Springs Water is Celebrated for liver, kidney and bladder troubles. Eliminates uric acid. Sulphur baths at the Wigwam only. Location—near Southern Railway between Atlanta and Macon. Under same management 15 years. J. Mote Watts, Manager. SCOVILLE BROS., INDIAN SPRINGS, GA.

WAR LEGISLATION URGED BY DORSEY

In Message to Legislature Governor Urges the Early Passage of Those Measures for State's Prosecution of War Work.

The annual message of Governor Dorsey was read before both houses of the general assembly yesterday.

It was a direct, forceful state document, entering vigorously into a number of the problems that confront Georgia at this time, particularly by reason of war conditions that exist.

Paramount among the latter was a direct recommendation for an adequate appropriation to carry on the work of the Georgia State Council of Defense.

To Curb Lynching Evil.

Perhaps the most sensational feature of the message was the suggestion for the creation of a state grand jury for the purpose of investigating and offering presentments in cases of mob violence.

Another important recommendation was for the creation of a state highway commission with authority to drive through state highways under proper constitutional authority, without the interference and embarrassment of local or county interference.

The suggestion for the conversion of the present railroad commission into a state corporation commission, with only three members, instead of five, as is the personnel of the present railroad commission, must be considered as a bold and fearless stroke, but one that is the direct result of the present war-time conditions, the functions of the railroad commission having been materially minimized by the government having taken over the railroads. It is a recommendation that meets with general favor, as a commission having jurisdiction over private as well as public service corporations is generally regarded as a keen necessity.

Griffin Experiment Station.

The governor also took up the matter of appropriate legislation to conform to the requirements of the forestry commission in the obtaining by purchase of additional lands for the forest reservation in north Georgia.

No more important recommendation was made by the governor, perhaps, than that of making the state laws conform to the federal laws in that the state experiment station shall become under the direction of the Georgia State College of Agriculture.

Message in Full.

The message as a whole follows:

State of Georgia, Executive Department.
Atlanta, July 3, 1918.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly—The stupendous conflict in which our country is now engaged, and which demands heavy drafts upon the resources of our state, makes it peculiarly appropriate that this session of your body limit its deliberations to the consideration of only those matters which are of pressing and general importance, excluding all matters which are purely local in their application.

From a legislative standpoint, I am convinced that there is no greater reform which could be brought about than the enactment of general laws which would obviate the necessity of devoting so much of your time to the consideration of issues local in their nature.

Should your honorable body pursue the course indicated in the opening paragraph, you could not now give the time necessary to the accomplishment of this reform; but the advantages to be derived are so apparent that it is earnestly urged that, as soon as normal conditions are restored, immediate steps be taken for the accomplishment of this end.

Legislature of 1917.

You are to be congratulated that during your 1917 session so much general constructive legislation was adopted. But I believe that if you will review the acts of 1917 you must reach the conclusion that too much of your time was devoted to the consideration of purely local matters.

Out of approximately 229 enactments, 170 deal with local subjects. That is, there were over three times as many local laws considered as there were general laws. The acts, as printed, give over three times as much space to local as to general laws, the former consuming approximately 770 printed pages as against 300 for the latter.

Most of the local acts passed appertain to matters that could easily have been covered by general laws. This plan is pursued in many states and should be adopted here.

The passage of general laws under which the local authorities could regulate such matters would conserve the time of your members, and enable them to give all their attention to laws of general public interest.

Executive approval was given all your general legislation; and, with the exception of two enactments, to which I shall hereafter refer, your work has met with no objection, so far as I know. There are, however, two matters to which your attention should be directed: One that you may take such corrective action as in your wisdom may be deemed expedient, and the other that an apparent mistake may not be repeated.

National Forest Reserve.

First, your attention is directed to the national forest reserve act, to be found on page 182, acts 1917. Purchase of lands in Georgia for national forests have been made pursuant to an act of the Georgia legislature (acts of 1901, page 84), which gave the United States the right to acquire, by purchase, by gift, or by condemnation, such lands as in the opinion of the federal government might be necessary for the establishment of national forests in Georgia. Prior to the passage of this act the legislature of Georgia on December 18, 1900, by resolution expressed its willingness to cede to the United States jurisdiction over such forested mountain lands as might be needed for the establishment of these national forests, and urged "favorable consideration of this measure by congress." Similar action was taken by other states in the southern Appalachian region.

Because of this action, this state was among the first in which national forests were acquired after the passage of the Weeks forestry act of 1911. Two purchased areas were located in this state, which included over 500,000 acres; 30 per cent of which is mountainous, non-agricultural lands.

And the national forest reserve commission had approved for purchase in Georgia other lands which were in the process of acquisition when your act of August 16, 1917, withdrew the consent of the state to such condemnation. This action caused the federal authorities to refuse to undertake the acquisition of more land in Georgia until this "hostile legislation" was repealed.

Georgia was the first state to invite the United States government to acquire lands for such purposes, and the value of the permanent preservation of large tracts of wooded lands to our state is apparent. I submit that the state should take steps which will again enable the federal government to undertake the acquisition of such lands in Georgia. If it is deemed desirable to protect the owners of homesteads against the condemnation of their property, a law to this effect will not be objected to by the United States authorities.

The only objection urged, so far as I am informed, is that lands thus acquired by the United States government are withdrawn from state taxation. As an offset to this, your attention is called to the fact that the United States is obligated to pay to the state 25 per cent of whatever proceeds are derived from the lands thus acquired, to be used by the state in the construction of public roads in the counties affected or in support of the public schools thereof. In addition to this the federal government is obligated to use 10 per cent of such fund for the construction of public roads within the reservations. Recently a small sum has been paid by the federal government to the state, and has been covered into the treasury, where it awaits some legislation on your part, directing its disposition.

Objectionable Contract.

The second matter to which I desire to call your attention is the contract with reference to the distribution of Park's Annotated Code, authorized by your act, page 85, acts 1917. This contract, while advised then by the state librarian, is now disapproved by that official, who, in her report, says: "I respectfully suggest your consideration of a feature of a law passed by the present legislature at the session of 1917 which authorizes the governor of Georgia to contract with the publisher of Park's Annotated Code and Supplement for the purpose of effecting an exchange of 500 sets of said code and supplement at a value of 20 per cent less than the market price, and deliver to him in return as the state's part of the exchange, 'any publication of the state, published or to be published, including current reports of the supreme court and court of appeals at current prices, less 20 per cent.' It is to this latter part of the provision that I invite your attention, namely, that the state will be given her current reports, as issued at 20 per cent discount from the regular price, which is fixed on each volume at the actual cost of printing and binding."

I concur in this suggestion of the state librarian: "I recommend that in the future money received on the sale of books be not diverted into other channels, but deposited by your state librarian in the regular way in the state treasury, and appropriated out of the treasury for such purposes as the legislature in its wisdom may deem proper."

Pensions.

I was constrained to disapprove your resolutions numbers 130-62-66-20-51-61-48-32, seeking to appropriate money for the payment of pensions to parties whose claims had previously been rejected by the pension commissioner, and who were not entitled thereto under the provisions of the general law. Such resolutions were in contravention of section 6391 of the code of 1910, which provides that no special law shall be enacted in any case which has been covered by a general law. The pension commissioner insists, in which opinion I concur, that the only safe way in which to conduct the pension department is under general laws applicable to all cases, and that it would be a bad precedent to permit special legislation in individual cases.

I quote a brief paragraph from my veto which clearly conveys my present attitude concerning these matters: "Though I very much regret the necessity for so doing, I think it is my duty to disapprove the resolutions. I will join, however, the pension commissioner and the authors of these resolutions in drawing and submitting a general bill to the legislature which will, if adopted, enable all parties who would receive money under these eight resolutions to be legally and constitutionally paid—and also give to others, who have not been so fortunate as to have a friend in the legislature who will press special bills in their behalf, pensions to which they are just as much entitled as are these."

Committee on Governor's Message.

I note with satisfaction that your body adopted the suggestion contained in the message which I had the honor to transmit to you on July 25th, 1917, that a committee be appointed from your body charged with the duty of canvassing the recommendations and suggestions submitted; and this makes it unnecessary that I should repeat what was then said.

The experience which I have had as governor, and the information gained in this position, confirm, in my opinion, the need for the laws then advocated. There are so many new matters which it is advisable to call to your attention, I do not deem it necessary to again burden you with repetition, but request that all matters embraced in the message of 1917 be given your consideration.

I shall now mention only a few of the most important recommendations then made.

Election Laws.

The constitution should be so changed as to permit of earlier official ascertainment and announcement of the result of the governor's election; and the governor's term should begin in January following his election. Such a constitutional amendment should be submitted to the people for ratification in the general election of this year.

Board of Charities and Corrections.

Our state should follow the lead of many of our sister states in the establishment of a board of charities and corrections to co-ordinate, systematize and supervise the eleemosynary institutions of our state, such as the Georgia State sanitarium at Milledgeville, Georgia School for the Deaf at Cave Spring, Georgia Training School for Girls at Atlanta, Boys' Reformatory at Milledgeville, Georgia State farm at Milledgeville and others.

The Georgia State sanitarium would be too large if it cared only for those legitimately entitled to be received as inmates. Provision should be made for the care elsewhere of several classes of those now being received at this institution, and more especially defective children and the criminally insane. These and many other matters of similar character should be dealt with by an authoritative board of social welfare. I have personally visited the reformatory, the training school for girls, the sanitarium and the prison farm and bear testimony to the immediate need of such a board with wide latitude and authority.

This board should be given ample visitorial powers and authority to institute reforms in all of our prisons, including county jails.

Highway Commission.

The importance of a change in the laws establishing the highway commission cannot be too strongly stressed. In my message of 1917 the statement was made that the law enacted by your predecessors creating the highway commission for the purpose of enabling Georgia to share in the national highway fund had not been in effect long enough to disclose its merit or demerit.

Twelve months' observation, however, warrants me in saying that some changes are imperative. The highway commission of Georgia, as now constituted, should not, however, bear the burden of blame for failure to accomplish material results. No progress can be made in the building of roads in Georgia by federal aid as long as the system permits the various counties to refuse co-operation if they see fit. If Georgia intends to participate in the federal funds for this purpose it should immediately enact such legislation as will eliminate the county officials as factors and directly provide state funds.

The highway commission, as now constituted, has not only been hampered by the lack of co-operation on the part of officials of the counties through which highways have been projected, but also by reason of the fact that it has no money at its disposal. There can be no legislation in which the people of this state are more vitally interested than that appertaining to the maintenance of our highways; and it is recommended that Georgia be given a highway commission charged solely with the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.

State Council of Defense.

I will transmit, at an early date, the report required of me as chairman of the Georgia Council of Defense. I hope the need of Georgia's participation in the national war program is now so apparent that a liberal appropriation will be given to the council.

It is of such vital importance that we leave no stone unturned to speedily terminate the war in which we are now engaged, that I submit that sacrifices should be made in order that Georgia may be put in a position to make her full contribution to that end. A large majority of the states in the Union have far exceeded Georgia in their appropriations for this work; and their councils have so far excelled our council in their patriotic endeavors as to humiliate those of us charged—both by the law creating the Georgia Council of Defense, and by the public opinion of other states—with fostering national preparedness within our borders.

Both the appropriation and the work of the Georgia Council of Defense stands at the foot. The majority of the states have appropriated $25,000 and more. The appropriations in other states range from that figure to $5,000,000.

Rivers and Harbors Commission.

Your attention is respectfully directed to that portion of my former message dealing with the above matter.

An inspection of the state's property at St. Marys, which I have made, and consideration of the advantages to be derived, by the construction of the Mississippi, Gulf and Atlantic canal from St. Marys in Georgia to St. Marks in Florida, strengthens the conviction which I then expressed.

The members of your body will be furnished with literature, prepared by the Georgia Council of Defense, on the construction of this canal. I hope that you can give encouragement and support to the plan looking to the construction of this waterway. The feasibility of the project and the necessity for the canal, and the advantages accruing to the people of our state must be recognized.

However, if the St. Marys project were thrown into the discard, the development of Georgia's harbors and the improvement of her waterways should receive consideration at your hands.

State Printing.

This is a matter of such importance to the state that I again call your attention to the communication of Hon. Philip Cook, deceased, then secretary of state, to me, of date July 19th, 1917, his letter being attached to my 1917 message.

Please also see annual report of secretary of state for 1918, page XVIII. If the commissioners of public printing are not supplied with a superintendent of state printing as requested, they should, at least, have the authority to engage the service of an expert printer for the purpose of assisting them.

The importance of changes in this law is shown in the report of your special committee, appointed at your last session. This committee found that the state's printing was charged for at unreasonable prices; but they found that, under the contract and law, they were without jurisdiction to remedy the situation.

The contract made in pursuance of the printing law adopted in 1878, is wholly out of date and unsuited to the requirements of the state. The state should have a minimum amount of printing done under the supervision of the printing commission, and each department should award its printing contracts on a competitive basis, as is done by the departments of education and agriculture.

Education.

The pay of school teachers, white and colored, is far below what it should be. Recent investigations show that the cost of living is approximately 50 per cent more than it was in 1913, and something more than 33 1-3 per cent greater than it was in 1916. The cost of living is still increasing, and if the war continues it may be expected to be higher each year.

Wages paid to skilled and unskilled laborers have increased. Many teachers have resigned to accept positions with the government or to go into business at salaries of from 50 per cent to 100 per cent larger than they received as teachers. As a result, standards are being lowered, when they should at this time, above all others, be raised.

The state should make its educational appropriations as large as conditions will permit; but there should also be local taxation for school purposes, not to diminish state appropriations, but to supplement whatever is done by the state. For discussion of this subject see the forty-sixth annual report of the department of education, pages 11-13, where a clear, comprehensive and unanswerable argument in support of this program is presented.

I suggest that women be made eligible for membership on the boards of trustees of any of the state institutions, especially of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college, State Normal school, South Georgia Normal college, and all the district agricultural schools.

It is extremely difficult to obtain a quorum at the meetings of the various boards of trustees of the district agricultural schools. A law making two successive failures to attend meetings of these boards automatically create a vacancy, is advisable.

If it is deemed advisable that each county embraced in an agricultural district should continue to have a representative on the board of trustees of the school of that district, then authority should be given for the selection by the boards of a subordinate committee which can effectively attend to the interests of the schools.

This is being done by several boards already, but without legal sanction; but it is so evidently an advantageous arrangement that authority should be granted therefor.

My attention has been called by the executors of the will of Mrs. Frances E. Tucker, to the fact that she devised that all her estate, worth about $50,000, should be invested in good securities, and the interest therefrom expended on the education of worthy poor girls, and her executors ask that the state of Georgia accept this fund, and apply it for girls similar to that in which the Charles McDonald-Brown scholarship fund is used at the University of Georgia for the education of worthy poor boys. Some legislation should be enacted which will enable the state to assume control of this donation, and which also should provide for similar funds which may be created in the future. The money left by Mrs. Tucker, I am assured, will be immediately entrusted to the state, provided that it will become responsible for the corpus and agree to use the interest for the purpose specified.

I call your attention to the message of Honorable N. E. Harris, governor, of date July 11, 1916, in which he advises that counsel be employed for the purpose of obtaining an equalization of the public lands allotted to the states by the United States government. Inasmuch as the division heretofore made is not fair to Georgia, and as it appears improbable that this inequality will be corrected, I recommend that the governor be authorized to make a proper contract for this purpose. Georgia should derive large benefits if the undertaking is successful.

Several of the states, among them the states of Kentucky and Missouri, have already employed counsel. Both of these states contracted with Mr. C. C. Calhoun, of Kentucky, and other attorneys. The matter was brought to my attention by Hon. Edgar Watkins, of Atlanta, and Hon. Claude N. Bennett, an attorney of Washington, D. C., formerly of Georgia, who would be associated in the prosecution of this matter with the attorneys now representing the states of Kentucky and Missouri. The employment would be entirely upon a contingent basis. Should the undertaking be successful, it would give approximately 3,000,000 acres of land to the state. All of the proceeds to be derived from the sale of this land is, as I understand it, to be devoted to the public schools.

Public Health.

My attention was called during the past year by the state board of health to the fact that certain communicable diseases, particularly smallpox and cerebo-spinal meningitis, were generally prevalent throughout the state, and had assumed epidemic proportions in some communities. The funds appropriated for the use of the state board of health were almost exhausted at that time. Believing that it was the duty of the state to contribute all within its power to the conservation of human life and to give its citizens the maximum of protection, after having obtained a ruling from the attorney general that such action was legal, I used a small portion of the contingent fund allotted to the executive department for the employment of medical assistants to the secretary of the state board of health. Epidemics of these two diseases were checked in thirty-seven localities.

I furnish this information with the suggestion that your body go fully into the work of the state board of health and give its program for the preservation of the lives of our people such assistance as the condition of the treasury will admit. This department, I believe, is rendering most satisfactory and beneficial service to the people.

The State Tuberculosis sanitarium, in my opinion, should be under the control of the state board of health.

Agriculture.

I recommend that a state-wide tick-eradication law be adopted.

According to conservative estimates the cattle tick is depriving our people of $15,000,000 a year in beef and dairy products. In normal times a loss of this proportion should receive attention, especially since it can be prevented by a comparatively small expenditure; but, under the stress of war conditions, when the world is confronted by a meat famine, and when indeed the outcome of this great war may depend upon the last ton of meat we are able to supply to our soldiers, it becomes a matter of tremendous importance.

Our citizens have been buying from northern and western states nearly $100,000,000 of meat and dairy products. Should the war continue, this supply may be cut off, and thus the health, if not the lives, of our people become endangered. It is too important a matter to be left to the whims of local authorities, as has heretofore been done. Hence my suggestion for a state-wide law.

I again call your attention to the recommendation heretofore made in my previous message as to the encouragement and protection of the sheep industry in Georgia.

Experiment Station.

An experiment station, if properly conducted, can be of much benefit to the agricultural interests of our state. Georgia has virtually given nothing toward the maintenance of her agricultural experiment station. The United States government, after having given ample notice through the secretary of agriculture of its impending action, withdrew federal funds from the Georgia station; and, unless congress, by joint resolution, directs a continuation of these payments, which, so far as I am informed, has not yet been done, the work of the station must be discontinued, unless you should see fit to make an appropriation for its maintenance.

The point upon which refusal of further payments was made by the secretary of agriculture, was that the station was not being conducted in conformity with federal regulations, which specify that such stations should be under the control of officials of the State College of Agriculture. I recommend that this requirement of the federal law be met immediately. This should be done so as to enable the valuable work heretofore conducted at the station to be continued.

It would be well to establish an experiment station in some portion of south Georgia, as this section contains three-fifths of the area of the state and three-fourths of the cattle to be found within our borders at the present time, and its longer growing season and abundant grass renders it particularly adapted to the growing of live stock, which industry should be encouraged by this means.

Commerce and Labor.

Several of the states, namely: Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Delaware and South Dakota, have adopted compulsory work laws; and in most states adequate machinery for the enforcement of such a law has been provided. Beneficial results have been obtained. By no other plan can the entire man-power of our state be mobilized and made to contribute its share in our great struggle.

I am convinced that some such law should be enacted, and provision made for its enforcement in our state. The numerous complaints of labor shortage coming from farms and industries throughout the state would be reduced; and, if such a law were properly enforced, it would not only be the means of relieving the needs of our people in this respect, but would also enable Georgia to make a larger contribution of food, forage and manufactured products, for the prosecution of the war.

Corporation Commission.

Georgia should have a corporation commission charged with the chartering, supervision, control and probably the taxation of our corporations, both public service and private. The railroad commission of Georgia should be converted into such a commission, and it should be the means of largely increasing the revenue of the state and giving that control of corporations which is needed.

Railroad Commission.

I suggest, for your consideration, that the railroad commission membership should be reduced to three, and that this is an opportune time to make such a reduction, inasmuch as the terms of two of the members expire December 1, 1919, at which time the new law could become effective.

The assumption of control of the railroads by the United States government, if continued, makes the maintenance of this large commission by our state wholly unnecessary; and, in the event the railroads are returned to their owners, a commission of three is sufficient, if they are paid adequate salaries and required to devote their entire time to this work.

Inadequacy of Space in Capitol.

The business of the state is fast outgrowing the quarters afforded by the capitol; and it will not be long before more adequate accommodation must necessarily be provided. A committee should be appointed to investigate and make suggestions as to the best course to pursue. Such a committee might also be entrusted with the matter of making recommendations concerning the disposition of the governor's mansion.

Mob Violence and Lynchings.

Mob violence should be suppressed; and by state authorities.

If this is not done, it is very probable that federal intervention will not be long delayed. There is already pending in the federal congress a bill conferring jurisdiction upon federal tribunals to punish those participating in lynchings. Without awaiting federal action, I submit, that it is the duty of Georgia to take drastic steps to deal with this question.

There are many instances of outrageous lynchings that could be prevented, if the laws would warrant proper steps being taken. Certainly there are instances where the perpetrators of such crimes could be, if the matter were properly investigated, brought to justice.

When information of impending mob violence is brought to the attention of the executive, he should not be handicapped by having to await a call for military assistance from local authorities, but should be authorized, and indeed, it should be his duty, to see that some officer gets in immediate touch with the situation and takes whatever precautionary measures are advisable.

After a mob crime, some official should be charged with the definite and specific duty of ascertaining as to whether or not the peace officers of the community in which the crime was committed have fully performed their duties. Such peace officers should be accorded a full and fair hearing; but in the event it should be ascertained that they were derelict in the discharge of all duties which the situation imposed upon them, they should be subject to immediate removal.

A method should be provided whereby a state grand jury, that is, one composed of citizens selected from all sections of the state, under proper rules, regulations and safeguards, and aided and assisted by a special prosecuting attorney, might make a full and complete investigation into the crime, and have authority to return presentments against those participating in the mob violence. Those thus indicted should be tried at such a place as would be most conducive to the ascertaining of the truth, and before a traverse jury likewise drawn from the entire state. While this is drastic, still I submit that the nature of the offense against the sovereignty, peace, order and dignity of the state is such as to warrant these measures.

The expenses of this entire proceeding should undoubtedly be taxed against the county in which the occurrence took place, if, after investigation it should be found that either the officers or citizens of such county participated in, encouraged or in any way failed to do their full duty for the suppression of such violence; otherwise such expense should be paid from the public treasury.

Finance and Taxation.

The needs of the state's institutions are increasing yearly. It is very probable that the ad valorem system of taxation which exists in this state has been outgrown. Many of the states of the union, which formerly raised their revenue under a general tax plan, have discarded it and adopted other systems.

A change in our system would of course require a constitutional amendment; but it is only a question of time before it will become imperative, for it is generally regarded by tax authorities as inequitable and unworkable. Either the system of taxing property by general classification or the plan of segregating the sources of revenue; supplemented by additional special taxation, such as income, inheritance, secured debt and occupational taxes, would be better.

I suggest that the legislature appoint a commission (three members from the house and two from the senate) to take under consideration the tax laws of this state, and to report during this session of your honorable body, their recommendations touching the state tax and revenue laws. If this commission should co-operate with the state tax commissioner in the preparation of their report, it is believed that an initial step toward much needed reforms will be taken.

The inheritance tax law has increased the revenues of the state; but it is believed that if the state is given the right of appeal where the ordinaries place too small a valuation upon any estate, the returns from this law will be greatly increased.

Counties throughout the state are from time to time engaging the services of auditors. Several thus employed have submitted reports showing instances in which taxes due and not returned to the state have been uncovered in their investigations of county matters. These auditors have desired compensation for the information given and for the assistance which they offered to render in covering these funds into the state treasury.

Federal Farm Loans.

Under a ruling of the attorney general no compensation can be paid to anyone other than an attorney.

If the suggestion with reference to an auditor for the state, as contained in my first message, is not adopted, then is it not advisable to enact a law which will encourage the auditors employed by counties to furnish the state the information which will make possible the collection of taxes which otherwise would be a total loss?

I am requested by the secretary of the treasury of the United States to submit for your consideration the subject of making farm loan bonds legal investments for the funds of savings banks, insurance companies, trust companies and for guardians and trustees. In his communication it is said:

The act of congress known as the federal farm loan act of July 17, 1916, was passed "to provide capital for agricultural development, to create a standard form of investment based upon farm mortgages, to equalize rates of interest upon farm lands," etc., etc. It provided for long-time amortized loans to farmers at a lower rate of interest than has hitherto prevailed in most sections of the country, and will meet the credit necessities of a vast number of farmers, particularly the owners of small farms whose lack of touch with financial centers, or the modesty of whose demands, have hitherto prevented their securing loans at all, irrespective of the rate of interest.

The federal farm loan act provides that these bonds shall be a lawful investment for all fiduciary and trust funds under the jurisdiction and control of the federal government; but it is necessary that there should be some state enactment in order to make these bonds a lawful investment for trust funds and savings banks in Georgia. They have already been made lawful investments in the majority of the states of the Union.

Absentee Voting Law.

Georgia should pass an absentee voting law. This should be done, not only because of the soldiers who are without our borders, but also in the interests of the traveling salesmen, and those who are frequently necessarily absent. Indiana, Virginia, Tennessee and Idaho have adopted such laws since February, 1917, thus making a total of twenty states which have laws permitting absentee voting.

Escheats.

There is on deposit in the banks of the state a considerable amount of money, the owners of which have disappeared and have been unheard of for a number of years.

There should be a state escheator, authorized and empowered to collect such money, which should be devoted to the uses of the state.

State Depositaries.

There are too many state depositaries.

The present system entails an unnecessary amount of labor and annoyance upon both the state treasurer and the governor. And it is also true that the state does not receive as high rate of interest as it would were the number of depositaries reduced and larger daily balances carried in those maintained.

The present plan is unavoidably political in its nature, whereas, the state's financial matters should be handled on business principles.

Constitutional Amendments.

During the past twelve years the state has expended in the advertising of constitutional amendments, $33,190.29. In 1914 alone, $13,749.13 was thus expended; and in 1916, $6,132.40 was spent in this manner.

This money could be saved, and yet the people of the state given more information concerning these amendments. Let such amendments be printed and copies mailed to the various county officials throughout the state, and the judges of the courts (superior, city and county) each be required, on the convening of their courts, at the terms held preceding the date on which the amendments are to be voted on, to read the amendments and expound and explain them to the people in open court.

Budget and Efficiency Committee.

The legislative investigating committee, created at your last session, is a step in the right direction. You should add to this committee the president of the senate and the speaker of the house; and provision should be made whereby a two-thirds vote of your respective houses would be required to increase any appropriation recommended in its report, the right being retained to decrease such recommended appropriations by only a majority vote.

This is the simplest and easiest way to establish in our state a budget system of finance—a system which has been adopted by many of the states, and which has proven the most practical method of handling state finances. I do not believe that a better system could be devised to meet our needs.

Such a committee should not only be charged with the duties imposed upon it by your act of 1917, but should be further clothed with inquisitorial authority over all state departments and institutions, and should be authorized to prepare and present bills in the interest of efficiency and economy.

Unless some such amendment as this is made, no budget committee can do its best work.

This plan would leave your body, through its four members, in control of the deliberations of the committee, and would then require but a two-thirds vote of the senate and house to override whatever recommendations might be made by the committee effecting appropriations usually carried in the general appropriations bill.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)



For card playing and luncheon purposes a table has been invented to which four chairs are attached, the whole affair folding flat when not in use.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

(Advertisement.)

Schley Howard's Pro-German Record

"Germany never will be whipped—The German nation and the German people are our friends."

That was spoken two weeks after the most awful crime of the centuries was committed.

Two weeks after the Lusitania, with its cargo of human beings, many of them Americans, many of them women and children, all of them non-combatants—two weeks after the Lusitania was sunk by a German submarine, an atrocity that appalled the civilized world and sent a thrill of horror and flame of hatred throughout the United States—two weeks, only two weeks after that fearful outrage, when the shrieks of the mothers and the babies who sank to their watery death were still ringing in the minds of Americans—two weeks after that horrifying tragedy, Congressman William Schley Howard declared to a reporter for The Savannah Morning News:

"Germany never will be whipped—The German nation and the German people are our friends."

While all the world knew that the United States was on the verge of the pit in which was raging with unparalleled fury, the maelstrom of the most tremendous war in all the annals of time, this member of congress, who blatantly boasts of his Americanism and who poses as a statesman (when he is not evading the payment of legitimate licker bills and serving his friends the contracting profiteers), this man had the audacity, the stupidity, the coarseness to say:

"Germany never will be whipped—The German nation and the German people are our friends."

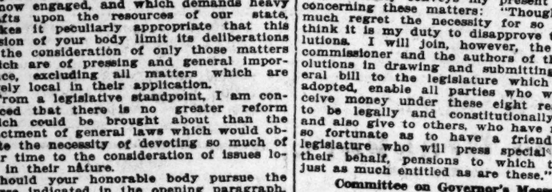
Although President Wilson was writing diplomatic notes, each one of which brought us closer and closer to the dreadful vortex which had then engulfed all Europe; although it was apparent that our relations with Germany had become strained to the breaking point; although the entire world was aghast at the frightfulness of the Lusitania tragedy; although he occupied the role of the statesman, with supposedly enough foresight into international affairs, and certainly enough appreciation of the situation of the hour; although the bubbles had hardly ceased to rise and burst upon the ocean spot where little children, clasped in the arms of frantic mothers, had been slain by a rapacious German monster of the sea, this man laughingly views the reverses of the Allies, praises German efficiency, and says:

"Germany never will be whipped—The German nation and the German people are our friends."

This is the man who is today a candidate for the United States senate. This is the man who has left his post in Washington at a time when his services, if needed at all, are urgently required now. This is the man who pretended to the president to be a man of sincerity, who gave Woodrow Wilson his deliberate, solemn and unsolicited promise and then, cravenly and pusillanimously, violated it at the first opportunity.

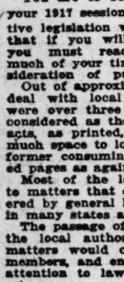
This is the man who has been bragging about his 100 per cent Americanism. This is the man who also boasted of "German efficiency" two weeks after the Lusitania was sent to the bottom of the seas.

This, of such as this, is William Schley Howard.—Americus Times-Recorder of July 2.



Death Follows In The Footsteps Of The Fly

There would be far less sickness and fewer deaths if we could destroy all the flies. A little care will do much to better conditions. Keep your home well screened and use BEE BRAND INSECT POWDER to kill the flies that do get in. Bugs of nearly every kind die where this powder is used. Harmless to your children and the pets.



Bee Brand Insect Powder, 25 & 50c.

fan it into the air

Flies and mosquitoes die in a few minutes. Will kill ants, fleas, roaches, bed-bugs, lice, and bugs of nearly every kind. Directions on package. Look for the Bee Brand Trade Mark.

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ESTABLISHED 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly
CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.

SEVENTY-FOUR STARS, U. S. A.

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

ATLANTA, GA., July 4, 1918.

Telephone Main 5000.

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J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole Advertising Manager for all territory outside of Atlanta.

The Constitution's Washington office is at 813 Riggs Building. Mr. J. A. Hollomon, correspondent.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway, and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

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WORK FOR THE BOND ISSUE.

Unless 10,736 Atlanta voters go to the polls next Wednesday and vote for the proposed bond issue of $800,000 for emergency municipal improvements, it will be lost.

The name of every registered voter who does not vote is, under our existing law, counted as a negative vote. A bond proposal must be affirmed by two-thirds of the registered voters in order to carry, and 10,736 constitute two-thirds of the names on the registration books of Atlanta for the July 10 election—including dead men, move aways, and citizen drones.

The man who fails to vote at this election will prove himself to be a slacker of the worst sort. Not only will he be standing in the way of the progress of his city, but he will be prolonging the peril of disease and fire this community is facing on account of the utter inadequacy and unreliability of its waterworks pumping plant, and the reinforcement of which is the main item for which the proposed bond issue provides.

Furthermore, the taxpayer who opposes the issue by his vote, or who is so apathetic with regard to it that he will vote against it by not voting at all, will fail to accomplish his purpose, for this simple reason: The improvements contemplated by this bond proposal must be made. If they are not made by the bonding method, they, being of an emergency nature, must be made by the only other method available, which is by direct emergency taxation in addition to the moral tax levy.

The bonds, if the proposal carries, will not be felt by the taxpayer, because they will be taken care of by the sinking fund; whereas, if an equivalent amount of money is raised by direct taxation it will impose an additional immediate burden upon every dollar's worth of taxable property in the city of Atlanta.

No citizen need fear that the bond money may be misapplied or unwisely handled by the city administration, because it is expressly provided that not a dollar of it can be expended until the investment shall have been passed upon and approved by a representative citizens' committee, composed of ten conservative men representing all lines of trade and industry.

There is not one valid objection that can be raised against this issue.

On the other hand, there is every reason why it should carry; and every registered voter who possibly can, but does not go to the polls next Wednesday and vote for it, becomes a reactionary and a civil slacker.

AN ODIOUS COMPARISON.

According to the Associated Press, in urging permanent government ownership of the telegraph and telephone lines of the country before the house interstate and foreign commerce committee, Postmaster General Burleson said that "if the systems were as efficiently conducted by the government as the postal service now is, they never should go back to private ownership."

Be the merits of permanent government ownership of the lines of wire communication what they may, no stronger or more forceful argument could be advanced to oppose the policy than that advanced by the postmaster general!

Congestion, confusion, mail delays that are inexcusable and that are not only annoying to the public, but exceedingly harmful to business, are the order of the day in the postal department.

Mr. Burleson points to the records, which show that the department enjoyed net earnings of something like $9,000,000 during the last fiscal year, and says: "What a fine showing! What an efficient administration! I'm making the department pay dividends to the government! Service? Service go hang—it's a showing of profits I'm after!"

If the telephone and telegraph systems under federal control are to be managed no better nor more efficiently as regards service than the postoffice department is being conducted under the Burleson policy, the government had better leave them in private hands!

TAKE IT AS A GUIDE.

The message of Governor Hugh M. Dorsey to the state legislature is remarkable for its terseness, its lucidity and its direct expression. For its breadth of vision, and the constructiveness of the legislation it bespeaks, it is an epochal document.

Throughout the entire paper there is not a word of vainglory nor a note of pessimism. There is not an expression of criticism of things that are, without a corresponding suggestion of a remedy whereby to make them what they, in the governor's judgment, ought to be. It is a message free from cant, free from half-baked or immature conclusions and free from recommendations that are visionary or impracticable.

In a word, it is a message that denotes deep study, careful investigation of every phase of the state's interests, and a comprehensive viewpoint on the part of its author.

There is not a sentence nor a syllable in it to which any fair-minded, progressive citizen of Georgia—one who, like the governor, has only the best welfare of the entire state at heart—can take exceptions.

If the general assembly accepts this splendid message as its guide throughout this session, and, so far as possible, enacts into law the recommendations of the governor, it would contribute wonderfully to the progress and the prosperity of the state.

BOND ELECTION REFORM.

Yesterday the state senate, with only one dissenting vote, passed a constitutional amendment measure providing that in corporation bond elections the votes of two-thirds of those voting shall be required to authorize a bond issue, instead of two-thirds of those registered for the last preceding general election, as is now the law in Georgia.

In other words, if the senate measure is concurred in by the house and ratified by the people at the next general election—as undoubtedly it will be—the voters of Georgia will thereafter be given a chance to decide their own bond elections, on a two-thirds basis, and dead men, move-aways, citizen slackers and those who deliberately and wilfully stand in the way of progress by refraining from voting on bond-issue proposals will be eliminated as deciding factors in such elections.

At the same time the utmost safeguard is thrown around bond issues by the senate measure, as under the amendment as proposed no bond issue can be authorized unless it receives the approval of two-thirds of the voters who at the ballot box express their attitude toward it.

Georgia is the only state that now hedges bonding proposals with such absurd and practically prohibitive regulations as those that prevail under the constitution as it stands.

The proposed regulation is in line with progress, is in keeping with the spirit of the day and times, and is similar to that of most of the states of the union—though still not as liberal as some.

The senate is to be commended for having so aggressively and so firmly expressed its desire to set Georgia forward; and it is to be hoped the house, imbued with the same spirit, will follow its lead and place this important matter in the hands of the voters of Georgia.

SENATOR B. R. TILLMAN.

In the death of United States Senator Benjamin Ryan Tillman, of South Carolina, yesterday, the south lost an able champion and one of its most conspicuous citizens, and the republic one of its foremost supporters.

For more than a quarter of a century "Pitchfork Ben" Tillman has been prominently before the public of the whole nation. His career in the politics of his state and in that of the nation has been more or less spectacular; and his long tenure in the upper house of congress, especially up to a few years ago when the ravages of old age began to "slow him down," has been marked by his fearless and bellicose support of the things he believed to be right and opposition to policies which he disapproved.

He was a fighter, but, as his bitterest political foes admit, always a fair one; and in point of downright American patriotism and loyalty to his government, he occupied second place to no man who ever sat in the senate.

As chairman of the senate committee on naval affairs, under both republican and democratic administrations, Senator Tillman did more, perhaps, than any any other one man in the councils of the country toward building up the navy to its present position of eminence among the navies of the world, and in that capacity his loss will be keenly felt by the government.

Senator Tillman was an able and a useful man, and his name will live in an honored place in history.

How Declaration Of Independence Was Read in 1776

By Telamon Cuyler.

The reading of the Declaration of Independence by Governor Dorsey, from the original engrossed record, dated 1777, is an event of historical importance in these war times. I am very familiar with this ancient paper because I discovered it in the state papers in the year 1897 and thus brought it to light after one hundred and twenty years.

Here are the facts: The most famous political document in all recorded human history had been drafted, debated and discussed by the American congress and reached a final vote on July 4, 1776, when it was unanimously passed. Owing to its vast importance, the congress took extraordinary care to inform every American of its wording. The very next day it was set into type and thirteen copies were certified to under the seal of congress by its president, John Hancock, and one was sent, by a special messenger, to the governor of each of the thirteen colonial governments, with a request that he promulgate it to his people.

Reached Savannah in August.

So great was the distance from Philadelphia to Georgia that the declaration did not reach Savannah, then our capital, until the weary messenger arrived from Charleston, by boat, at twilight, on August 9, 1776. He was hurried to Governor Archibald Bulloch's residence. The governor read the papers and called a meeting of his council. They considered the situation and planned the ceremonies for Georgia's first Fourth of July, namely, August 10, 1776.

Early that morning the troops were paraded, and the governor and council came to the Liberty pole and the battery, on Bull street, and there Bulloch's brave voice rang out in reading the very words modern Georgians hear fall from Governor Dorsey's lips on July 4, 1918! How they cheered and shouted, those patriots of that first national birthday! The drums rolled and cannon roared, and high were their hopes for founding those previous liberties which we are now defending. After reading the great charter of our liberties, those Georgians adjourned to a barbecue under the moss-draped trees on the river. I have seen the bill for that feast; it cost them $35, and they enjoyed mutton—a great treat—as they had agreed not to kill sheep so as to save the wool.

That original certified copy did not contain the names of the "signers," because the large engrossed copy was not made for some days after July 4, 1776. This copy was on parchment, and bears the names of 52, I think, men, whom history calls "The Signers." Some who voted for it did not remain to sign, like John Houstoun of Georgia. Others who did not happen to be present on July 4 signed later; one signed long after the revolutionary war was over. The original signed copy is now preserved in the secretary of states' office in Washington city.

Only Thirteen Copies.

Please remember that only the original thirteen states have a genuine Declaration of Independence on record in the state archives. This means that actual legal copies, under official seal, can be had only from the federal secretary of state or a secretary of state of one of the original thirteen states.

The actual document Bulloch read from has, I regret to say, been lost, and no amount of research by Mr. Lucian Knight and myself has been able to find it. The one Governor Dorsey reads from is the engrossed record made from that certified copy sent to the governor of Georgia in 1777. That original paper has been lost, but the record, made on March 2, 1777, is now used. The facts about it follow:

Second Copy Recorded.

In a big folio volume, called "Book B, Record of Commissions," this paper is found on pages 257-261. It was written March 2, 1777, and shows that the certified copy was made in Philadelphia on January 18, 1777. It was also slow in getting to Savannah. This second copy was sent because it contained the names of all the "signers," Georgia being represented by three—namely, Button Gwinnett, George Walton and Lyman Hall. All three were afterwards governors of Georgia, as was John Houstoun, and all four have counties named for them. This paper starts out with those immortal words, "In Congress, July 4, 1776," and ends with the signature of John Hancock and the attest of "Charles Thompson, secretary." Then follows a resolution of congress during January, 1777, ordering these copies of what our forefathers called "The Declaration of Independency" to be sent to each of the "Thirteen united States of America." Note the word then used was not independence, but independency; and the United was written united! Much history is compressed in those words so used.

Thus, while we are again fighting for liberty and Georgia's freedom and America's rights and freedom, it is well that another war governor wisely reads these great words to us, that we may thus have his official admonition, by actual word of mouth, from that document. Let me inform my readers that no governor since Bulloch has read the Declaration! It has been left to Governor Dorsey to establish what should be made an annual custom—the reading of the Declaration of Independence by the governor to the people; not only in Georgia, but in every state in this union.

Rosalind.

(For The Constitution.)

I.

Ah! how I yet recall the blessed day
When we together walked Love's holy way;
Strange, unseen lutes made music in the wind,
Because of you, dear Rosalind.

II.

The stolid years have crowded thick and fast;
Your pictured face is buried in the past,
Yet when the skies of every Springtime bend,
The lutes still play for Rosalind.

III.

Ah Fate! divorce my fortunes, if you will—
Take house and lands, but this much leave me still—
That I may hear until my journey's end
The lutes that play for Rosalind.

—H. E. HARMAN.

June, 1918.

The Red Cross League of Love.

(By Edwin Markham of The Vigilantes.)

O League of Kindness, woven in all lands,
You bring Love's tender mercies in your hands:
Above all flags you lift the conquering sign,
And hold, invincible, Love's battle line.

O League of Kindness, in your far-flung bands,
You weave a chain that reaches to God's hands;
And where blind guns are plotting for the grave,
Yours are the lips that cheer, the arms that save.

O League of Kindness, in your flag we see
A foregleam of the brotherhood to be
In ages when the agonies are done,
When all will love and all will lift as one.

Leaders of Allies Send Greetings To Readers of The Constitution

Special messages to the readers of The Constitution, carrying greetings from the French, British and Italian people on the occasion of this year's celebration of Independence day, have been received through the Edward Marshall syndicate of London. The messages from France were written by Premier Clemenceau, General Joffre and Albert Thomas, former minister of munitions in the French cabinet, who has been described as the "French Lloyd-George."

Former Premier Herbert H. Asquith, one of England's greatest statesmen and a man who has subordinated personal ambitions to render the best possible service to his nation at war, sends the greetings from England.

General Diaz speaks for Italy.

These messages, coming as they do after the anniversary of America's first participation in the great war for freedom, to which cause this nation has been dedicated from its birth, will carry to the people of this section a feeling of cordial warmheartedness and a closer spirit of unity with those two great European nations who have stood in the forefront of the fight for democracy and justice for almost four long years.

The messages are as follows:

U. S. Entry Into War Great Moral Event.

By Marshal Joseph Jacques Cesaire Joffre.

Paris, July 3.—The entry of America into the war has been for all the allies a moral event of the highest import.

But the great sister republic has not been content merely with sentimental manifestations. She has ranged herself on our side with all the strength of her material wealth. She has thrown her sword into the balance. She will neglect nothing to assure success to our arms.

Thanks to American help and co-operation, we will overcome all the perils of the hour and rise gloriously from the trials of this long war.

The American organization, which grows more perfect every day, brings to the nations in arms against Germany all its vigor and irresistible youth. The sight of the American standard already unfurled in the battle on the soil of France gives hope to all that the sacrifices and heroism shall not be in vain.

Liberty cannot and must not die. It will be to the eternal honor of the United States that she has given, regardless of cost, all that she possesses in order that liberty may continue to enlighten the world.

France Joins U. S. In Celebrating Fourth.

Paris, July 3.—(Special.)—Albert Thomas, the French Lloyd-George, and former minister of munitions, sends this Fourth of July message to The Atlanta Constitution:

By Albert Thomas.

Today a great nation celebrates July 4 in memory of its struggle by which it secured its independence. It was formerly, if one may put it so, a family festival. Its hundred millions, who have lived in peace in the continent of the new world, are thinking with gratitude of their forefathers whose valor gave them freedom and power to develop the resources of their wonderful country.

Today it is not a family festival. Or, to speak more exactly, the family has grown. Not only is France invited, but France holds no moment in glorious history dearer than that when she came chivalrously to the help of the young republic across the Atlantic, and all nations of two hemispheres who wish to see liberty and justice triumph over violence and injustice are joining with all hearts in celebration of American independence.

America has entered this war for the defense of the rights of humanity, the defeat of militarism and imperialism and the spirit of brutality, and to guarantee to all nations, great or small, their independence, and to protect democracies against the aggressions of irresponsible autocracy.

It is a veritable crusade which she has undertaken for the salvation of the whole world. It is right, therefore, that American independence becomes the symbol of liberty throughout the world and July Fourth becomes in future a solemn festival of a league of nations about to be founded.

Great Britain Now Comrade-in-Arms.

London, July 3.—(Special.)—Former Premier Asquith sends the following message to The Atlanta Constitution:

By Herbert H. Asquith.

The Fourth of July is a date which both our peoples may join in commemorating. It was the birthday of American independence, the starting point for the separate development of the two great branches of our race. Each has since followed its own course not without constant reciprocal influence.

When the present war broke out we were on the eve of celebrating the completion of a century of unbroken peace between the United Kingdom and the United States. For more than a year now we have been comrades-in-arms, and that experience, short as it is in point of time, has brought us much closer and warmer intimacy than the whole hundred years which preceded it. For it has not only made us partakers in the sacrifices and services of a great campaign, but it has united us in a joint resolve to build upon the basis of a lasting peace a new fabric for the future of humanity.

From General Diaz Of Italy.

Rome, July 4.—On this day, in which the mighty and chivalrous American people celebrate those ideals of independence and justice for which the free nations are today fighting on the battlefields of Europe, the most noble stand, the most heroic crusade that history ever remembers, the Italian army tenders to its brethren in arms of the great republic the confident auspices of victorious fortunes of war and of resplendent glory.

By Georges Clemenceau.

Paris, July 4.—This day of national festival for the United States is by unanimous decision of parliament equally a day of festival for France. I hold it an honor, as chief of the government, to address to the American nation the expression of our admiration for the splendid efforts she has made, and more especially for the moral support she gives us.

The star-spangled flag floats on our field of battle, and in stern combat in which they are engaged for the cause of right, the American soldiers give proof of a courage that all their French comrades admire.

Our people from east and north, who, in spite of all their trials, remain proud and resolute, have shown spontaneously their affectionate respect for the army that comes from the other side of the ocean to help in deliverance of their invaded soil.

The critical hours will pass and soon will rise the dawn of a renewed liberty to shine upon the universe.

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Course of New Bills In Georgia Legislature

New House Bills.

The following bills were introduced in the house on Wednesday:

By Clarke Delegation—To raise salaries of statutory statehouse officers.

By Mr. Scott of Johnson—To change opening date of fish-seining season from July 1 to June 1.

By Clarke Delegation—To amend constitution so as to increase governor's allowance for secretaries from $6,000 to $10,000 a year.

By Mr. Ennis of Baldwin—To grant to Daughters of American Revolution at Milledgeville the site of old Fort Wilkinson.

By Lowndes Delegation—To abolish Lowndes county treasurer.

By Mr. Vincent of Pickens—To fix commutation road tax in Pickens county.

By Mr. Haynes of Gordon—To relieve men in the service from paying poll tax in Georgia.

By Mr. Johnson of Appling—To require filing of judges' charges with the clerk of the court.

By Mr. Johnson of Appling—To prescribe the manner in which judges shall reduce their charges to writing.

By Fulton Delegation—To amend city charter of Atlanta, so as to remove the limitations on the terms of aldermen and councilmen.

By Mr. Walker of Ben Hill—To place solicitor of Cordele circuit on a salary.

By Richmond Delegation—To create commission to erect monument in Vicksburg (Miss.) national park in honor of Georgia soldiers.

By Mr. Davis of Crisp—To provide for recall of county officials.

By Carroll Delegation—To establish public school system for town of Bowden.

By Chatham Delegation—To approve issue of $300,000 common stock by Savannah Warehouse company.

Special Appropriation Bills.

The following special appropriation bills were introduced in the house on Wednesday:

By Lowndes Delegation—To appropriate $8,000 to South Georgia Normal college, at Valdosta, for completion of dormitory, and $50,000 for erection of assembly hall.

By Mr. Harvin of Calhoun—To pay pension of $80 to Mrs. J. J. Clenney.

By Clarke Delegation—To appropriate $60,000 to University of Georgia to erect war emergency building on the grounds of the State College of Agriculture.

By Mr. Pilcher of Richmond—To appropriate $5,000 for laundry at State Normal college.

By Mr. Fowler of Bibb—To appropriate $221.95 to relieve Henry Jones from surety bond.

Local Bills Passed.

The house on Wednesday passed two local bills, as follows:

By Mr. Key of Jasper—To provide for three terms a year of Jasper superior court.

By Lowndes Delegation—To amend act establishing city court of Valdosta.

Senate Bills Passed by House.

By Senator Stevens of the Thirtieth—To provide machinery for collecting back taxes due the state and counties.

By Senator Beck of the Forty-third—To provide for the codification of the school laws of Georgia.

By Senator Edwards of the Thirty-second—To amend section 1207 of the code of 1910 relative to the authority of counties to contract for convict labor.

By Senator Brown of the Forty-first—To amend section 5195 of the code of 1910 relative to answering a writ of certiorari.

New Bills in Senate.

By Senators Dukes and Dickerson—To amend paragraph 1 of section 13 of article 6 of the constitution of the state of Georgia.

By Senator Moore—To prohibit the running at large of any bull or boar hog over the age of 4 months, and to prescribe a penalty for the violation thereof.

By Senator Moore—To repeal section 2946 of the code of Georgia for 1910.

By Senator Heath—To repeal section 6134 of the civil code of 1910, relating to compensation of the stenographers of the supreme court, and to fix the salaries of the stenographers of that court and of the court of appeals.

By Senator Blackwell—To amend the charter of the town of Canton in Cherokee county, and an act approved August 12, 1904, and subsequent acts pertaining to the school system of Canton.

By Senator Peacock—To amend act 3, section 2, paragraphs 1 and 2 of the constitution of this state, and to increase the number of senatorial districts from 44 to 45.

Bills Passed by Senate.

By Senator Brown—To amend section 1, paragraph 7 of the state constitution so as to allow bond elections to be carried by two-thirds of those voting instead of two-thirds of the registered voters.

The New July Fourth And Its Meaning

(From Youth's Companion.)

Never before, in all our 142 years of national life, have we had a Fourth of July like this one. In the past there has always been a predominating tone of levity about the day and of good-humored boastfulness. It pleased us to strut a little and to throw out our chest and to feel our biceps and to tell everyone what a mighty wallop it was that we gave John Bull so long ago.

But now, when we are really greater and stronger than we have ever been before,—when we have the best reason we have ever had for going somewhat vauntingly,—we have suddenly become silent and serious. For, looking across the water, we see our old-time enemy standing there fighting for his life—and for our lives, too—against a foe that would destroy all that our common race holds dear of personal freedom and political equality. We see the terrible bludgeoning that he has taken without a whimper, the wounds that he has suffered in silence, the grim courage with which he faces every new foul blow. His "head is bloody, but unbowed," and in the face of that heroic figure our head, although not yet bloody, is bowed—in respect, in admiration, in modesty and, alas! a little in shame that we saw so late and were so loath to act.

And so the war has taken away our old Fourth of July. But it has put a new one in its place. The old one belonged to the children, who celebrated it with noise and fun and laughter; the new one belongs to those who think and feel. Through all the years we have been commemorating what we thought was our victory over England in a great little war. Now we see that it was not England that we fought, but tyranny, and not England that we conquered, but the spirit of oppression, just as we are fighting it now, with our former adversary by our side, and France and Italy and 20 other nations shoulder to shoulder with us.

The old Fourth will never come back. We shall continue to keep the day and to celebrate it, but not in the old fashion. We can see now, as we never have seen before, what our fathers did for us, and what the heritage is that they handed down to us—not freedom alone, nor yet alone the love of freedom, but that far nobler gift, the willingness to fight for freedom, for ourselves and other men.

If we keep that in mind we shall celebrate the Fourth in the right way; and perhaps in the years to come other nations will observe it, too, not as a national birthday, but as a sort of world's birthday of freedom.

Standards have been fixed by the Australian government for the grading of fruits and vegetables. These must be so packed that the outer layers shall indicate faithfully the grade of the contents of the crate or box in which they are contained. Fruits and potatoes are divided into four grades, and onions must be sound and of a prescribed size. Restrictions have been placed on all unnecessary wrapping, packing and advertising.

The Daily Boil of The Political Pot

By JAMES A. HOLLOMON

Staff Representative of The Atlanta Constitution.

Atlanta is practically empty of legislators today.

The adjournment yesterday of both houses until Monday—after a stubborn fight, by the way, in the senate—served the purpose of giving all the members a four-day, including Sunday, recess; and the outgoing trains yesterday afternoon and last night were crowded with the members and senators getting back to their homes.

* * * *

All over Georgia today the story of American liberty, so sacred at all times, and of such added moment now, will be heard from platforms and pulpits and stumps; and an even greater love for the dear old institutions of freedom will be manifested by the thousands and tens of thousands who will gather here and there and almost everywhere to commemorate the great birthday of our republic.

The candidates for office will be scattered all over Georgia, from the sea to the mountains.

Howard and Shaw and Cooper will be at Fitzgerald; Harris will be at Blue Springs, near Albany; Hardwick will be at Statesboro, in Bulloch county. Dean, who is ill, cannot be in the speaking as he had hoped, but Dr. Keese, one of his managers, will be at Bell Springs, in Warren county. Representative Joe Hill Hall, candidate for attorney general, will also be at Bell Springs. Colonel Guyt McLendon, candidate for secretary of state, will be at Wrightsville; Commissioner of Agriculture Brown and C. S. Barrett and J. H. Mills will be at Idylwild, in Johnson county; Secretary of State Strange, Attorney General Walker, President Sam Olive, Speaker Holder—all of them have speaking dates for today; and so it is all along the line.

What a fitting day for adding fuel to the great fire of patriotism and loyalty that is sweeping over Georgia like the waters over Niagara!

And what a glorious sentiment—"the Stars and Stripes forever!"

* * * *

The Governor's Message Highly Commended.

"A great state paper, with a number of needed reforms vigorously presented."

That is about the consensus of opinion on the governor's message, as I heard them from senators and members yesterday.

In frankness, not one objection did I hear to a single recommendation or suggestion made by the governor.

And he made some bold detours from the usual path in such documents.

The message is published elsewhere and is worthy the careful perusal of every man and woman interested in the great problems that confront Georgia today.

* * * *

I mentioned a day or two ago that Attorney Madison Bell was seriously considering entering the congressional race in the fifth; Attorney Robert Blackburn, who has had some previous experience in running for congress, tells me he is seriously considering making the race; District Attorney Hooper Alexander is being urged by a number of his friends to make the race—and there are two or three others in a receptive mood.

If all should enter, with those already announced, they would make a fairly good-sized company of "home guards," if they should decide to organize into a military unit under the jurisdiction of the State Council of Defense.

* * * *

R. J. Spiller, widely-known traveling man of Atlanta, announces his candidacy for prison commissioner to succeed Judge T. E. Patterson.

Mr. Spiller is known as the "Chewing Gum King" of the south. He has been selling soft drinks and chewing gum for the past fifteen years, and has always taken a great interest in state politics.

Mr. Spiller will make his formal announcement in a few days, it is said, giving his platform on which he will base his candidacy.

* * * *

The Senate Scores For State Progress.

The senate scored!

No more important measure has ever been passed in Georgia, by either house, than the substitute bill of Senator Brown, passed in that body yesterday, submitting a constitutional amendment, by which it may become possible for counties and municipalities to vote for internal improvements.

I have already discussed this bill in detail in this column. It provides that it shall require a two-thirds majority of the "registered voters voting" to authorize a bond issue, rather than a two-thirds majority of the "registered voters."

One little word that means a volume!

A step that will mean more for the street and highway development of this state than any that has been taken in the history of the commonwealth.

That is saying a good deal, but it is true!

No person questions the wisdom of the framers of Georgia's state constitution. They were wise men in their day—exceedingly so.

The bridge over the Etowah river that precipitated a truckload of soldiers into the waters below, with its accompanying story of death and suffering, was also adequate in its day. Nobody questions that.

But a great many things in the state constitution are as antequated, in this day of progress, as that bridge built in 1859 for the vehicles of that day was tragically demonstrated a few days ago to have been antequated to modern demands.

The overwhelming sentiment of the senate on Mr. Brown's proposed amendment was clearly shown by the vote—30 to 1; and there were only 31 of the members in the chamber.

Will the house pass it? Why, certainly!

The house is composed of just as progressive men—men of as wide vision—as the senate.

How is it possible to develop any material objection to legislation that makes it practicable at least, if a two-thirds majority of those who vote desire it, for a county to bond for highways and bridges?

This Brown bill, it must be understood, merely submits the proposed amendment to the people at the fall election.

* * * *

Republican State Convention Today.

Think of a statewide convention of a great political party, being held in the great city of Atlanta, in the great state of Georgia, on the birthday of the greatest republic on earth, and mighty few people knowing anything about it!

It's a fact!

The republican state convention of the state of Georgia will be held in Atlanta today, at the Odd Fellows' auditorium, 192 Auburn avenue, and the purpose of the convention is—

To consider the question of nominating a candidate for the United States senate—

And various other matters, including advising with republican organizations of the congressional districts, to elect and reorganize a state central committee, and so on.

The chairman of the state committee is Roscoe Pickett, and the secretary is J. C. Styles.

It is understood there will be a considerable delegation in attendance.

LEGISLATIVE MILL OF HOUSE SPEEDS UP

Senate Measures of General Interest Passed and Will Soon Be Ready for Governor's Signature.

Under the skillful guidance of Speaker Holder and the rules committee, the house made more sped with business at yesterday morning's session than it had before since the legislature assembled. Besides a few local house bills, which were unopposed, several senate measures of general interest were enacted and will soon be ready for the governor's signature.

The first senate bill to be put upon its passage was that of Senator Stevens, of the Thirtieth, providing new machinery for the collection of back taxes due the state and counties, where the returns have been grossly under the mark and inadequately made. After two amendments proposed by Mr. Burwell, of Hancock, the effect of one of which was to relieve from responsibility innocent purchasers of property which had been alienated, the bill passed by a vote of 132 to 6.

May Affect Smith Estate.

Under a decision of the supreme court it has been held that new machinery for the collection of back taxes can be made to apply to periods before the passage of the act without coming under the constitutional inhibitions against retroactive or ex post facto legislation. There are several large estates of recent decedents to which, it is reported, that this measure is particularly directed, notably those of the late Jim Smith, of Oglethorpe county, and the late J. B. White, the millionaire Augusta merchant.

With a slight amendment changing the year of its application from 1918 to 1919, offered by Representative McCrory, of Schley, a joint resolution of Senator Beck, of the Forty-third, was passed directing the state school superintendent to codify the school laws of Georgia.

A bill of Senator Edwards, of the Thirty-second, amending the convict apportionment act of 1916, so as to provide that counties not desiring to work convicts on their roads may turn the same over to other counties for a valuable consideration, with the approval of the prison commission, the money derived therefrom to be applied to the road funds of said counties, was also passed.

The last senate bill to be enacted was one of Senator Brown, of the Forty-first, amending the civil code of 1910, so as to require a magistrate to file his answer to a writ of certiorari five days before the opening day of the term to which said certiorari is returnable. Under the existing law, the justice of the peace has until the first day of the term to file his answer.

School Tax Bill Tabled.

A bill of Senator Elders, of the Second, amending the constitution so as to provide for the levy of a special school tax in every county, which passed the senate at the last session, was tabled on the motion of Representative Burkhalter, of Tatnall, chairman of the house committee on education. The tabling was a movement friendly to the bill, as it was felt that the two-thirds majority necessary to its passage could not be obtained in the rather thin house of Wednesday.

An effort will be made to take the bill up next week, probably on Wednesday, when senate bills will be called, when all the friends of the measure will be expected to be present and a strong effort will be made to pass it.

Marked opposition having arisen to a bill of Senator Brown, empowering superior courts to render final judgment in cases marked "in default" at the first term, just as city courts do, it was also tabled.

At this juncture Mr. Wright, of Floyd, read the house a sharp lecture on this method of deferring action on bills and served notice that he would oppose all such tabling motions in future.

"All members of the house," he declared, "are being paid for every day of their time to the end of the session, and absentees should be summoned before the bar of the house and held responsible for unexcused absences."

The annual message of the governor was received and was read immediately after local house bills were put upon their passage.

The house disagreed to the senate amendment to the adjournment resolution, providing for adjournment for July 4 only, and insisted on adjourning until July 8 at 11 o'clock. After a motion in the senate to reconsider its action had been killed on a tie by the deciding vote of President Olive, the senate finally receded from its first position and accepted the resolution of the house by a vote of 19 to 10.

Both bodies stand adjourned until Monday morning.

Wanted—An Owner For Haberdashery Stock Now Unclaimed

Wednesday afternoon a dray drove up to the residence of Mrs. Belle Hayes at 321 East Fair street, while she was downtown and unloaded three large packages. When Mrs. Hayes returned she opened the packages, which proved to contain about 100,000 socks, 100,000 men's hose supporters and several other articles. Mrs. Hayes stated she knew nothing of the package and called up the detective department. Detectives Barnett and Pitman went to the residence and brought the packages to police headquarters and are now looking for the owner of the goods. It is stated by neighbors that the drayman was a white man.

Now Is a Good Time to Buy Diamonds

Diamonds have been advancing in price steadily and another advance is certain to occur in the near future.

Diamonds bought properly make ideal investments.

We sell correctly graded diamonds on the proper basis, guaranteeing grades and prices.

Selections shipped prepaid.

Attractive monthly terms allowed.

Write for booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and twenty-third annual catalogue.

We Close All Day July 4th

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Diamond Merchants

31 Whitehall St.

TRUE VALUES — Atlanta Retail Jewelers Association

Established 1887

Second Carroll Sacrifice



Corporal Jethro Shoemaker, formerly of Clem, Ga.

The second Carroll county boy to give his life in action in the great war was Crawford Jethro Shoemaker, who was killed on May 28.

He was a member of the 28th infantry, Company K. He volunteered September 8, 1916, when only 20 years old, was sent to Columbus, Ohio, later to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and from there to France, where he arrived June 26, 1917.

He leaves a father, mother, six brothers and four sisters.

He volunteered to go to France.

LABOR BILL IS BACKED BY SENATE COMMITTEE

Provides That All Males Between 18 and 50 Must Do Useful Work.

The most important of the actions taken by the senate committees Wednesday was that of the committee on commerce and labor, which recommended that the compulsory labor bill of Senators Andrews, of the 35th, and Merry, of the 8th, pass without amendment.

This bill provides that all able-bodied male persons between the ages of 18 and 50 years, inclusive, must be regularly or continuously engaged in some lawful, useful and recognized business, profession, occupation or employment for five days each week. Because of the state of war that this country is now engaged in the government determined that such employment is necessary and essential for the protection and welfare of this state and of the United States.

Senator Andrews pointed out that similar measures are now in successful operation in the states of Maryland, New York, Oklahoma and Virginia.

This bill, known as the "compulsory labor law," was drawn by the labor committee of the Georgia State Council of National Defense. It conforms to the similar bills in the other states mentioned.

Other committee reports are as follows:

The committee on enrollment reported favorably on a joint resolution ratifying and approving the proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States relative to the prohibition of the manufacture, sale, transportation and exportation of intoxicating liquors.

The committee on counties and county matters recommended that the senate bill No. 190 amending the act creating the office of commissioner of roads and repairs of Cherokee county do pass.

The committee on corporations recommended that a bill to authorize any municipal corporation in Georgia to construct and acquire gas, electric light and power plants do pass.

This committee has also under consideration a bill to amend the charter of the city of Broxton.

FRED HOUSER SUFFERS FROM PTOMAINE POISON

According to information received in Atlanta Wednesday, Fred Houser, secretary of the Atlanta Convention bureau, was was suddenly seized with an attack of ptomaine poisoning Tuesday morning, is still confined in the McDordy's infirmary in Birmingham, and is advised by physicians he will probably be able to leave the hospital by next Monday.

Mr. Houser's private secretary received a telegram from him Wednesday, stating he thought he would be able to come to Atlanta by Saturday, but was advised by physicians he could not stand the trip, and he should remain in the hospital several days longer. Although the telegram does not state just how ill he is, it does not indicate that his condition is serious.

FURNITURE RETAILERS WILL CLOSE FOR DAY

The furniture stores listed below have agreed to close all day on the Fourth of July in order that their employees and themselves may be able to take a full part in the celebration.

Rhodes-Wood Furniture company, Myers-Miller Furniture company, Mason Bros. Furniture company, Sterchi Furniture company, Robison Furniture company, Empire Furniture company, Jones-Kennedy Furniture company, Haverty Furniture company, American Furnishing company, G. N. Morris & Co., S. C. Morris Furniture company, Ed. & Al. Matthews, Campbell-Brownlee Furniture company, Campbell-Brownlee & Johnston, Abbott Furniture company, Brown & Cochran Furniture company, Bauknight Furniture company.

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

BROWN BOND BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Constitutional Amendment Would Permit Issuance of Bonds on Vote of Two-Thirds of Those Taking Part in Election.

The Georgia senate passed Wednesday, by a vote of 30 to 1, Senator Brown's constitutional amendment bill which will allow counties and municipalities to pass bond issues by a two-thirds majority of those voting instead of the constitutionally required two-thirds of the total number of registered voters. The Georgia constitution requires that before a proposed bond issue can pass two-thirds of the total number of registered voters must vote favorably.

Senator Brown, of the forty-first, the author, stated that it was the most important legislation to come before the senate in years.

Senator Andrews, of the thirty-fifth, in a remarkably strong speech, advocated the proposed bill. He stated that municipalities have been obstructed because rarely ever two-thirds of the registered voters are present at an election, making it practically impossible to pass bond issues. He also brought out that the state highway commission was of the opinion that this bill is imperative.

Attacked by Ficklen.

The bill was then attacked by Senator Ficklen, of the twenty-ninth, on the grounds that it would lower the present high security value of Georgia bonds and thereby be detrimental to the welfare of the state.

An aye and nay vote was taken. Senator Ficklen was the only senator to register a negative vote.

The vote was as follows:

Ayes, Senators Andrews, Beauchamp, Beck, Blackwell, Brown, Council, DeJarnette, Denny, Dickerson, Dykes, Edwards, Field, Gilmore, Hopkins, Hullender, Humber, Kirby, Leonard, Loftin, Logan, Merry, Mills, Moore, Mundy, Peacock, Price, Riner, Skelton, Stevens and Yeoman.

Nays, Senator Ficklen.

The result was a 30 to 1 victory for the measure.

The bill of Senator Redwine to put the Griffin experiment station under the control of the trustees of the University of Georgia and the State College of Agriculture, which was passed Tuesday, was reconsidered by a unanimous vote upon the motion of Senator Redwine. He stated that he brought up the bill for passage under a misapprehension.

This matter will come up later under a differently framed bill, made necessary to conform to federal laws, but for the accomplishment of the same purpose.

To Reconsider Auto Bill.

Upon a motion by Senator Heath, of the seventeenth, a motion was passed to reconsider the bill passed declining to concur with the house resolution to investigate the alleged auto dealers' trust in Georgia. Senator Heath said that through the bill "a great deal of good might be accomplished and no harm."

A hot debate arose over a motion to adjourn until Monday. Senators Hopkins and Ficklen vigorously opposed it on the grounds that it would be unjust to the state. Senator Andrews spoke in favor of it. Upon a vote there was found to be a 14 to 14, a tie. President Olive killed it by voting "no."

At that moment a messenger from the house brought the refusal of that body to concur in the amendment to the house resolution passed on July 1, that the house adjourn from Wednesday until Monday—the senate amendment providing that the adjournment be over the Fourth of July only, or until Friday. On motion to recede from the senate amendment the ayes carried it by 19 to 10, therefore the senate joined the house in adjourning until Monday.

Colonel R. B. Clark, Prominent Georgian, Dies in Washington

News was received in Atlanta last night of the death in Washington Wednesday of Colonel Rufus Brown Clark, U. S. A., of Gainesville, Ga., cousin of Colonel E. T. Brown and Walter R. Brown, of Atlanta. Colonel Brown is survived by his wife, who was Rosa Lowry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Lowry, of 38 Peachtree circle, and sister of Captain Edward I. Lowry, formerly attache to the American embassy in London, now on a special mission to France.

The deceased had been in the regular army for many years and was a veteran of the Spanish-American war. He had been in failing health since Christmas and his death followed an operation. Until his last illness he held a position of special responsibility in Washington.

The interment will take place at Gainesville Sunday afternoon.

JUNE ARMY RECRUITING BREAKS ALL RECORDS

All enlistment records for the year were broken during the month of June by the Atlanta district in army recruiting. The Atlanta district includes the entire state. During the month 462 men were passed and sent to Fort Oglethorpe, the majority of them being under the draft age and a very few over the draft age.

In proportion to the population of the different states, Georgia leads them all during the month in enlistments in this branch of the service. The number enlisted during June was the largest since last December.

Practically all branches of the army are open, including the cavalry, artillery, infantry, engineers, aviation and stevedores, and the applicant has the opportunity to choose any branch in which he may desire to serve.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY RECEIVES VALUABLE GIFT OF RARE BOOKS

The Carnegie library has recently received a very valuable and beautiful collection of books from Dr. Patrick H. Mell. All of the books are geographical, historical and genealogical works on the British Isles, and the notable families of the three united countries. The old leather bindings and the type and paper are notably examples of bookmaking which will make them as useful to the library's readers from this standpoint as from that of the genealogist and historian.

The oldest of the books is "Remains Concerning Britain," by William Camden, published in 1674, which is a quaint little leather-bound volume with the picturesque type of the seventeenth century. All of these books are, of course, practically unobtainable, and the fact that they are out of the financial reach of the average public library makes it a matter of congratulation that such volumes have been made accessible to the Atlanta public.

The complete list is as follows:

"Britannica," a chorographical description of Great Britain and Ireland, two volumes, by William Camden, 1772.

"A Concise History of Knighthood," two volumes, by Hugh Clark, 1784.

"An Introduction to Heraldry," by Hugh Clark, 1892.

"Official Baronage of England," three volumes, by James E. Doyle, 1886.

"A Catalogue of Knights," by Francis Townsend, 1853.

"Catalogue of Knights," made by King Charles I., 1353, by Phillips.

"Remains Concerning Britain," by William Camden, 1674.

"Antiquities of Heraldry," by William Smith Ellis, 1869.

"London Marriage Licenses, 1521-1869," by Joseph Foster, 1887.

"Manual for the Genealogist, Topographer, Antiquary and Legal Professor," by Richard Sims, 1888.

"The English Peerage," three volumes, by Charles Catton, R. A., 1790.

"Dictionary of Dignities," by Haydn, 1894.

Railroad Commission Grants Express Rate Intrastate Increase

A 10 per cent increase in intrastate express rates, to be effective immediately, was authorized by the railroad commission on Wednesday.

This action was taken on the part of the commission to conform with the federal government which has now charge of the express companies. A recent increase in interstate express rates of 10 per cent was authorized by the interstate commerce commission.

The new order applies to the American Railway Express company formed by an amalgamation of all the express companies.

Supporters of Key Hold Meeting While Candidate Is Away

While James L. Key, candidate for mayor of Atlanta, was out in the sixth ward Wednesday night, where he was one of the speakers at a bond rally, a large gathering of his supporters were holding an enthusiastic meeting at the Key campaign headquarters, 11 Whitehall street.

More than a dozen citizens made brief talks in his behalf, among them being Dr. J. J. Hall, Ernest Buchanan, Alderman J. S. McClelland, Ben Blackburn, S. B. Talley and J. L. McCord. Mr. Key was scheduled to speak, but he arrived from the bond meeting too late.

In deference to the patriotic purpose of the Fourth there will be no meetings today, but the campaign committee has announced that Mr. Key will address the citizens of the ninth ward, at the corner of Haralson and DeKalb avenues, Friday night, at 8:30 o'clock.

$500 for Red Cross After Company Store Violated Food Rules

Dr. Andrew M. Soule, federal food administrator, last night announced the contribution of $500 to the Athens chapter of the American Red Cross by John White Morton, of Athens, general agent for the Princeton Manufacturing company, whose plant is located near Athens, in lieu of further action by the food administration in the matter of certain charges brought against the concern.

The concern operates a retail store for the convenience of its employees. On investigation made it was charged that the store has violated the administration regulations in two particulars:

Failure to observe the rules and orders in reference to quantity sales of flour and sugar, as well as to prices charged thereon, and—

Failure to make reports of sales when ordered so to do by the county food administrator.

Upon hearing of the case it was shown that the failure to properly comply with rules and orders governing that class of business was due to negligence rather than willful disregard. It was shown further that, in the operation of the store for the convenience of employees, the general average of prices charged have not been excessive.

MARINE CORPS NEEDS MANY MECHANICIANS

The Marine corps recruiting office here issues another call this morning for men for their Searchlight battalion now being formed at Philadelphia, Pa. This battalion needs electricians, especially dynamo tenders, mechanics who have had experience in the repair of internal combustion engines and journeymen machinists. The Signal battalion, which is also being formed at Philadelphia, is in need of electricians, mechanics, chauffeurs, radio operators, telegraph operators, linemen, electrical engineers, switchboard operators, carpenters, blacksmiths, and draftsmen. The aviation section is also in need of mechanics for ground work.

The heavy artillery force now being organized at Quantico, Va., is still short of truck and tractor drivers. Registered men with permission from their local board may enlist in the marines in any branch of the corps to which they are suited.

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

We Will Be Open Until Noon Today

Make your Outing Purchases early—Every Department keyed up for quick and satisfactory service—

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick Company

5 Points Atlanta

WAR INDUSTRY HEADS TO MEET HERE SOON

W. H. White, Jr., Announces Appointments for Six Out of Eighteen Chairmen.

Six chairman of various subdivisions in the states of Georgia, Florida and North and South Carolina, who will assist W. H. White, Jr., in organizing all industrial plants suitable for war purposes at the request of the government, have already been elected by their local chambers of commerce to act as organizing directors. They are Charles K. Hetch, of Charlotte, N. C.; Charles B. Parks, of Raleigh, N. C.; Albert M. Smith, of Brunswick, Ga.; John M. Berry, of Rome, Ga.; Waldo E. Cummer, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Hugh B. MacFarland, of Tampa, Fla.

Atlanta has been designated as headquarters for the four southeastern states by Charles E. Otis, head of the resources and conversion section of the war industries board in Washington. This region, which is district No. 12, has been divided into 18 subdivisions by Mr. White, and the chambers of commerce in each have been asked to elect a chairman.

Mr. White stated Wednesday that as soon as all the chairmen are elected he will call a meeting in Atlanta, and he believes the meeting can be held in the city by the latter part of next week. At this meeting the chairman will be instructed to subdivide their divisions into still smaller districts, which will be composed of the large industrial centers.

Mr. White further stated he thought by organizing the industries of the country the government will at once be able to locate plants, when an emergency arises for war supplies, and the smaller plants will be able to take government contracts, as well as the larger ones.

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

Metter Bank in System.

M. B. Wellborn, chairman of the board, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, stated today that the Citizens' bank, Metter, Ga., had been admitted to membership in the federal reserve system. It has a capital and surplus of $30,000.

Vote for Holloway for City Recorder.

—(adv.)

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)



Our facilities at the disposal of our depositors

There are many benefits in having a checking account. Not only is your money kept in a safe place, but your canceled checks furnish the best receipt, and enable you to keep track of your expenditures easily. Your bank is the best possible credit reference. In turn, the bank offers its credit facilities to its depositors. Also, it is glad to make suggestions as to investments, and to give any other business advice that the depositor wishes.

Come in and get acquainted, and learn of the many conveniences accompanying a checking account—even of moderate size.

ATLANTA TRUST COMPANY

140 Peachtree Street

(Advertisement.)

Mr. Howard's Swan Song

With reference to the open letter to the public, of Congressman William Schley Howard, published in Wednesday's Atlanta papers, W. J. HARRIS, candidate for the United States senate, makes the following statement:

Any one reading Mr. Howard's statement in Wednesday's Atlanta papers, can plainly see that he recognizes that he is hopelessly defeated. It sounds like a pathetic swan song of defeat. The statement, like all of Mr. Howard's speeches, is a fight on me instead of Senator Hardwick. Mr. Howard's candidacy is not taken seriously in half a dozen counties outside of his congressional district. There is no longer any excuse for Mr. Howard's candidacy except to take from me a fraction of the loyal vote, which will help Senator Hardwick.

I am too busy with my campaign to pay any attention to the false statements of Mr. Howard. To avoid dragging in personalities I have allowed misstatement after misstatement emanating from him in his desperation to pass unnoticed. Woodrow Wilson branded as false the statement that Mr. Howard approved, which was intended to fool the people of the state, in reference to his interview with the president. My campaign is in a most satisfactory condition to myself and all my friends. They, as well as myself, are entirely satisfied with the situation as it now stands, and it is getting better every day. That is what is worrying Mr. Howard so much.

Since the legislature met and the people from all over the state have come together here Mr. Howard's friends and every one else who is trying to get at the real facts and see who is the strongest man against Senator Hardwick, know that I am the strongest candidate against Hardwick in practically every county in the state. Mr. Howard's running may take from me enough votes in a few counties to give them to Senator Hardwick, but I shall carry 125 counties at least, even with Mr. Howard's running and helping Senator Hardwick.

I have nothing but pity for the sad plight in which Mr. Howard has placed himself and his friends. It is a sad thing to me to see any citizen of my state branded by Woodrow Wilson, the commander-in-chief of our army, as approving a false interview.

W. J. Harris

Atlanta, Ga., July 3

Grand Patriotic Celebration

TODAY

LAKEWOOD PARK

Trotting, Pacing, Running Races, Motor Cycle and Ford Car Races, Soldier Athletic Events, Patriotic Tableaux, Community Singing of Patriotic Songs, Free Moving Pictures, Dancing all day in Auto Building.

Magnificent Fireworks, beginning at 8 o'clock, featuring Washington, Lincoln and Uncle Sam Bayoneting the Kaiser. Beautiful Aerial Displays, the whole to conclude with the Bombardment of Berlin.

You will have time to take in all the other celebrations and come to Lakewood for the Community Singing and Fireworks. If you get there at 6 o'clock you may witness the Sensational Ford Car Derby, which promises to be a Thriller.

Admission - One Thrift Stamp

Southeastern Fair Association

H. G. HASTINGS, President **R. M. STRIPLIN, Secretary**

CAMP GORDON BUREAU

Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution, in charge of Mr. L. A. Wilhoit, is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are welcome.

THE CONSTITUTION'S NEWS FROM

Gordon and the other Camps

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon.

Fourth of July to Be Most Elaborately Celebrated Holiday in History of Gordon

Thousands of Civilians to Visit Reservation During Day and Witness Events of Program—Big Field Meet in Morning Starts Celebrations—Flag Presentation a Feature—Patriotic Program at Huts—Thousands of Soldiers to Visit City During Holiday—Remount Men to Entertain.

OF INTEREST ON THE FOURTH.

Victory Track meet on parade field, 9 a. m.

Flag presentation to 517th engineers, 10 a. m.

Another athletic meet at the remount, 3:30 p. m.

Patriotic programs at "Y" huts, Thursday night.

Hebrew soldiers invited to feast in Atlanta.

Twenty-five per cent of men allowed passes.

For the first time since Camp Gordon has acquired a new personnel of selectmen from Georgia, Tennessee, Ohio and Illinois, a general military holiday will be observed throughout the entire reservation, and the new men have much in store for them in the celebration of the Glorious Fourth, for which elaborate preparations have been made at the camp.

And beginning early Thursday morning and continuing throughout the day, Atlanta is expected to don its last summer hat and heavy shoes that it doesn't mind seeing ruined and board a crowded Camp Gordon car for the purpose of visiting the big military reservation and seeing the soldiers at play.

A general invitation has been issued by military authorities to the civilians of the state at large to come out to the camp on the Fourth and witness the various events that have been arranged for the entertainment of the men, and thousands are expected to accept.

Big Victory Meet.

The general holiday will begin Thursday morning with a big military track and field meet, a part of the great victory field and track meet of the army and navy, which will be going on in practically every camp and base in the country.

Hundreds of entries for this event have received by those in charge of the meet. This begins promptly at 9 o'clock on the big parade field of the camp, just opposite the Liberty theater on Hardee avenue.

At 10 o'clock in the morning the 517th engineer reserve corps will stage an elaborate flag presentation service on its grounds, and hundreds of white and colored people who are interested in the unit of colored troops from the rural districts of the state, are expected and invited to attend.

The national colors and battalion banner have both been donated by prominent Atlantans, and these, together with a committee of the Atlanta War Camp Community Service, will be in charge of the presentation ceremony.

Remount Holds Meet.

At 3:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon the remount men will entertain the ladies who have staged concerts and entertainments for their benefit in the past with another track meet in which mule steeplechasing and a number of humorous events will feature. A large crowd is also expected to witness this contest and to enjoy the hospitality of the remount.

Announcement was made at camp headquarters Wednesday that 25 per cent of the camp's personnel will be given passes to Atlanta for the entire day, and the city will be thronged by the largest delegation of khaki in its history as a military center.

On the night of the Fourth a dozen of the "Y" huts and the Knights of Columbus halls will stage elaborate patriotic programs, and hundreds of men in khaki are expected to attend these and join in the real spirit of the day.

Jewish Men Invited.

In celebration of the Fourth of July, the Jewish Welfare board has arranged a patriotic entertainment to take place at its town headquarters in the Jewish Educational Alliance. The program will commence at 5 o'clock sharp with a supper which will be accompanied by some very fine musical selections. Walter Lazansky will deliver the oration and Rabbi David Marx the benediction. The ladies who have charge of arrangements state that they can accommodate an indefinite number, and since all men in uniform are cordially welcomed they should be well pat to the test. A dance will follow the entertainment, and refreshments will be served throughout the evening.

Other general patriotic programs have been arranged for various buildings and units in the camp, and all indications are that the men who spend the holiday at the camp will not see a quiet or uninteresting moment.

Entries for the big victory meet received by Physical Director Hahn, of the Y. M. C. A., by Wednesday afternoon are as follows:

One Hundred-Yard Dash.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: R. J. Young, J. C. Coutin, Glenn B. Garnet, J. D. White, R. E. Brunner, George Little.

Second Replacement: Woodall, 15th Company; Finncan, 21st company; Helmets, 19th company; Yennison, 21st company; Hoffman, 21st company; Lamp, 21st company.

First Replacement: A. G. Willman, 1st company; C. J. Everard, 2d company; R. L. Similar, 5th company; S. Arnett, 10th company; E. Bell, 4th company.

Remount Station: C. Gedwin, J. Futrell, R. Johnson, E. L. Picquette.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battalions, Depot Brigade; Infirmary No. 5: John F. Joseph, 24th company; J. C. Mangum, 22d company; W. E. Willis, 31st company; Roy Lasseter, 31st company; O. P. Lazenby, 32d company; J. Williams, 31st company.

Fourth Training Battalion, Depot Brigade: Corporal Ryan, 46th company; Reuben Flavius, 1st company; Glenn Talbot, 15th company; Alonzo Holt, 14th company; James Lyons, 15th company; Sergeant Bunnet, 41st company.

Fourth Replacement: Ward, Nichols, Bradberry, Cousins, Conet, Tilafia.

Five Hundred and Eighteenth Engineers: S. H. Stanfield, F. W. Roy, L. P. Ellington, E. N. Dosier, J. A. Sheffield, W. McDaniel.

Third Replacement: Thayer, G. E. Kestner, M. R. Holngren, William Wilson, D. H. Brown, John Sapyna, R. H. Hall.

Fifty-Yard Dash.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: T. Shaffer, George Little, T. O. Schaeffer, Glen B. Garnet, R. J. Young.

Second Replacement: Woodall, 15th company; Helmits, 19th company; Hoffman, 21st company; Welker, 21st company; Gillis, 19th company; Riser, 19th company.

First Replacement: A. G. Willman, 1st company; Roy Similar, 5th company; F. Jones, 10th company; Levi Manley, 7th company.

Remount Station: C. Goodwin, J. Futrelle, R. Johnson, E. L. Picquett.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battalions, Depot Brigade: J. F. Joseph, 24th company; J. M. Houston, 29th company; Roy Lasseter, 31st company; Paul Templeton, 30th company; William Reid, 30th company; L. Williams, 31st company; R. G. Flovers, 1st company; G. Talbot, 15th company; R. Holt, 15th company; J. Lynis, 15th company; Sergeant Bunnet, 41st company.

Fourth Replacement: Cousins, 43rd company; Nichols, 21st company; Pilafia, 41st company; Cohit, 41st company; Mitchell, 38th company; Gordon, 38th company.

Five Hundred and Eighteenth Engineers: W. M. Scott, W. L. Shea, J. M. Gordon, J. R. Sheffield, S. H. Stanfield, W. R. Markey.

Third Replacement: R. R. Thayer, 30th company; F. M. Bender, 29th company; R. G. Miney, 30th company; Carroll Lannigan, 35th company; S. B. Barker, 29th company; Will Wilson, 35th company; John Sypizno, 34th company.

220-Yard Dash.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: J. S. Contin, George Little, Lloyd Early, R. E. Brunner.

Second Replacement: Hoffman, 21st company; Orvit, 21st company; Palmer, 21st company; Clernent, 21st company; White Plume, 16th company; Dennison, 21st company.

First Replacement: S. W. Powell, 7th company; Levi Manley, 7th company; R. Madigon, 1st company; S. Arnott, 10th company; W. J. Hurley, 4th company.

Remount Station: Joseph McClyniork, G. Fallos, William Young, M. Smith.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battalions, Depot Brigade: J. S. Mangum, 22d company; O. P. Lozenby, 32d company; Sergeant Lindberg, 30th company; Powell Pfenfer, 30th company; Walter Cantrell, 30th company.

Fourth and Twelfth Training Battalion, Depot Brigade: C. Ryan, 46th company; Ernest White, 15th company; Perry Grant, 15th company.

Fourth Replacement: Ward, 47th company.

Five Hundred and Eighteenth Engineers: F. W. Rose, F. I. Shea, W. M. Matthewa, Ray A. Sheffield, J. M. Gordon, H. L. Amasin.

Third Replacement: M. S. Coursen, 25th company; B. S. Lodiviest, 36th company; B. H. Brown, 25th company; N. R. Holritgren, 29th company; John Vanieski, 32d company; H. R. Farren, 32d company.

880 Yards Run.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: A. M. Stablow, R. Fohl, J. W. Crimorse, G. Glebel.

Second Replacement — White Plume, 16th Company: Harris, 21st company; Ornet, 21st company; Hillen, 21st company; Warren, 13th company; Breen, 21st company.

First Replacement—H. Jacobo, 10th company; W. E. Fistler, 10th company; H. M. Crewiin, 9th company; J. O.Brien, 4th company; F. Grosse, 4th company.

Remount Station: Maurice Majors, Roy Eubanks, Red Harris, O. C. Lester.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Training Battalions, Depot Brigade: J. C. Mangum, 22d company; Lallie Bronda, 31st company; E. Strong, 31st company; A. Milam, 31st company.

Fourth and First Training Battalion: Sergeant Streeter, 1st company; Private James, 15th company.

Fourth Replacement Regiment—Pfiaster, 46th company; Mooney, 46th company.

518th Engineers: J. C. Sorrewis, C. B. Whittaker, H. L. Masom, Smith, J. A. Sheffield, J. H. Williams.

Third Replacement Regiment: J. W. Bahir, 46th company; C. Loney, 29th company; R. G. Mincey, 30th company; R. G. Whiteman, 25th company; E. J. Kennedy, 34th company; C. J. Nanton, 25th company.

One-Mile Run.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: A. M. Stablo, R. Fohl, J. W. Crismore, G. Geibel.

Second Replacement: Palmer, 21st company; Hillin, 21st company; Griffith, 15th company; Hoffman, 21st company; Pesek, 21st company.

First Replacement: W. O. Gyman, 4th company; C. J. Evarard, 2d company; H. M. Jacoba, 10th company; J. O'Brien, 4th company.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Training Battalion, Depot Brigade: A. B. Culbertson, 31st company; J. W. McFaddin, Lollie Branda, 31st company.

Fourth Training Battalion: MacFaddin, 15th company.

Fourth Training Battalion: MacAlpine, 46th company; Anderson, 46th company; Holasinski, 36th company.

518th Enginers: J. H. Williams, J. C. Sorrewis, W. A. Markey, O. H. Lattimore.

Third Replacement: S. H. Goestenkors, 29th company; Phil Levy, 35th company, J. D. Booth, 25th company; C. A. Gorden, 26th company; Ciotti, 25th company.

Running High Jump.

Sixth Replacement 65th Company: R. E. Brunner, A. E. Spencer, G. B. Gaunt, A. Zelinder.

Second Replacement: Bates, 21st company; Kleinert, 21st company; Plamer, 21st company; Highsmith, 13th company.

First Replacement: R. H. Evans, 9th company; T. B. Elseon, 10th company; R. L. Similar, 5th company; W. Silverman, 8th company; C. A. Ogden, 9th company.

Remount Station: Eubanks, Robert Duffy, J. Futrell, R. Johnson.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth Ninth Training Battalions, Depot Brigade: W. E. Willis, 31st company; C. M. Houston, 29th company; O. P. Lazenby, 32d company; O. Kinkaid, 30th company.

Twelfth Training Battalion: Sergeant Coper, 46th company.

518th Engineers: D. H. Latimer, C. B. Whitaker, F. J. Shea, J. C. Sorrells.

Third Replacement: Richards, 21st company; Thayer, 30th company; Courson, 25th company; Loveman, 25th company; Mallett, 26th company; Stanley Green, 34th company.

Running Broad Jump.

Sixth Replacement, 65th company: J. D. White, J. W. Crismore, S. Early, E. T. Robinson.

Second Replacement: Palmer, 21st company; Paulicka, 18th company; Mills, 14th company; Kleinert, 18th company; Frattanne, 15th company; Highsmith, 15th company.

First Replacement: S. W. Powell, 7th company; C. A. Ogden, 9th company; R. L. Similar, 5th company; J. E. Ennis, 10th company; A. G. Willman, 1st company.

Remount Station: George Fallows, E. L. Picquette, Martin Hoody, Henry Helrus.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battallons, Depot Brigade: C. M. Houston, 29th company; John F. Joseph, 24th company; W. L. Dean, 24th company; Moss Cooper, 30th company; H. Hueschel, 31st company.

Twelfth Training Battalion: Sergeant Garrels.

Fourth Replacement: Nichols, 37th company; Ogle, 43d company; Williams, 46th company; Weddington, 43d company; Conet, 41st company; Dodd, 41st company.

518th Engineers: O. H. Latimer, C. B. Whitaker, Wallace, W. M. Matthews, W. F. Scott, J. A. Sheffield.

Third Replacement: Houston, 38th company; Holongren, 29th company; Cousin, 25th company; S. Green, 34th company.

Mile Relay Race.

Sixth Replacement, 65th Company: R. J. Young, R. C. Flitcraft, J. D. White, G. D. Gaunt, R. Fohl, T. O. Schaefer.

First Replacement: S. W. Powell, A. C. Willman, S. Arnott, H. M. Crellin.

Remount Station: Raymond Eubanks, Roy Boss, Joseph McClywork, Maurice Majors.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battallons, Depot Brigade: E. Strong, R. Milam, J. Adam, W. Eve, N. Longfellow, J. Adams.

Fourth Training Battalion: Sergeant M. White, Sergeant Harrison Hill.

Fourth Replacement: Cain, Bradberry, Mooney, Ward.

518th Engineers: Goodyear, F. W. Rose, J. M. Gordon, F. J. Shea, S. H. Stanfield, S. H. Williams, W R. Markey.

Third Replacement: Looney, Bahaco, Coursen, Whiteman, S. H. Brown, Ledwick.

Litter-Bearers' Race.

Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth Training Battallons, Depot Brigade: Launuis, Adams, Eve, Longfellow.

Third Replacement: 32d company team.

Officials.

The following list of officials has been announced for the Victory athletic meet:

Honorary Referee—Brigadier General Sage.

Referee—Thomas Brown, camp physical director.

Starter—Archie Hahn, Y. M. C. A. camp physical director.

Announcer—L. I. Mills, Y. M. C. A. 155.

Judges at Finish—Lieutenant Mt. Pleasant, Sixth Replacement regiment; Lieutenant J. L. Walsh, Second Replacement regiment; Lieutenant Buckridge, First Replacement regiment; J. F. Evans, Camp Gordon Y. M. C. A. secretary.

Judges of Field Events—Lieutenant R. A. Gallman, Third Replacement regiment; Lieutenant E. Rosenblum, First Replacement regiment; Lieutenant Duncan, Fourth Replacement regiment; R. O. Chappelle, Y. M. C. A.

Clerk of Course—Lieutenant G. N. Messer, camp athletic officer.

Assistants—H. R. Paskett, Y. M. C. A.; J. F. Balk, Y. M. C. A., N. R. Goodyear, Y. M. C. A.

Timers—Lieutenant Estabrook, 518th Engineers; Lieutenant Ludy Langes, R. C. Cubbon, S. E. Y. M. C. A. physical director; Walter Hansen, Y. M. C. A.

Official Scrorers—C. C. Ashenhart, Y. M. C. A.; L. G. Glibert, Y. M. C. A.; J. R. Criswell, Y. M. C. A.

Lieutenant M. F. D'Eliscu, timer.

COLONEL R. N. GETTY HEADS DEPOT BRIGADE

Comes to Gordon From Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa.

Colonel R. N. Getty, for some time past stationed at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, has arrived at Camp Gordon and has taken up his new duties here as commander of the 157th Depot brigade.

Colonel Getty succeeds Colonel Tillman to the command of the Gordon Depot brigade, and indications are that he will continue the important work of that organization in just as efficient manner as the popular Gordon officer has done.

Oil and Sand Treatment Given Pro-German Soldier By Wheeler Comrades

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—"I have two brothers in the German army now and that's where I ought to be. I ought to have a German uniform instead of this." This statement was made by a private in the sanitary train at Camp Wheeler and since then the man has been trying to get off the uniform his comrades gave him.

"We'll give you a uniform that will fit you," they said. There was a barrel of thick and sticky crude oil handy and after the unpatriotic slacker had been dipped in this by the indignant men with whom he had been associated, he was rolled in sand. His former comrades said he looked like a piece of animated sandpaper when they got through with him. Details of the occurrence/ have just found their way out of the camp.

LIEUTENANT BONEY IS HURT IN FRANCE

News of the fact that he has been hurt while drilling his company in France has been received by J. E. Boney, father of Lieutenant Edwin W. Boney, of the 328th infantry. His letter states to his father that Lieutenant Boney has been operated on and is rapidly recovering. Lieutenant Boney is well known in Atlanta.

VAUDEVILLE ADDED TO FORT PROGRAMS

The entertainment committee at Fort McPherson have decided to add to their usual movie program a vaudeville program with good talent. For this purpose the open air stage will be reconstructed and improved.

The performances will be given three times a week and are for soldiers and their guests only.

BIG HARNESS MEET AT EASTMAN TODAY

Eastman, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—There will be a big harness racing meet at the Dodge county race track July 4. Galloway, the Macon trainer, is here with his string; Ban Walker, with three Grand Circuit performers; Billy Lotz, of Atlanta; two Chick Cushion from Ocilla; L. P. Skinner's stables from Eastman; W. L. Jessup's two-minute pacers. Otto Sambro will go on exhibition mile against time.

New Commander Arrives.

There was an addition to the forces of Fort McPherson on Tuesday night in the person of Herbert T. Garrison, Jr., who, according to latest gossip and current opinion, is undoubtedly the most popular person in the camp. He is the 36-hour-old son of Lieutenant and Mrs. H. T. Garrison.

WELL-KNOWN ATLANTAN IS FLYING AT KEY WEST

Atlanta friends of Charles T. Orme, son of the late Joseph Orme, one of the most prominent citizens of the city, will be interested to learn of the completion of his course in naval aeronautics at Boston and the beginning of his flying at Key West, Fla. Mr. Orme is a graduate of Georgia Tech and Cornell and enlisted in the navy soon after the outbreak of the war.

NEW BUILDINGS SOON FOR FORT M'PHERSON

For some time the authorities at Fort McPherson have been anxiously waiting for the returns on a bill which was before the senate, by which they would be given the right to go ahead with certain plans regarding the building of work shops and rooms for the practice of mechanic-therapy.

Now the bill has passed the senate and the plans have been approved by the surgeon general and work upon the buildings will be started at once.

These will be operated in connection wit hthe therapy ward that has worked such marvelous cures through the use of electricity in cases of paralysis.

"LIBERTY AIRDROME" OPENED AT M'PHERSON

The Fort McPherson "Liberty Airdrome," a big open air moving picture theater, located on the parade ground, has just been opened at the fort, and is being received with enthusiasm on the part of all the men. Pictures will be shown nightly except on Sunday through the summer. Vaudeville is also to be staged, and all Atlanta amateurs who wish to perform for the soldiers should call the manager of the Airdrome at West 1693.

SECOND BRIGADE BAND AND OCTET ENTERTAIN

Fine Program of Musical Numbers Staged at "Y" Unit 150.

The high water mark of local talent performances was reached at "Y" 150 on Tuesday night when the program of that building was rendered by the Second Brigade band under the direction of Sergeant Barendsen and the "Liberty Octet."

The band opened the program with a half-hour concert and those present say that the praises of this band were in no way exaggerated, but rather minimized. At the close of the band concert the Liberty Octet in their accustomed captivating manner rendered several selections.

The force of Y. M. C. A. workers of 150 feel that the program of Tuesday night can't be beaten except by the next one that they will put on.

Colonel J. E. Morris and several of the company commanders and other officers of the regiment were present and all were more than complimentary in their hearty appreciation of the program.

GORDON NEEDS MORE WATER, SAYS GEN. SAGE

Unless Supply Is Increased No Recommendations for Enlargement Will Be Made.

Unless better water and a greater supply is furnished Camp Gordon, no more recommendations for additions or improvements by the government will be made, was the text of a statement made Wednesday to Mayor Candler by General William H. Sage, commander of the camp.

General Sage stated that the water supply of the camp is now scarcely adequate to meet the needs of the forces there, and Mayor Candler assured him that Atlanta is doing all in her power to pass the bond issue July 10, which will enable the city to supply all the water necessary for the camp.

Unless the matter is carried at that time, engineers state that the congested state of market will render it necessary to wait at least three or four months for the delivery of pumps and filters after the order is placed.

Mass meetings to spread the campaign and public explanations at the Atlanta theaters are being arranged for the city, and indications are that Atlanta will go to polls in the next election with the bond idea clearly explained to them.

PATRIOTIC PROGRAMS FOR "Y" UNITS TONIGHT

Soldiers to Participate to Large Degree in Fourth Entertainment Bills.

Patriotic programs in keeping with the spirit of the general military holiday proclaimed at Camp Gordon in celebration of the Fourth of July will be held tonight at the various units of the service organizations at work among the men in khaki.

Dr. Scott R. Wagner will deliver an address of patriotic tone to the audience that gathers at Unit 153 tonight, and hundreds of the men in camp are expected to hear him.

General patriotic programs in which soldiers will take a leading part will be held at Units 150, 154, 155, 157, the auditorium and 161.

Popular camp pohtoplays of a patriotic trend are slated to be screened for the men at Units 151 and 162.

GORDON OFFICERS INVITED TO DANCES

To Be Guests of Atlanta Woman's Club Tea-Dance Affairs.

In the abundance of welfare attention heaped upon the worthy private, the officers are ofttimes neglected in so far as attention from civilians are concerned.

Not that Camp Gordon's worthy officers have ever lodged a complaint. Yet the Atlanta Woman's club, 17 West Baker street, has focused attention on Mr. Officer and that important part of the army are to be given tea-dances by the organization of patriotic Atlanta femininity.

Tea-dances will be held in the Baker street club on Saturday afternoons from 5 to 7 o'clock. All Camp Gordon officers are invited to indulge in the festivities of terpischore. Mrs. O. D. Gorman is chairman of the club's officers' tea-dance arrangement.

Crisp to Be Unopposed.

Fitzgerald, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the third congressional district met Tuesday in Cordele to arrange for a date for the congressional primary. Chairman W. R. Bowe attended from Ben Hill county and announced that the primary will be held on the date of the primary for state house officers. Congressman Chales R. Crisp will be unopposed, the entire district upholding him in supporting the administration measures.

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

Many Atlantans Win Promotions To Non-Com. Jobs at Camp Gordon

C. Jerome Simmons and Phil L'Engel Capture the Highest Honors Conferred, and Raymond G. Thomas and Jeff D. Hunt Get Good Rises.

The promotions of a number of Georgia and Tennessee privates in Camp Gordon's personnel office and the personnel section of the 157th Depot brigade were yesterday announced at headquarters. Also announced were a number of promotions in headquarters detachment of the replacement camp.

A large per cent of the Georgians receiving positions as non-commissioned officers and first-class privates come from Atlanta and are well know in the city.

Chief among these are C. Jerome Simmons and Phil L'Engle, both of whom received warrants as regimental sergeant majors, and Raymond G. Thomas and Jefferson D. Hunt, the latter two being made battalion sergeant majors.

Personnel Section.

The following is the list of southern men promoted in full:

To be regimental sergeant majors, C. Jerome Simmons, James F. Wynn and Philip L'Engle.

To be battalion sergeant majors, Raymond G. Thomas and Jefferson D. Hunt.

To be sergeants, Ralph L. Sheard, Ernest W. Sandwich, Jr., Claud Herbert Brown, Delmar C. Hudson, Marion Ballard, James Creedon, B. R. Reynolds, G. W. Imhoff, F. W. Allcorn, Jr., J. M. Hunt, M. S. White, E. W. Tomlinson.

To be corporals, James C. Shacklett, Charles R. Foote, Robert S. Raiford, Chesley Morris, P. B. Ford, Charles M. Edwards, Henderson Stocks, Howard Taft, R. J. Kocklann, N. J. Wooding, Jr., William A. Burns, C. L. Holloway, H. B. Kirkpatrick, Gordon L. Snyder, J. S. Diehl, J. H. Pappa.

In Other Branches.

To be privates first class, T. M. Anderson, James Pangle, F. I. Black, Isadore Halfgott, F. S. Carr, R. F. Fowler, Q. Felker, R. H. Green, William A. McGee, W. D. Martin, W. C. Preston and C. D. Grimes.

The following promotions of men now in camp headquarters detachment to be transferred to headquarters detachment infantry replacement camp were announced:

To be battalion sergeant major, Charles H. Phillips.

To be sergeant, Albert C. Evans.

To be corporals, George M. Miller, James B. Thomas, George Sauls, George H. Pell, Francis Wisdom, Russell Umbenhour.

The following promotions of men now in camp headquarters detachment to be transferred to headquarters detachment, infantry replacement camp, and attached to quartermaster corps department:

To be sergeants, John J. Herzenberg and Edwin J. Jones.

To be corporals, Ben R. Frank and Alvin R. Broadwater.

To be privates first class, Milton Harrell, Samuel I. Leaf, William G. Brown, R. H. Lochridge, W. M. Dickson, B. B. Morgan.

In Depot Brigade.

The following promotions were announced of men now in the depot brigade who are assigned to headquarters detachment, infantry replacement camp:

To be sergeants, Lester Rogers, J. R. Goodpasture, F. N. Walters, M. A. Long, H. B. Stokes, W. R. Hogue.

To be corporals, B. G. Everett, Guy L. Comer, W. F. Boyd, Everett Bergen, C. T. Joiner, C. E. Stanley, M. H. Long, J. A. Williams, D. E. Essary, J. L. Allen, E. R. Medlock

To be privates first class, Ophel Bledsoe, Paul Sewell and Charles E. Lumpkin.

Fitzgerald Is Ready For Biggest Fourth In South Ga. History

Fitzgerald, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Crowds of people were surging around the chamber of commerce office in Fitzgerald tonight and on every street in the city floats and automobiles were being built and decorated preparatory to participation in the biggest day in the history of Fitzgerald and one of the most notable Fourth of July celebrations south Georgia has ever witnessed.

Heads of the various committees were crowded around Secretary E. Y. Clarke's desk, getting final instructions for the big day and telegrams were pouring in from all parts of southern Georgia, including Valdosta, Tifton, Moultrie, Cordele, Abbeville, Americus and other points to the chamber of commerce and to business men and hotels telling that crowds were coming to Fitzgerald on the Fourth. President Carl Rowntree, of the Scenic Film company, and a number of the senatorial candidates have already arrived, and telegrams from Souther Aviation field stated that the aeroplanes would leave Americus at 10 o'clock for Fitzgerald and would spend the day in Fitzgerald.

Indications tonight point to an attendance of not less than 20,000 people in the city for the Fourth of July celebration.

THREE AMERICUS BOYS DECORATED FOR SERVICE

Americus, Ga., July 3.—Three Americus boys, Claude D. Callaway, Ira G. Hallman and Boozie Turpin, who went to France as members of the Rainbow division, have just been decorated with the chevron of war in testimony of their having served six months in actual service at the front. All three are well known and members of prominent families in this community. Hallman, who is a first-class private, was an employee of The Americus Times-Recorder at the time of the Mexican mobilization and volunteered as a member of the Americus Light infantry, then Company I, Second Georgia, as did both Privates Callaway and Turpin. All served at the border and were transferred to the Macon machine gun company at their own request in order that they might get to France quickly.

Over Top in 40 Minutes.

Woodville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Woodville and the 138th district on last Friday, in about forty minutes, easily went over the top, pledging its full quota of $26,500 to war saving stamps. Colored citizens came up nobly, pledging $5,300. This district has two commissioned officers in the army and one in the navy. These splendid young men are the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. J. Vason McWhorter and First Lieutenant Henry R. Byrum, of the quartermaster's corps.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
Southern Railway System.

Effective Sunday, July 7, Southern Railway will inaugurate Atlanta-Asheville sleeping car leaving Atlanta on train No. 42 at 10:40 p. m. daily.—(adv.)

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

MORE BOOKS NEEDED AT FORT M'PHERSON

Due to an appeal for books printed in Wednesday morning's Constitution, the Officers' library at Fort McPherson was much enlarged. However, many more volumes are needed yet and all donations will be gratefully received. Light, easily read, untiring fiction is the most in demand, and Major Camac is desirous of procuring as many volumes as possible, and as quickly as possible. At present there are in the ward many convalescent officers to whom a downright good story would mean a lot.

Books may be mailed to Major Camac, Officers' Ward, Fort McPherson.

ASCO PLAYS D. Q. M. AT PONCEY TODAY AT 3:45 O'CLOCK

The Atlantic Steel company baseball team will play the D. Q. M. at Ponce de Leon this afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. This is a regularly scheduled game which was postponed from an earlier date in the season.

The admission will be 25 cents. Ladies admitted free. A hot contest can be expected by all who attend.

Incomplete returns from 25 states shows that nearly 3,400,000 women have registered for war work under the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense.

IOWA SENDS MOST MEN IN JULY INCREMENT

Georgia Sends 8,055, Tennessee 2,465 and Iowa 6,480 Men.

Official announcement of the personnel of the July increment of selectmen slated for this camp, which was made yesterday at camp headquarters, shows that new men will come here in force this month from the states of Georgia, Tennessee and Iowa.

A total of 6,480 Iowans come to the camp, 2,465 men will be contributed by the state of Tennessee and Georgia will send an increment of 8,055.

Four thousand of Georgia's offering to the military forces of the camp will be colored selectmen, and the remaining 4,055 will be whites.

The colored troops begin reporting at the camp on July 16 and continue until July 22. The whites then begin reporting and continue doing so over a five-day period.

It has been known for some time that Gordon was slated to get 16,000 new men during the present month, but official announcement of the exact number coming from each state was not announced until Wednesday.

Macon City Council Begins Investigation Of Rent Profiteering

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Acting on a request of the Macon Federation of Trades, a committee has been named by city council to meet with a committee from the trades body to discuss the rent situation in Macon and see what can be done to prevent profiteering by rent agents.

Just what the city government can do to control the situation is not known, but an effort will be made to find some solution. It is the general opinion of members of council that the matter should not be permitted to pass without some kind of protest being made against what is termed "high-handed" methods used by rent agents, who are said in many instances to have increased rents commensurate with recent increases in wages paid to working men and in many cases have practically doubled the rental charged for dwelling houses.

The trades federation has interested itself in the matter because the working class is most affected. It is said a number of skilled laborers have left Macon recently rather than submit to being held up.

COLQUITT NEWLYWEDS TO BE PUT IN CLASS 1

Moultrie, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The work of reclassifying registrants in Colquitt county will result in about a hundred additions to class I if the local board carries out the recommendations of the legal advisory board. All registrants now in class 4, who have married since the passage of the draft law in May, 1917, and there is a good bunch of them, the district board having jurisdiction over this section taking a very lenient view of late marriages, will be placed in class 1 if the legal advisory board's recommendations are carried out. Many of those affected by the new draft regulations are already winding up their business affairs and enlisting.

BAINBRIDGE PLANS BIG CELEBRATION TODAY

Bainbridge, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—A big patriotic demonstration has been planned for Bainbridge tomorrow. The celebration will begin in the morning with a splendid program, including an address by Judge Roscoe Luke, of the court of appeals, community singing and music by the Bainbridge band in Willie Park. All automobiles will be decorated and everybody is expected to wear the national colors. An airship will visit the town during the day performing spectacular stunts and the local Red Cross will furnish luncheon.

A handsome flag presented by the local Woodmen of the World will be raised by H. M. Emanuel, the oldest living member of the Decatur County Confederate Veterans' camp, and Marion Bradwell, grandson of the late Judge Charles G. Campbell, captain of the Bainbridge independents during the civil war.

Crowds are expected from the surrounding towns.

Elect INMAN Mayor

—(adv.)

Vote for Holloway for City Recorder.

—(adv.)

IDAHO MAN SAYS HE WAS FORCED OUT OF THE COAL BUSINESS

Gave Up Work on Account of Trouble--Suffered Many Years, But Got No Relief Until He Took Tanlac.

"I know of several others besides myself who are taking Tanlac, and they all say, as I do, that it is doing them a world of good," said J. A. Melton, who is connected with the Central Coal and Fuel company, and who resides at 527 South Sixteenth street, Boise City, Idaho.

"During the past five years," he continued, "I have suffered so much from rheumatism, disordered kidneys, and stomach trouble, that my life has been a burden to me. My whole body seemed affected by the rheumatism, my kidneys bothered me constantly and my back and sides ached so that I was nearly distracted from pain. I had fearful headaches and was so nervous for months that I never knew what it was to get a good night's sleep. I got so bad last summer and fall that I was forced to give up my work and for three long months I was on the flat of my back in bed, suffering agony.

"After I had spent over $150 for treatments that didn't give me relief, I read about Tanlac and tried it. I was surprised at the wonderful improvement it made in my feelings right from the start. My appetite began to pick up and all of my troubles began to leave me. I was able soon to eat anything I wanted and the rheumatism disappeared. My head never aches any more, my nerves are in splendid condition and I sleep like a log at night. I am back on the job working every day, in all sorts of weather and nothing ever troubles me at all. Tanlac has certainly made life worth the living for me."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., and by one regular established agency in every town.—(adv.)

ECZEMA BURNED LIKE FIRE

All Over Body. Inflamed and Swollen. Cuticura Healed.

"I was affected with acute eczema from January till June. It first started on my limbs in small pimples and it soon spread all over my body causing me to suffer untold torture. Some times my limbs were inflamed and swollen. I lost much sleep scratching the parts affected, which itched and burned like fire.

"I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after using one cake of Soap and one box of Ointment I was healed." (Signed) S. W. Stokely, Montgomery, Texas, February 19, 1918.

Make Cuticura Soap and Ointment your every-day toilet preparations.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. K, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

EDUCATIONAL

Blake School For Boys

LAKEWOOD, N. J.

Summer Session from July to Oct. Rapid preparation, and a College for boys wishing to enter Gov. service. Military training by experts. Horseback riding. Land and Water Sports. If YOU have a son from 13 to 19 you will be interested in our new booklet. Address Secretary NOW.

EMORY UNIVERSITY SCHOOL of MEDICINE

Atlanta Medical College

ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS: Diploma from high school, and two years' college credits in Physics, Biology, Chemistry, and German, French or Spanish.

Three Large Marble Buildings with Finely Equipped Laboratories

Course Leading to Academic Degree Students who have taken pre-medical work in Emory University are eligible for the degree of B. S. upon completion of first two years of medical work.

Hospital Facilities Grady (municipal) Hospital, 250 beds, across the street from the main building, in charge of members of medical faculty during the entire college session. Senior students given daily clinical and bedside instruction in this and other hospitals. "The J. J. Gray Clinic," a new out-patient building just completed at a cost of $75,000, offers excellent clinical advantages, the patients treated numbering 30,000 a year.

Tuition $150 per year. Catalog giving full information, also entrance blanks will be furnished by applying to

W. S. ELKIN, M. D., Dean, ATLANTA, GA.

RED CROSS GOLF MATCH RACES AT LAKEWOOD PARK TRACK VICTORY ATHLETIC CONTESTS FLYNN ARRIVES TODAY

Little Bob and Perry Play Western Golfers

By Dick Jemison.

All arrangements were completed yesterday morning for the gala athletic celebration at East Lake this afternoon at a meeting at Forrest & George Adair's office.

All committees actively engaged in arranging the monster golf, tennis, athletic and swimming events for benefit of the Atlanta chapter of the American Red Cross reported to Chairman Forrest Adair and all plans have been definitely arranged.

The day will open with a big Red Cross parade from the governor's mansion on Peachtree street to Mitchell street and return, in which all the canteen workers, Red Cross workers, women's national league of defense and the participants in the events at East Lake will participate.

The parade will start promptly at 11 o'clock from the governor's mansion and proceed over the route mentioned above. The P. K. O. S. Drum corps, J. L. Paschal, drum major, will lead the parade.

ADAIR AND JONES PLAY EDWARDS AND STANDISH.

The big event of the day, starting at 2:30 o'clock, will be the 18-hole golf match between Little Bob Jones, southern champion, and Perry Adair, winner of Atlanta's big invitation tournament last year, on one side, and Kenneth Edwards, of Chicago, and Jimmie Standish, of Detroit, on the other.

Edwards and Standish arrived in Atlanta Tuesday, and Tuesday afternoon played over the East Lake course of the Atlanta Athletic club. They are the guests of Thomas B. Paine, at his East Lake home, while in the city. Charles F. Thompson, president of the Western Golf association, and H. F. Smith, president of the Southern Golf association, are also Mr. Paine's guests for the tournament.

The local youngsters need little introduction to Atlanta fandom, but a few lines would not be amiss about the western stars.

Edwards is former western champion and runner-up to Francis Ouimet last year, losing by one stroke in a 30-hole match. He has been medalist and runner-up in the western several times, holds the course records for several of the western courses and the Flossmore star, as he is affectionately called, has been playing Red Cross matches all over America.

Standish has twice been champion of Michigan, runner-up in the western, medalist in the western and has won many of the western tournaments in different states on different occasions.

EVERYONE WELCOME; NO ADMISSION FEE.

Everyone in Atlanta, whether they be a member of a local club or not, are invited to attend the tournament and witness the play of these four stars. There will be no admission charge.

The proceeds to be presented to the Atlanta chapter of the American Red Cross will be derived from the sale of badges, soft drinks, candies, caddy privilege, the auctioning of golf balls and other items. Refreshment booths will be placed at intervals around the course and attended by the Red Cross workers.

A beautiful Shetland pony has been presented to the committee in charge of arrangements and this pony, named "Peggy Woodside," after the donor, will be auctioned during the course of the day, tickets to be sold on the grounds.

The committee in charge of the tournament wants to have it distinctly understood that everyone in Atlanta is invited to witness the match and the other events that will follow. They do not have to be a member of a local club to have this privilege.

G. W. Adair, T. B. Paine and Milton Dargan, Sr., will have charge of the match and the gallery can look to them for all instructions, etc.:

DOYLE, BERRY, LANGER TO EXHIBIT SKILL.

As an added attraction to the day's program, three stars in their particular branches of sports will exhibit their skill at the conclusion of the golf match.

Lieutenant Ludy Langer, world's famous swimmer, now at Camp Gordon, will demonstrate his famous "crawl" stroke, of which he is the acknowledged master, besides performing other feats. Lieutenant Langer's exhibition is but one of the many water events of the afternoon.

Connie Doyle, a member of the famous Doyle Brothers, tennis team of Washington, D. C., arrived in Atlanta yesterday morning and paired with Dr. Nat Thornton, will engage in a double match against E. V. Carter, Jr., and C. Y. Smith.

Howard Berry, the famous University of Pennsylvania athlete, now stationed at Camp Hancock at Augusta, will come to Atlanta tomorrow morning and during the afternoon will exhibit how to throw the javelin, of which he is the acknowledged master.

All in all, a wonderful program has been arranged for the entertainment of Atlantans, and from the various items to be sold, it is believed that a record sum for golf tournaments will be raised at the Atlanta Athletic club's event.

EIGHT EVENTS ARRANGED IN SWIMMING PROGRAM.

The following is the program of the swimming events arranged to immediately follow the tennis match and the javelin thorwing.

First—50-Yard Swim (senior event): Entrants, E. F. Hatcher, H. E. Maddox, Gilbert Fraser, E. G. Willingham, R. G. Weiss, Hugh Bell, Phil Schoeneck, Lieutenant C. W. McMullen, Sergeant Henry G. Hamilton, E. S. Thompson, A. McDonald, J. B. Downer, Henry Schindel.

Second—Obstacle Canoe Race: Entrants, W. A. Dodge and Sam McDaniel, Tom Bryan and E. F. Hatcher, Beaumont Davison and Earl Neal, Emerson Holleman and S. Lester, Steve Hartney and Maurice Sullivan.

Third—Ladies' 50-Yard Swim: Entrants, Virginia Ashe, Margaret Bryan, Meriam Jones, Charlotte Wilkins, Mariana Goldsmith, Helen Whitehurst, Dorothy Dodd, Delva Lewis, Irene Thomas.

Fourth—Junior 50-Yard Swim: Entrants, Cabbel Hopkins, Rankin Manley, Guy Carpenter, T. S. Lewis, Denney Owens, Harry Ansley, Green Warren, Oren Jackson, Albert Jackson.

Fifth—Tilting: Entrants, W. A. Dodge and Sam McDaniel, Steve Hartney and Maurice Sullivan, Thomas Bryan and E. F. Hatcher, Beaumont Davison and Earl Neal.

Sixth—Surprise event.

Seventh—220-Yard Swim (senior event): Entrants, Hobart Carson, Gilbert Fraser, Glen Evins, H. E. Maddox, Phil Schoeneck, E. G. Willingham, R. C. Weiss, Ludy Langer, Tat Walthour, Lieutenant C. W. McMullen, Sergeant Henry C. Hamilton, E. S. Thompson, A. McDonald, J. B. Downer, Henry Schindel.

Eighth—Fancy Diving: Entrants, Thomas Bryan, Steve Hartney, Ben Hill, Jr., Maurace Sullivan, Hugh Bell, Harry Ansley, Lieutenant C. W. McMullen, Sergeant Henry G. Hamilton, E. S. Thompson, A. McDonald, J. B. Downer, Henry Schindel.

Officials: Starter and clerk of course, W. A. Logan.

Judges—Strother Fleming, Russel Compton, Harold Rogers.

Timekeepers—Joe Bean, Wimberley Peters, Tom Gentry, W. K. Franklin, Howard Geldert.

Announcer—Forrest Adair.

Referee—Al Doonan.

The meet is sanctioned by the Southern Amateur Athletic union and all records will be official.

"VICTORY MEETS" SCHEDULED TODAY

Fifteen Thousand Soldiers, Sailors and Marines to Compete in Southeastern Department Games.

More than 15,000 soldiers stationed throughout the southeastern military department will actually participate in the "Victory Athletic Meet," which will be held in every camp and cantonment on July Fourth under the auspices of the army and navy Y. M. C. A. It is estimated that there will be more than a quarter of a million spectators.

The "Victory" meet is the greatest athletic meet that has ever been staged in America. It has been officially sanctioned by Colonel T. Ridgeway, acting commander of the southeastern department and Admiral F. E. Beatty, head of the Sixth Naval district, and was made possible by the 126 Y. M. C. A. physical directors of the southeastern department.

The greatest feature of the meet is the number of men actually participating in the events and that all the camps are taking part regardless of the size. All the contestants will wear regulation trousers, whether marine, soldier or sailor. There will be many famous athletes to take part in the events, who have recently joined the colors.

Committees, referees, judges and starters have already been appointed. All arrangements have been completed, and everything stands in readiness at all the camps of the southeast for the mammoth event.

The events for which prizes are being offered are: Fifty-yard dash, 100-yard dash, 220-yard dash, 1-mile run, ½-mile run, running broad jump. Prizes will be awarded each member of the winning team in semaphore signaling; litter-bearers' race and relay race.

The regiment or company unit winning the greatest number of points will receive a trophy.

Some camps have added baseball and other events to the regular program in order to make it an all-day affair.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AD BRENNAN WINS FOR THE SENATORS

Washington, July 3.—Washington defeated New York, 4 to 3, today in the opening game of the series here. All of the Washington runs were scored off Russell, who was knocked out of the box in the sixth inning.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
New York .....000 110 100—3 10 2
Washington .....100 012 00x—4 10 1
Batteries—Russell, Mogridge and Hannah, Walters; Brennan, Shaw and Picinich.

Athletics 6, Red Sox 0.

Philadelphia, July 3.—Gregg blanked Boston today, allowing only one hit in the first seven innings. Philadelphia won, 6 to 0, its second straight shutout victory. Errors helped the locals in scoring their runs.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Boston .....000 000 000—0 1 0
Philadelphia .....012 020 01x—6 7 0
Batteries—Bady, Molyneux and Agnew, Mayer; Gregg and Perkins.

White Sox 9, Tigers 5.

Chicago, July 3.—Eddie Collins' home run in the seventh inning off Dauss, put Chicago ahead today and they won from Detroit, 9 to 5. Chicago took the lead by hitting opportunely behind bases on balls and Bush's error and a wild pitch, but Detroit tied the count when Shellenback weakened.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Detroit .....100 100 300—5 13 2
Chicago .....102 002 13x—9 7 1
Batteries—Bailey, Dauss and Stanage; Shellenback, Benz, Danforth and Schalk.

Browns 6, Indians 2.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 3.—St. Louis won the second game of the series from Cleveland here today, 6 to 2. Morton weakened in the eighth, the visitors scoring four runs on four singles, a double and two sacrifice hits, combined with Thomas' error of an easy foul fly.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
St. Louis .....000 000 042—6 13 1
Cleveland .....100 001 000—2 6 1
Batteries—Sothoron and Nunamaker; Morton, Bagby and Thomas.

STANDING OF CLUBS

American League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	37	28	.569
Boston	39	30	.565
Cleveland	41	32	.562
Washington	38	33	.535
St. Louis	34	36	.486
Chicago	32	35	.478
Detroit	28	38	.424
Philadelphia	24	41	.370

National League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	45	19	.703
New York	43	21	.672
Philadelphia	30	32	.484
Boston	31	35	.470
Pittsburg	29	34	.460
Brooklyn	26	37	.413
Cincinnati	25	37	.403
St. Louis	25	39	.391

OTHER RESULTS

International League.
At Buffalo 0, Jersey City 14.
At Binghamton 8, Syracuse 0.

American Association.
At St. Paul 5, Mineapolis 1.
At Louisville 5-5, Columbus 4-0.
At Toledo 5, Indianapolis 2.
At Milwaukee-Kansas City—rain.

Texas League.
Dallas 3-4, Shreveport 0-0.
Fort Worth 2, Waco 6.
At Beaumont: Houston 7, San Antonio 8.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

American League.
Detroit in Chicago; St. Louis in Cleveland
New York in Wash.; Boston in Philadelphia

National League.
Chicago in St. Louis; Cincinnati in Pitts.
Phila. in Boston; Brooklyn in New York

Telegram for Eubanks.

There is a telegram at the sporting department for Carl Eubanks.

"WORK OR FIGHT" ORDER MAY HIT COLONELS HARD

Louisville, Ky., July 3.—Provost Marshal General Crowder's "work or fight" order was brought sharply to the attention of the Louisville American association baseball club today when Joseph Conkling, secretary of draft board No. 5, called upon its members who have registered under the selective service act to appear before the board for an inquiry to determine whether they are engaged in productive occupations.

Players affected are aCtchers Bradley, Kocher and William Meyer, the entire infield, composed of Kirke, McCarthy, Bues and Kores, and at least two pitchers, Tyson and Bennett.

No date for fixed for the hearing.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cards 2, Cubs 1.

St. Louis, July 3.—St. Louis won from Chicago today, 2 to 1. It was the locals' first victory over the Cubs since the opening game of the season. With the score tied in the eighth, Fisher singled, stole second base and scored on a single by Grimm.

Score by innings: R. O. E.
Chicago .....000 010 000—1 8 2
St. Louis .....100 000 010—2 8 0
Batteries—Douglas and Killifer; Packard, Ames and Gonzales.

Pirates 8, Reds 5.

Pittsburg, July 3.—Cincinnati lost to Pittsburg today, 8 to 5. The visitors scored all their runs in the third inning, when Mayer was hit for three singles, a triple and a home run. Pittsburg won the game in the eighth by scoring four runs on two hits, two walks, a hit batsman and an error.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Cincinnati .....005 000 000—5 10 1
Pittsburg .....000 121 040—8 12 1
Batteries—Schneider and Wingo; Mayer, Comstock, Cooper and Schmidt.

Giants Win Two.

New York, July 3.—New York won both sections of a double-header from Brooklyn here today, winning by scores of 9 to 4 and 1 to 0. New York took the first handily, hitting Robertson, a Southern association recruit, hard in the pinches.

In the second game, Perritt defeated Cheney in a tight pitchers' battle. Only two hits were made off Perritt and only twenty-eight men faced him.

FIRST GAME.
Score by innings: R. H. E.
Brooklyn .....002 000 020—4 8 1
New York.....300 003 030—9 8 1
Batteries—Robertson and Miller; Demaree and McCarty.

SECOND GAME.
Score by innings: R. H. E.
Brooklyn .....000 000 000—0 2 1
New York.....000 000 010—1 5 1
Batteries—Cheney and M. Wheat; Perritt and Rariden.

Phillies 5, Braves 0.

Boston, July 3.—Philadelphia took the first game of the series from Boston, 5 to 0 today. Miserable support accorded Rudolph was responsible for all but one of Philadelphia's runs. The victory enabled Philadelphia to move into third place, displacing Boston.

Score by innings: R. H. T.
Philadelphia .....000 410 000—5 6 1
Boston .....000 000 000—0 3 3
Batteries—Hogg and Burns; Rudolph and Wilson.

PIEDMONT PARK PONY SHOW BIG SUCCESS

An old-fashioned horse and pony show was given at Piedmont park Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. A good crowd attended the show, and although the admission was free, a neat sum was realized by free-will offerings. The proceeds are to go to the Atlanta Humane society.

Ralph Ragan gave a daring exhibition of rough riding that drew much applause from the audience.

One of the events of the evening was to be a chargers class for military officers, but the officers could not get off from their duty and this was not held.

The show was such a success that Mrs. John Hill, chairman of the committee of arrangements, announced that another one would be held in about two weeks with several added attractions.

The winners were as follows:

Model lass for Ponies: Frankie Sanders, Hugh Richardson, Joe Raine.

Model Class for Horses: Margaret McKee, Candler Dobbs.

Saddle Ponies: Joe Raine, Hugh Richardson, Sam Inman.

Ponies in Single Harness: Joe Raine.

Ponies in Double Harness: Sam Inman.

Ladies' Saddle Class (silver cup for first prize): Mrs. Edward W. Davidson, Margaret McKee, Harriet McCullough.

Best Boy Riders: Joe Raine, Hugh Richardson, Sam Inman.

Best Girl Riders: Henrietta Chelnor, Frankie Sanders.

Exhibition of Rough Riding: Ralph Ragan.

Men's Saddle Class: Candler Dobbs, Lieutenant Frindell (riding Mrs. Hill's "John Randolph"), Ralph Ragan.

Saddle Pairs: Candler Dobbs and Mrs. Davidson, Lieutenant Frindell and Madeline McCullough.

Pony Race: Joe Raine, Sam Inman, Hugh Richardson.

Jumping Class: Miss Margaret McKee.

The judges were Mr. W. W. Nevin and Mr. Asa Patterson.

Flynn Arrives Here Today; Boxes at Gordon Friday

Dan ("Porky") Flynn, the Boston battler who meets Jack Dempsey, the Western flash, in the main bout at the Auditorium-Armory Saturday night, will arrive in Atlanta today.

The local promoters received the following wire from Joe Woodman, Flynn's manager, yesterday:

"Will arrive with Flynn late Thursday evening. He will box Friday night for the Knights of Columbus at Camp Gordon. He is one himself as well as an Elk. Flynn in great shape and Dempsey is going to have a real battle on his hands. Joe Woodman."

Flynn will entertain the soldiers at Camp Gordon Friday night in a boxing exhibition at the Knights of Columbus hall under the direction of Athletic Director T. A. Wigmore, who arranged the entertainment, confirmation as above from Flynn being all that was necessary to close the arrangements.

At the same time, one of the contestants in one of the preliminaries will box an exhibition against some camp boy to fill out a card of boxing especially for the soldiers' benefit.

Dempsey Arrives Saturday.

Jack Dempsey, the western flash, the most-sought-for heavyweight in the game today, will arrive here Saturday morning from Joplin, Mo., where he boxes today against Bob Devere.

Jack Kearns, manager of Dempsey, wired the local promoters yesterday as follows:

"We will catch the first train out of Joplin for Atlanta right after our bout here with Bob Devere July 4. Dempsey is traveling at a great clip right now. Expect to make short work of Devere. You have certainly picked a tough one for us in Flynn. Jack Kearns."

With both camps claiming good condition and both boys boxing at their best right now, Atlanta fans are going to witness an entire card of the class of boxing that they delight in witnessing—the slam-bang type.

From the battle royal, in which there will be eleven participants, right through the main go there is a threat of a kay-o all the way, and more action is promised in the twenty-two rounds of boxing plus the battle royal than has ever been crowded into a boxing-card in this city before.

Tickets are on sale at Chess' Place on Edgewood avenue, at the Gate City Barber shop on Auburn avenue and at the Knights of Columbus hall at Camp Gordon. The prices are ringside $3.30, boxes, dress circle and stage, $2.20, and general admission, $1.10. Soldiers are admitted half price, plus the full war tax. A special section in the dress circle will be reserved for colored fans, also the entire right side of the gallery.

Every indication points to a record house.

COMPLETE ENTRY LIST OF RACES

Fine Field Entered in Harness, Running, Motorcycle and Auto Races Today at Lakewood.

The complete list of entries in the auto races, motorcycle races and harness and running races and the time of each as announced by the Southeastern fair management last night are given below.

The complete program appears elsewhere.

Harness Races 1 P. M.

2:20 Pace: Maurice S.—John Carley; Dr. Gentry—S. H. Burns; Nell Thorn—J. W. Williamson; Loco Duff—D. L. Peacock.

2:20 Trot: Lula Dillon—H. T. Culp; Zenobria J.—J. S. Duffy; Keep Worthy—John Carley; Kid Dillon—J. W. Crockett.

2:10 Pace: Red S.—J. W. Crockett; Monte F.—S. H. Burns; Patchen Heart—W. Y. Escoe; Stanley L.—D. B. Bartlett.

Running Races 4 P. M.

First Race, Six Furlongs: Star Baby, W. Kellar, weight 115; Apple Jack, W. Ball, weight 115; Johnny Hughes, A. Morgan, weight 115; Clynta, J. Hodge, weight 115; Phedoden, F. Jackson, weight 115; Hazlenut, J. Mulcahey, weight 115.

Second Race, One Mile: Tea High, W. Kelker, weight 110; Bob Dundon, A. Morgan, weight 115; Attorney Muir, J. Mulcahey, weight 115; Ned Milebright, F. Jackson, weight 115.

Third Race, Six Furlongs: Hazlenut, J. Mulcahey, weight 115; Olga Petrovia, A. Morgan, weight 115; Andrew Johnson, J. Hodge, weight 115; Miss Jazbo, F. Jackson, weight 115; John Furlong, W. Kelker, weight 115.

Motorcycle Races 5 P. M.

W. V. Miller, referee.
No. 1—Five-mile dash.
No. 2—Ten-mile dash.
No. 3—Fifteen-mile dash.
No. 4—Five-mile dash for amateurs.

The following riders have entered in these races: George Barnard, Birmingham, Ala.; Harry J. Glenn, Atlanta, Ga.; Nemo Lancaster, Atlanta, Ga.; W. L. Manning, Atlanta, Ga.; Earl Morrison, Birmingham, Ala.; Wilmer M. Richards, Atlanta, Ga.; Hammond Springs, Atlanta, Ga.

Georgia Ford Derby—10 Miles.

Drivers, Bob Lutton, Oscar Ayers, Jerry Lutton and Harry Glenn.

LADIES' SINGLES TO BEGIN TODAY

Play for Southern Tennis Championship Starts This Morning on the East Lake Courts.

Ladies will start play at East Lake Thursday morning in the Southern Tennis tournament.

Quite a notable entry list has been secured, and some delightful matches are promised the players as well as spectators Thursday.

The matches for Thursday as as follows:

10:00 A. M.—Miss Frances Kern vs. Miss Clara Johnson, Miss Cleo Mabels vs. Theresa Hood, Miss Agnes Johnson vs. Miss Martha Worsham, Miss Julia Green vs. Miss Estelle Barrett.

11:15 A. M.—Miss Katheryn Crandall vs. winner Kern-Johnson match.

5:30 P. M.—Miss Murphy vs. winner Hood-Mabel match.

Yesterday's Results.

The simi-finals were reached in the men's singles and doubles at the conclusion of yesterday's play. The following were the results:

Singles.

Carter defeated Lieutenant Sabron, 6-1, 6-4.

Cox defeated Ragan, 6-1, 9-7.

Mansfield defeated E. Csintz, 1-6, 6-4, 7-5.

Consolation Singles.

Lieutenant Sabron defeated Porter, 6-3, 7-5.

The Wilson-Berrien match was not completed, Wilson winning the first set, 6-4, and Berrien the second, 6-3, when darkness called a halt. Wilson was leading in the third set when time was called.

Doubles.

Carter and Orr defeated Giles and Williamson, 6-1, 6-0.

Grant and Thornton defeated E. Csintz and Cox, 6-2, 8-6.

TODAY'S SCHEDULE.
2:30 P. M.
Carter vs. Mansfield.
Smith vs. Cox.

All contestants in the consolation singles are requested to be on hand also at this time to compete, as the golf committee hopes to complete the consolation singles at that time.

ROBERTSON REFUSES TO REJOIN GIANTS

Norfolk, Va., July 3.—Dave Robertson, star outfielder of the National league last year, today announced that he had turned down the offer of $7,500 from the New York Giants to play ball for the remainder of the season and will remain in the government service. He is an agent of the department of justice here.

CARNIVAL TO STAGE CELEBRATION TODAY

Ararat Grotto Carnival Moves Location to Jackson St. Account Better Car Service.

The Ararat Grotto carnival moved from Ponce de Leon park Wednesday and showed Wednesday night on the show grounds on Jackson street. The change was made on account of the betterment to the public in the way of car service, the show grounds being conveniently located near several good car lines.

A big Fourth of July celebration will be held on the midway today and the park will be turned over to the politicians. Music will be furnished by two good bands and politics will mingle with mirth as the various candidates address the crowds.

The J. F. Murphy shows, which are furnishing the attractions for the celebration, will unfurl their service flag this morning. The flag bears thirty stars, which are for the young showmen who have gone into the service. The flag will be presented by Margaret Stanton, the diving Venus, and will be accepted by the officials of the show.

The midway will be open afternoon and nights until after the Saturday night performance, when they will leave for Macon.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

2-LB. LIMIT ON SUGAR BY SUMTER FOOD-FIXER

Americus, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The new sugar regulations which have just been inaugurated by the state food administration have caused great inconvenience in Americus, where residents, many of whom failed to properly appreciate the serious shortage now confronting the nation, are seeking a more liberal interpretation of the new regulations.

Franc Mangum, food administrator for Sumter county, has ruled that no individual may purchase more than two pounds of sugar at a time, while many here seek the privilege of purchasing a month's supply as has been their custom heretofore.

Parties with large families will endeavor to have the new ruling so interpreted as to permit their purchasing at least a week's supply at a time.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

ATLANTA'S MOST BEAUTIFUL AND POPULAR THEATER
LYRIC B. F. KEITH'S SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
FOLLIES DE VOGUE
With Charles Leland Marsh and Hazel Kirke, Musical Johnstons, Ergatti's Lilliputians, and others.

LOEW'S GRAND
Four Shows Today—Big Holiday Bill
MAXWELL QUINTETTE
"A Night at the Club."
HENDRIX & RUSSELL
Dance Originalities
O'NEIL SISTERS
Daintiest of Girls
SAMUEL SIEGEL
Mandolinist Supreme
FELIX & FISCHER
Acrobatic Specialties
GEORGE WALSH, in
"The Kid is Clever."

Goldwyn presents
MADGE KENNEDY in THE SERVICE STAR
The Flag of All Mothers
TODAY STRAND

Alamo No. 2
DOUBLE BILL—TODAY
"Fatty" Arbuckle
300-Lb. Ray of Sunshine, in
"MOONSHINE"
With VIVIAN MARTIN, in
"MOLLY ENTANGLED"
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
WM. S. HART
In One of His Big Ones
"THE DESERT MAN"

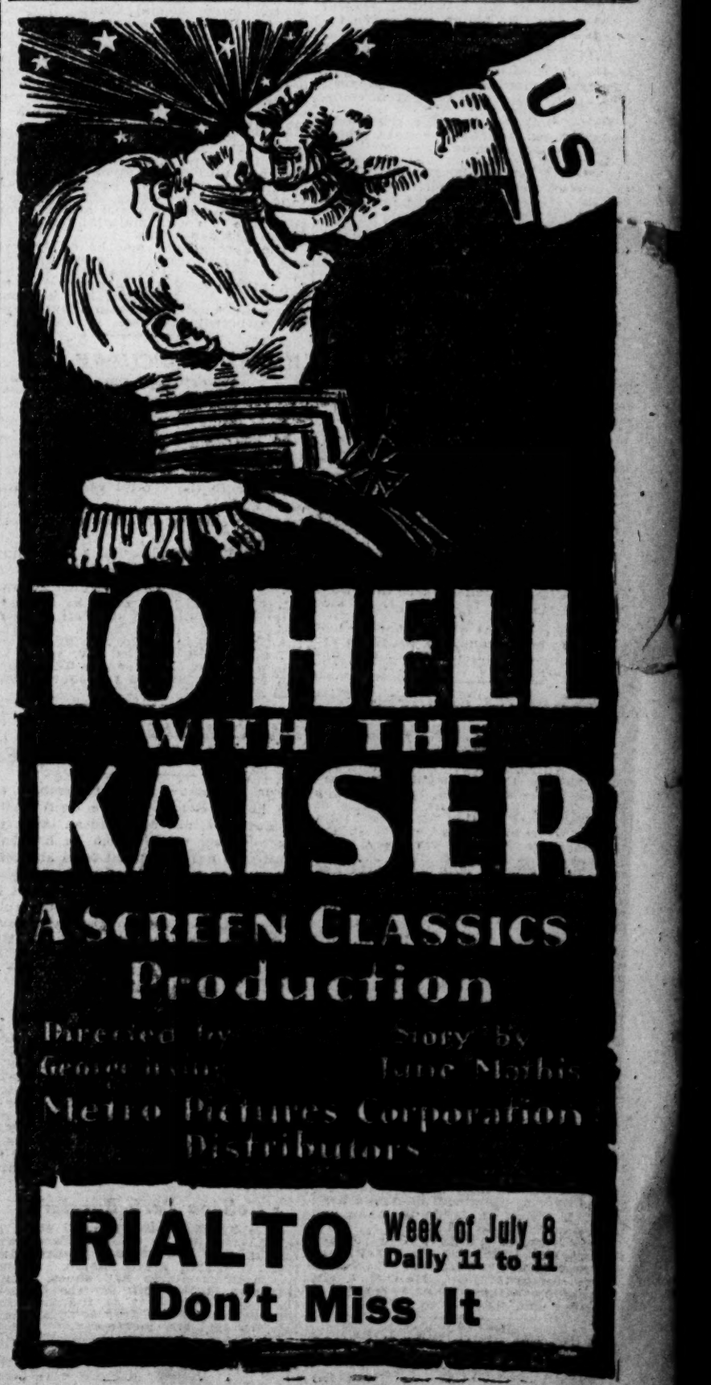
Mr. William Oldknow takes pleasure in announcing the opening of
THE TUDOR
Atlanta's Daintiest Theater
TODAY at 11:00 A. M.
—WITH—
HERBERT RAWLINSON
—IN—
"SMASHING THROUGH"
—AND—
TUDOR SCREEN MAGAZINE
"Major Billy" Wellborn, the Atlanta girl who picked the selectmen's orders numbers in Washington, is featured in the Screen Magazine.
Admission (Including War Tax)
ADULTS, 15 CENTS. CHILDREN, 5 CENTS

FORSYTH
LAST TIME TODAY
Mary Pickford in "How Could You, Jean?"

VAUDETTE 10 to 10:30 o'clock Always Five Cents
TODAY
MONROE SALISBURY
An intensely gripping drama
"The Guilt of Science"
Also a screaming comedy
FRIDAY
ALMA REUBENS
Pretty, dainty star in
"Madam Sphinx"
Also a side-splitting scream
SATURDAY
AL ST. JOHN
In a rollicking story
"A Polished Villain"

RIALTO
BEGINNING TODAY
Most Famous of Vampires
THEDA BARA
In 1918 Version of
"The CLEMENCEAU CASE"
A masterpiece of filmed fiction, in which the wizardry of Bara's art reaches its pinnacle. Dumas' great novel, picturized, shortened, modernized, running like a race horse through five reels of tense drama.

The Criterion
DAILY—10:45, 12:30, 2:15, 4:00, 5:45, 7:30, 9:15
TODAY
MY OWN UNITED STATES
With
MR. ARNOLD DALY
Also The Criterion Screen Telegram
NEXT WEEK The Yellow Ticket



You Need Not Suffer from Catarrh

But You Must Drive It Out of Your Blood to Get Rid of It Permanently.

You have probably been in the habit of applying external treatments, trying to cure your Catarrh. You have used sprays, washes and lotions and possibly been temporarily relieved. But after a short time you had another attack and wondered why. You must realize that catarrh is an infection of the blood and to get permanent relief the catarrh infection must be driven out of the blood. The quicker you come to understand this, the quicker you will get it out of your system. S. S. S., which has been in constant use for over fifty years, will drive the catarrhal poisons out of your blood, purifying and strengthening it, so it will carry vigor and health to the mucous membranes on its journeys hrough your body and nature will oon restore you to health. You will e relieved of the droppings of mucous your throat, sores in nostrils, bad breath, hawking and spitting.

All reputable druggists carry S. S. S. in stock and we recommend you give it a trial immediately.

The chief medical adviser of the Company will cheerfully answer all letters on the subject. There is no charge for the medical advice. Address Swift Specific Company, 432 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you are suffering from rectal troubles such as Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Fissure or Varicose Veins, which invariably cause loss of vitality, nervousness and general debility, I will cure you or make no charge for my services. I also successfully treat Catarrh, Blood Poison, Skin, Kidney, Bladder and Chronic Diseases, Eczema, Nervous Debility, Exhaustion, Weakness. Out-of-town men visiting the city call on me at once, as you may be cured before returning home. Office hours daily 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 3 p. m. to 5 p. m., and at night Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays and holidays 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. Everything strictly private and confidential.

DR. T. W. HUGHES, Specialist
Established 1912—18½ N. Broad St., upp. 3rd Nat. Bank, Atlanta, Ga.

TO LAY CORNERSTONE OF COLORED Y. M. C. A.

Impressive Ceremonies to Mark Important Step in Civic Welfare This Afternoon.

The cornerstore of the new colored Y. M. C. A. will be laid this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Prior to the laying of the cornerstone a short program composed of addresses and special music will be held in Bethel A. M. E. church, which is near by the new building, at which time a representative from each of the denominations will speak. Among them will be Rev. J. A. Lindsay, A. M. E. church; Rev. W. H. Nelson, of the C. M. E.; Rev. H. H. Proctor, of the Congregational church; Rev. L. H. King, of the M. E. church; Rev. J. W. Jackson, of the Baptist; Rev. B. J. Bridges, of the A. M. E. Zion, and Rev. W. Q. Rogers, of the Episcopal church.

The line of march will be formed at the old Y. M. C. A. building, No. 132, Auburn avenue, at 3 o'clock, and will be led by the Paul Moss Orphanage brass band of Augusta, the Third Georgia regiment drum corps, the ministers, the officers of the Y. M. C. A., and the military rank of the K. of P., with several other organizations, and proceed to Bethel church, where the program will be carried out. From this point the colored Masons, headed by Dr. H. R. Butler, grand master of the state, will lead the march to the new building on Butler street, where the stone will be laid by Refuge lodge, which has the distinction of making the largest contribution to the building fund. All of the colored Masons of the city and many from other parts of the state will turn out and assist in this long-looked-for occasion.

It is expected that the members of the trustee board, the board of directors of the Central Y. M. C. A., will be present and encourage the negroes in this their laudable undertaking. Among them will be Messrs. W. Woods White, J. K. Orr, George Winship, Jr., John J. Eagan and C. G. Bradt, who has rendered such fine service on the building committee. The new building is going up rapidly under the direction of A. D. Hamilton, contractor. The plans were drawn by the well-known firm of Rentz, Reid & Adler.

The following are members of the committee of management: C. C. Carter, chairman; David T. Howard, vice chairman; J. O. Ross, treasurer; William Driskell, A. D. Hamilton, S. W. Walker, W. A. B. Cosby, L. G. Harris, John Hope, W. A. Fountain, J. L. Wheeler, J. W. Dobbs, Dr. H. R. Butler, A. F. Herndon, James A. Robinson, Dr. Charles Johnson, T. E. Gibson, J. H. Starks and Robert Reeves. W. J. Trent, the executive secretary, has been in charge of the work here since 1911.

It is expected that a large sum will be raised this afternoon toward the completion of the furniture fund.

Three County Police Named at Meeting Of Fulton Commission

The monthly meeting of the Fulton county commission Wednesday resolved itself into a midsummer routine meeting. Besides the usual amount of routine work transacted by the commission, three county police were elected to the force, upon recommendation of Chief George Mathieson. They are A. A. Atkinson, E. F. Donehoo and T. O. Cofield.

Miss Agnes McKenne, superintendent of the Fulton County Home for Wayward Girls, which is situated at Pinecrest, submitted her resignation to the commission, effective August 1. She gave as the reason for the resignation her bad health. Miss McKenne has been superintendent since the establishment of the institution several months ago. No action was taken towards naming her successor.

The commission authorized salary increases for certain policemeyees, in the decision to raise by 20 per cent the pay of municipal court employees, and to increase by $5 the pay of county convict guards.

The first raise is made contingent upon the passage by the state senate of an act empowering the commission to grant raises to marshals, clerks and deputies of the municipal court. County convict guards formerly were paid $80 and $85 a month; by the raise they will be given $55 and $65.

Two Illinois Youths Bound Over Charged With Theft of Auto

Judge T. O. Hathcock in the criminal division of the municipal court Wednesday bound over to the superior court under $2,000 bonds each Jewell Bennett and David Bundy, white youths from Benton, Ill.

The boys were charged with the theft of an automobile, the property of S. L. Sloan, which was stolen from in front of the Lyric theater. It was brought out at the trial that the two boys had driven a car belonging to Sergeant Bennett, stationed at Camp Gordon, brother of young Bennett, from Illinois to Atlanta and turned it over to the soldier, after which it was claimed, they stole Sloan's car and got as far as Chattanooga, where they were apprehended and Detective J. A. McKibben went after them.

Sergeant Bennett stated that he had given the boys money on which to return to Benton. J. H. Doyal, city detective, prosecuted the case.

POSTOFFICE ROBBERS GET STIFF SENTENCES

W. J. Auten, Jr., C. N. Edmundson and Ollie Taylor, the three young men arrested some time ago in connection with the robbery of the postoffice at the Woodward station at 808 Marietta street, were each found guilty in the United States district court and were sentenced by Judge William T. Newman to a fine of $500 and costs and two years in the penitentiary. Edmundson and Taylor pleaded guilty and were sentenced immediately, but Auten stood trial and was found guilty.

M. L. Jones, a young white man from Coweta county, was tried on a charge of wearing United States army clothing and was fined $10. He was caught wearing an army regulation shirt.

John Williams, from Walton county, was tried for being a slacker and was sentenced to one month in jail and then to be inducted into the army.

TWO BOUND OVER IN LIQUOR CASES

Paul Green, a negro from Dawson county, was tried before United States Commissioner Colquitt Carter Wednesday afternoon on a charge of removing and concealing whisky. He was bound over to the grand jury on a bond of $200, which he failed to make and was committed to jail.

Roy Farmer, a negro from Heard county, was tried also on a charge of working at a distillery and was bound over to the grand jury. He was caught Wednesday afternoon at work in a distillery and made a confession.

Vote for Holloway for City Recorder. —(adv.)

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Over the Holiday Coverings Fail to Check Cotton Decline

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, July 3.—(Special.)—An easy tendency continued in the cotton market today, the selling becoming more general as people more fully realized the significance of the government crop report of yesterday. The trade demand enters the market on every new setback, but we do not think the indications point to sufficient demand to sustain the selling which we believe will come from the south in the near future, and although there may be reactions from time to time, we continue to believe that the trend of the market is toward lower levels.

JOHNSTON BROS.,
Successor to Johnston, Storm & Co.

New York, July 3.—(Special.)—The weekly report was more favorable than expected, although selling at the time of issuance was restricted on the advance to above 24 cents for October. Offerings increased upon the receipt of private reports of rains in the Houston district. A great deal of the trading was in liquidation of contracts for over the holiday. No definite advices were received as to the spot situation. Closing prices were 20 points lower than last night. The undertone, however, was steady.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, July 3.—(Special.)—The showers of yesterday as officially reported show from half to three-quarters of an inch of rain in central Texas. Waxahachie had an inch and thirty hundredths, Houston an unusual rainfall of over four inches. This rainfall was not general over the state, which still needs the usual July rains. The weekly government report gave prominence to this dry weather in portions of Texas. A quick reaction of some 35 points followed, which was lost as the feeling grew among the trade that as the government had forecasted a crop of over fifteen million until actual damage came to create the belief in a smaller yield than this forecast the little investment demand could be expected. Covering before a holiday was a feature all day.

H UBBARD BROS. & CO.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Atlanta bank clearings
Wednesday $7,077,178.51
Same day last year..... holiday

Mnoey Market.

Francs, demand 5.71¾; cables 5.69⅞. Guilders, demand 50; cables 50⅛. Lires, demand 8.81; cables 8.80. Rubles, demand 13½; cables 14 nominal. Mexican dollars 77; government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

London Money.

London, July 3.—Bar silver 48 13-16d per ounce. Money 3 per cent.

Discount rates: Short bills 3½ per cent; three months bills 3 9-16 per cent.

Metals.

New York, July 3.—Metal exchange quotes lead steady; spot 7.90; spelter quiet; East St. Louis delivery, spot 8.50@8.70.

At London: Tin, spot and futures, £337.

Public Health Service At War on Mosquitoes As Well as Typhoid

At the public health service, in the Rhodes building, in addition to making 150 daily inoculations for typhoid, the service is now making war on the mosquito.

Lieutenant L. H. Evans, sanitary engineer, is working in harmony with Dr. Kennedy, of the local board of health, and their co-operative work is getting gratifying results.

At present there are seven gangs of fifteen men each at work ditching out the small streams and clearing up the undergrowth on the streams in the outskirts of the city. There are also five spraying parties of two men each who are busily engaged in spraying every low place where there is standing water that cannot easily be drained.

The work began in the early spring, the American Red Cross having started the work around Camp Gordon. The health service is now actively engaged in exterminating the mosquito from the city of Atlanta, Camp Gordon, Fort McPherson and the rifle range at Norcross. Already the government has spent $36,000, the Red Cross $7,000 and the city something over $3,500 in the fight against the mosquito in and around the city.

There are two kinds of mosquitoes in this vicinity—the small black mosquito that is noiseless and the singing mosquito that insists upon pouring his tuneful lay into your ears about the time you desire to doze off. The former pumps for blood and at the same time fills you with malaria; the latter is far less dangerous.

The approaching months of August and September are the worst months in the year for the mosquito. Everybod ythroughout the city is asked to co-operate in the fight by keeping down the weeds and seeing that there are no breeding places.

JULIAN B. M'CURRY VISITOR AT CAPITOL

Hon. Julian B. McCurry, of Hartwell, who has served in both branches of the general assembly and is a candidate for the next house from his county, was a visitor to the capitol yesterday and was warmly greeted by former colleagues and acquaintances of both houses.

Mr. McCurry made quite a reputation while in the legislature for his skillful handling of measures in which he was interested, many of which he successfully piloted through to their present place on the statute books. He was the first man to introduce a bill for an automobile registration law, while he was a member of the senate. The measuse was enacted by a subsequent general asembly.

HAS COMPILED INDEX TO STANDING RULES

For the convenience of members of the house, Representative Cecil Neill, of Muscogee, has compiled an index to the standing rules, which he has had printed in neat pamphlet form and distributed on the desk of each member. Members find that the little booklet is a great time-saver in finding the rule on each subject, and many of them have expressed their appreciation to Mr. Neill for his thoughtfulness and generosity in furnishing them with such a guide.

Meat Packer Visits Here.

P. A. Balmer, of New Orleans, La., one of the pioneer meat packers of the south, Wednesday arrived in the city to spend a short vacation with W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision company, and president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce. This is the first visit Mr. Balmer has made to Atlanta in over 20 years, and he seemed amazed at the growth and prosperity of the city and its delightful climate.

College Park Burglary.

Tuesday night the general store of G. P.Wrig ht, in College Park, was broken into and several hundred dollars' worth of goods stolen. Among the articles stolen are shoes, pants, ties, shoe laces, etc. By the bulk of the goods stolen it is thought that the burglars used a dray or an automobile, to cart the loot away.

Elect INMAN Mayor —(adv.)

Prices Reach Lowest Level Late in Afternoon Following Earlier Rallies — Near Months Relatively Firm.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	27.00	27.12	26.70	26.65	27.00
Oct.	23.95	24.06	23.65	23.77	23.87
Dec.	23.53	23.67	23.25	23.40	23.47
Jan.	23.33	23.52	23.14	23.23	23.35
March	23.30	23.42	23.13	23.20	23.31

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	26.60	26.82	26.81	26.75	26.90
Oct.	22.81	23.12	22.69	22.84	22.96
Dec.	22.42	22.71	22.31	22.47	22.55
Jan.	22.25	22.54	22.24	22.40	22.42
March	22.29	22.46	22.29	22.40	22.42

Closed steady.

New York, July 3.—There was a further decline in the cotton market today. Covering for over the holiday was active enough to cause rallies after an early break, but prices weakened again, reaching the lowest level late in the afternoon, when October sold at 23.65, or 22 points net lower. That delivery closed at 23.77, with the general list closing steady at a net decline of 7 to 35 points. July and August showed losses of 25 to 35 points, while new crop deliveries were 7 to 12 points net lower.

The market opened steady at an advance of 10 points to a decline of 5 points, with near months relatively firm on covering by Liverpool and other July shorts. That delivery soon eased off with the rest of the list, however, selling down from 27.12 to 26.80 right after the call, while October eased off to 23.70 or 17 to 20 points net lower. The weekly report of the weather bureau proved rather more favorable than expected, but mentioned deterioration in the southwest and there was a flurry of covering later in the morning, which sent October up to 24.06 and December to 23.67, making net advances of 19 to 20 points. Offerings increased at this level owing partly to the detailed weather report for the Houston district showing showers at several Texas stations, and covering was less active during the afternoon with December selling off to 23.25, or 22 points net lower.

Later fluctuations were very irregular with last prices showing rallies of some 10 or 15 points from the lowest on covering, except in the case of near months. Reports that the committee of the war industries board had submitted prices on cotton piece goods for the approval of the president, and rumors that they would show declines of from 3 to 7 cents per yard, as compared with prevailing quotations, seemed to attract little attention.

SHORTS COVER BRISKLY IN NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, July 3.—Favorable crop accounts caused declines in the price of cotton today, although the market was held steady by the efforts of shorts to cover and realize their profits over the holiday tomorrow. At one stage of the session this buying was heavy enough to bring about a net advance, but during the day the greater part of the time values were down and the net change for the day was a decline of 2 to 15 points.

On the opening prices were off and the decline was soon widened to 21 to 26 points on expectations that the weekly crop reports from the government would be favorable. While the reports were about as anticipated, the market had little selling power during the middle of the day and gradually the decline was recovered and replaced by a net advance which finally amounted to 16 points on the new crop months. July was inactive throughout the session. After the noon hour the market turned dull and acquired a holiday feeling under which it sagged again, this time sinking 24 to 28 points under yesterday's final quotations.

The decline of the afternoon was due, in some measure, to reports of a somewhat easier spot situation in the interior. Locally spots were quiet and unchanged at 30 cents for middling.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, July 3.—Cotton seed oil was quotably unchanged with the market at a standstill. Prime crude 17.50; prime yellow summer, spot nominal; July 20.50; August 21.00.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, July 3.—Cotton spot quiet; prices easier; good middling, 23.12; middling, 22.49; low middling, 21.97; good ordinary, 20.97; ordinary, 20.44. Sales, 2,000 bales, including 1,700 American. Receipts, 2,000 bales, including 1,600 American. Futures closed unsettled. New contracts: July, 21.80; August, 20.64; September, 19.50; October, 18.90; November, 18.50. Old contracts, fixed prices: July, 21.24.

MINING SHARES ARE PROMINENT

Contracted Operations in Other Issues Mark Usual Holiday Eve Trading. Metals Advance.

New York, July 3.—The approaching holiday exerted the customary effect on the stock market today, dealings diminishing steadily after the first hour. Aside from the contracted operations the movement was noteworthy for the unwonted prominence of low-priced mining shares and specialties of no definite description. Coppers led the spirited opening at gains of 1 to 2 points, some of these being later extended. The advance of the metal group was primarily due to the very substantial advance in prices granted by the war board.

United States Steel and independent issues of that division made only moderate headway until the final hour, when a sudden inquiry forced steel to the day's maximum at a net gain of 1⅜ points.

Shippings, Oils, Motors and Tobaccos registered extreme advances of 1 to 2 points, but these were irregularly impaired later on the erratic movement of Sumatra Tobacco and a few of the better known equipments.

The demand for rails was again exceedingly thin, a few of the high-grade investment shares remaining unquoted throughout the session. Reading was the only important transportation issue to show a material change, gaining a large fraction.

Call money stiffened appreciably, holding at 6 per cent and time funds were scarcer, though quotably unchanged. Firmness of the money market was ascribed to a more active inquiry for bank acceptances.

Trading in bonds was irregular and without marked feature, except for a slight hardening of the various international issues. Liberty bonds eased from their early higher trend. Total sales, par value, aggregated $5,150,000.

United States bonds, old issues, unchanged on call.

Stocks in New York.

STOCKS—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	73¼	71½	72	71½
Am. Can	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛	45
Am. Car & Foundry	84½	84¼	84¼	83⅝
Am. Locomotive	67	67	67	66⅛
Am. Linseed	42⅝	41⅝	41⅝	40⅝
Am. Smelting & Refining	81⅝	80⅝	80⅝	79
Am. Sugar	113	113	113	112
Am. Tel. & Tel.	96⅝	96⅛	96½	96⅝
Am. Tobacco	.....	.....	158	160
Anaconda Copper	69½	68½	68½	67⅝
Atchison	84¼	84¼	84¼	84
Atlantic Coast Line	.....	.....	90	90
Atl. Gulf & W. Ind.	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅛
Baldwin Locomotive	92½	91½	91⅝	90⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	54¼	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
Bethlehem Steel "B"	83½	82⅜	83¼	82⅝
Canadian Pacific	.....	.....	146⅛	146⅛
Central Leather	70¼	69½	70⅛	69¼
Chesspeake & Ohio	.....	.....	55⅝	55⅛
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	42	41½	41⅝	41⅝
Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	23⅛	23	23	22⅞
Chino Copper	41⅞	41⅛	41⅛	40⅝
Colorado Fuel & I.	48⅜	48	48	47½
Corn Products	42⅝	42	42¼	42¼
Crucible Steel	67⅝	67	67	67⅛
Cuba Cane Sugar	32½	32⅛	32⅛	31⅝
Erie	15½	15½	15½	15⅛
General Electric	148⅝	145⅝	148⅝	146
General Motors	154½	152⅜	154½	153⅞
Great Northern pfd.	90	90	90	91⅜
do. Ore Ctfs.	32½	32¼	32¼	32½
Gulf States Steel	84½	84½	84½	85⅜
Illinois Central	.....	.....	96	96
Inspiration Copper	56	55¼	55⅝	54½
Int. Mer. Marine	27⅝	27	27½	27
do. pfd.	101⅝	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
International Paper	36	35¼	35½	34⅝
Kennecott Copper	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛	33
Louis. & Nash.	.....	.....	115½	115½
Maxwell Motors	30½	28	30⅛	28
Mexican Petroleum	99	98	98½	98
Miami Copper	30	29½	29¼	29⅛
Midvale Steel	52⅜	52	52¼	51⅝
Missouri Pacific	.....	.....	22½	23¼
New York Central	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
Norfolk & Western	.....	.....	103	103
Northern Pacific	88	87¾	88	87⅝
Ohio Cities Gas	37½	37½	37½	37⅜
Pennsylvania	43⅞	43½	43⅝	43½
Pittsburg Coal	51½	51¼	51¼	51
Ray Consol. Copper	25	24⅝	24⅞	24¼
Reading	91⅞	91⅜	91⅜	91¼
Rep. Iron & Steel	91	90	90⅝	89⅜
Seaboard Air Line	.....	.....	7½	7½
do. pfd.	19	18¾	19	19¼
Sinclair Oil & Refg.	33½	30½	32⅞	33½
Sloss. Shef. Steel & Iron	.....	.....	62	62½
Southern Pacific	83	82⅝	83	82⅞
Southern Railway	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23¼
do. pfd.	62	62	62	62
Studebaker Corp.	46⅜	45⅜	46	45½
Tennessee Copper	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19½
Texas Co.	157½	157¼	157¼	151½
Tobacco Products	65⅜	64⅝	65¼	63⅞
Union Pacific	121⅜	121½	121½	121½
United Cigar Stores	101⅜	100	100⅛	99½
United Fruit	125⅞	125⅝	125⅝	124⅞
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	128⅜	128	128⅜	122⅝
U. S. Rubber	.....	.....	58½	59
U. S. Steel	106⅜	105⅜	106⅜	105¼
do. pfd.	111	111	111	111
Utah Copper	84⅜	83½	83½	82½
Vir.-Caro. Chem.	50	50	50	49⅝
Wabash Pfd. "A"	42	41⅝	42	41⅝
Western Union	87¼	86½	86½	88
Westinghouse Electric	42⅜	42½	42⅝	42¼
Willys-Overland	20¼	19⅜	20¼	19⅜

Total sales, 347,600 shares.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s registered, bid	98
do. coupon, bid	98
U. S. 3s registered, bid	99½
do. coupon, bid	99½
U. S. Liberty 3½s	99.60
U. S. 4s registered, bid	106
do. coupon, bid	106
American Foreign Securities 5s	97⅝
American Tel. & Tel. clt. 5s	87½
Anglo-French 5s	92¾
Atchison gen. 4s	80¾
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	75@79½
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	79
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s	89½
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, ofd	88⅝
Central Leather 5s	93½
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	80⅝
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	94½
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul cv. 4½s	76
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	66⅝
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s	71
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s, bid	48⅝
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	91½
Erie gen. 4s	54
Illinois Central ref. 4s	78
International Mercantile Marine 6s	97½
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	79
Liggett & Myers 5s	91
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s, bid	83
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	61½
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	57⅝
New York Central deb. 6s	94
Norfolk & Western con. 4s, bid	80½
Northern Pacific 4s	80¾
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s	95⅝
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s	87⅝
Reading gen. 4s	82
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940), bid	92
St. Louis & San Francisco adj. 6s, bid	67⅝
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s, bid	55½
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	87@90½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	90⅞
Southern Railway 5s	90
Southern Railway gen. 4s	62¼
Texas Company cv. 6s	98
Texas & Pacific 1st, bid	83
Union Pacific 4s	84½
United Kingdom 5s	99 13-16
United States Steel 5s	98⅝
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s	93¼
Wabash 1st	93

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, a., July 3.—For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 3, 1918:

Stations of Atlanta, Ga. District.	Temperature xHigh.	Temperature *Low.	Precipitation Inches and hundredths.
xATLANTA, clear	82	63	.00
Columbus, clear	90	63	.00
Gainesville, clear	82	51	.00
Griffin, clear	85	59	.00
xMacon, clear	..	62	.00
Monticello, clear	90	59	.00
Newnan, clear	86	60	.00
Rome, clear	83	56	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	82	56	.00
Toccoa, clear	85	56	.00
West Point, clear	83	58	.00
Spartanburg, S. C., clear	82	57	.00
District averages	85	58	

xHighest yesterday.
*Lowest for 24 hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

Note—The "State of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

xxMaximum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date.

Summary for the Cotton Region States.

New Orleans, La., July 3.—Temperatures were nearly normal in Texas and Oklahoma and slightly below elsewhere. Precipitation occurred at a few stations in Oklahoma and Texas.—Cline.

Summary of Weather and Crop Conditions in the Cotton Belt for the Week Ending July 2, 1918.

Washington, July 3.—The week averaged warm in western and cool in the eastern cotton area. Rain occurred in most places except south and west Texas, and was heavy in parts of Georgia and Florida. The weather was favorable for cotton, except that it was too dry in western Texas and the nights were too cool in the northeast. Early cotton is holding out well in Texas, but late planted is suffering severely, especially in the western portion. Satisfactory development took place in most other sections and the crop is well cultivated. The weather was favorable in the south for thrashing and harvesting potatoes and truck, and for the growth of corn, cane, sorghum, sweet potatoes peanuts, fruit and rice, except where there was lack of moisture.—Marvin.

Synopsis of Weather and Crop Conditions in Georgia for the Week Ending Tuesday, July 2, 1918.

During the past week the droughty conditions especially prevailing in the central portion of the state were relieved by well-distributed showers, except at a few scattered localities where it is still too dry. A large majority of crop correspondents report that nearly all crops are in good condition, well cultivated, clean and growing rapidly. In a few sections where more rain than needed has fallen grassy fields are reported, but these are the exception, and considering the general scarcity of labor, it is remarkable how well advanced farm work has been kept. Cotton is good, and the bolls seem still small and backward; the most serious drawback is the fact that the fields are infested by the weevils in most southern counties. Corn is good; it is coming into silk and tassel in the north, where laying-by continues. Sweet potatoes are doing well; setting slips continues. Here and there where suffering for rain pastures continue poor, though they have generally improved in other sections; some hay was saved during the week; planting peas for hay in stubble lands continued during the week. Peanuts are doing well, as also most minor crops. Shipments of watermelons and cantaloupes continue. Elberta peaches are beginning to ripen and promise larger and better flavored fruit than the early varieties. gardens suffered considerably from the dry weather, but at this season most early vegetables have reached maturity, and gardens, anyway, begin to show signs of drying up; planting fall gardens has begun.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

EVENING UP HELPS CORN TO ADVANCE

Lack of Cars for Anything But Wheat Stimulates Buying Despite Stringent License Requirements.

Chicago, July 3.—Evening up to prepare for the holiday tomorrow had a good deal to do with advances which took place today in the corn market. Prices closed unsettled, but ½ to 1⅞c net higher, with August $1.52⅞ to $1.53¼ and September $1.54½ to $1.54⅜. Oats gained ¼c to 1c and provisions 10c to 20@22c.

Bullish constructions put on crop figures tended to stimulate some buying of corn. Acreage was estimated at 3,100,000 less than last year, but this exhibit was offset by reckonings that, notwithstanding the smaller acreage, the yield would reach 3,169,000,000 bushels, a new high record total. On the other hand, the government weekly report showed that frost damage in northern Ohio and Indiana lowlands was more serious than had been believed. Gossip that comparatively few cars would be furnished for the purpose of moving grains other than wheat also served to stimulate buying, despite transient weakness resulting from a food administration ruling emphasizing that license requirements are stringent.

Oats were strong with corn. Besides seaboard demand was in evidence and it was predicted that the 1918 yield would be 137,000,000 bushels under last year.

The big reduction in western stocks of meats last month was chiefly responsible to rthe advance in provisions.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange Wednesday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
CORN—					
July	1.49¼	1.50⅝	1.49¼	1.49⅝	1.49⅛
August	1.53¼	1.52½	1.51⅛	1.53	1.51½
September	1.53½	1.54⅜	1.53	1.54⅜	1.52⅝
OATS—					
July	.73⅝	.73⅝	.72⅛	.73¼	.72⅞
August	.69½	.70⅛	.69⅛	.70	.69¼
September	.68	.69	.68	.69	.68
PORK—					
July	44.10	44.20	44.10	44.20	44.00
September	.....	.....	.....	44.60	44.50
LARD—					
July	25.80	25.90	25.75	25.90	25.70
September	25.92	26.07	25.92	26.07	25.85
RIBS—					
July	23.77	23.87	23.77	23.85	23.67
September	24.32	24.47	24.32	24.45	24.30

Receipts in Chicago.

	Wednesday
Wheat, cars	2
Corn, cars	273
Oats, cars	178
Hogs, head	17,000

Cash Grain.

Kansas City, July 3.—Corn, No. 2 mixed, $1.52@1.55; No. 2 white, $1.88@1.92; No. 2 yellow, $1.62@1.65.

Oats, No. 2 white, 75½@76; No. 2 mixed 71½@72.

Rice.

New Orleans, July 3.—Rough and clean rice unchanged. Rough: Sales, none; receipts, 378 sacks; millers, 378. Clean: Sales, none; receipts, none.

Commodities in New York.

New York, July 3.—Flour unsettled and irregular.

Pork, firm; mess, $38.00@39.00.

Lard, firmer; middle west spot, $25.60@25.70.

Sugar—Raw, quiet; centrifugal, 96 test, 6.06; refined, quiet; cut loaf, 9.00; crushed, 8.75; powdered, 7.65; granulated, 7.50.

Coffee—Rio No. 7, on spot, 8½c.

Tallow—Specials, 17½c; city, 16⅜c.

Hay, weak; No. 1, $1.35@1.40; No. 3, 90c @$1.05; clover, 75c@$1.25.

Dry Goods.

New York, July 3.—Cotton goods and yarns today were quiet; knit goods were quiet and firm. Wool goods were dull in first hands. Burlaps were steady.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

JUNE—		
Crude oil, prime basis	.17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common point rate.	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	20.50	21.50
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	25.00	26.00
Linters, clean mill run	.04½	.05
JULY—		
Crude oil, prime basis	.17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common point rate.	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	20.50	21.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	25.00	26.00
Linters, clean mill run	.04⅞	.05

Cotton Seed Quotations.

Georgia common rate points ..$70.00@75.00
Cotton seed f. o. b. Atlanta ..$70.00@75.00

COTTON MOVEMENT

ATLANTA WAREHOUSE COMPANY:
Good middling, 31c.

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Good middling, 31.25c.

Receipts, 233 bales.
Shipments, 155 bales.
Sales, 325 bales.
Stock, 25,588 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling, 30.00; receipts, 896; exports, 19,110; sales, 346; stock, 360,-623.

Galveston—Middling, 30.55; receipts, 1,-102; sales, 100; stock, 173,677.

Mobile—Middling, 30.00; stock, 13,813.

Savannah—Middling, 31.25; receipts, 303; sales, 100; stock, 176,336.

Charleston—Middling, 30.00; stock, 28,-913.

Wilmington—Middling, 30.00; receipts, 15; stock, 39,224.

Texas City—Stock, 35,635.

Norfolk—Middling, 30.00; receipts, 190; sales, 600; stock, 78,039.

Baltimore—Exports, 200; stock, 16,714.

Boston—Middling, 31.00; receipts, 170; stock, 18,600.

Philadelphia—Middling, 30.95; stock, 7,-146.

New York—Middling, 30.70; receipts, 121; stock, 132,548.

Minor ports—Stock, 18,513.

Total today—Receipts, 2,802; exports, 19,-310; stock, 1,109,630.

Total for week—Receipts, 18,702; exports, 60,472.

Total for season—Receipts, 6,183,896; exports, 3,992,224.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 29.00; receipts, 419; shipments, 1,180; sales, 44; stock, 111,710.

Memphis—Middling, 30.00; receipts, 439; shipments, 1,161; sales, 1,350; stock, 360,-286.

Augusta—Middling, 2,950; receipts, 171; shipments, 602; sales, 6; stock, 75,142.

St. Louis—Middling, 30.00; receipts, 1,872; shipments, 2,484; stock, 13,150.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 544; shipments, 136; stock, 13,646.

Little Rock—Middling, 29.50; receipts, 63; shipments, 561; sales, 561; stock, 16,352.

Dallas—Middling, 31.05.

Montgomery—Middling, 30.00; sales, 100.

Atlanta (semi-weekly)—Stock, 25,585.

Total today—Receipts, 3,507; shipments, 6,114; stock, 595,185.

Elect INMAN Mayor —(adv.)

NO MARKETS TODAY.

In observance of Independence day all stock, bond, commodity exchanges and banking institutions throughout the United States will be closed today.

Government Reports Continuing Favorable Weather for Cotton

Washington, July 3.—Except in Texas the week just closed continued favorable for cotton, although the nights were too cool for rapid growth in the Carolinas, says the weekly National Weather and Crop Bulletin, issued by the department of agriculture today. Continuing the report says:

"Good showers occurred in Oklahoma, Arkansas and in most localities east of the Mississippi river, the rainfall being fairly heavy in southern Georgia and northern Florida. A few showers occurred locally in central and northern Texas, but elsewhere in that state the drought continues, the week being rainless in the southern and western portions. The drought in Texas was intensified by continued high temperatures. The early planted cotton is holding out well in Texas, but the late planted is suffering severely from drought, particularly in the western portion, where the plants are reported as dying. The crop continues in excellent condition, however, in Oklahoma, and the general showers and moderate temperatures were very beneficial in Arkansas. East of the Mississippi river cotton continues satisfactory development and is well cultivated, although too much rain occurred in northern Florida. Boll weevil are increasing in many sections from southern Georgia westward to northern Louisiana, but they are reported from only a few localities in Arkansas."

Coffee.

New York, July 3.—There was a renewal of scattering liquidation in the market for coffee futures today, with July selling off to 8.08 and March to 8.64, or about 5 to 8 points net lower. The opening was unchanged to 4 points lower, and the market closed at a net loss of 3 to 8 points with the selling promoted by special Santos cable reporting another setback in futures. July, 8.08; September, 8.25; October, 8.31; December, 8.45; January, 8.51; March, 8.63; May, 8.76.

Spot coffee, steady; Rio 7s, 8½; Santos 4s,

COST OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time.....10c a line
Three times..... 9c a line
Seven times..... 8c a line
Thirty times or more..... 7c
} Each issue

Advertisements under the following classification will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent Rooms—Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Situation Wanted—Female.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad. phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

$50 REWARD for information leading to recovery of jewelry stolen from the safe in the Imperial Hotel office on night of June 17. No questions will be asked.

NOTICE TO PUBLIC

I HEREBY forbid anyone from hiring or harboring Howard Jones (white), 14 years old, weight about 135 pounds. Police please watch out and take charge of him. Had two suits clothes when last seen, also 2-strap tan grip, pair tan plow shoes, tan slippers, 1 white and 1 black hat with torn place in front. C. S. Jones, Luxomni, Ga., Route 1.

LOST—Ladies' coat out of automobile down town or Peachtree Saturday night. Return 1619 Hurt Bldg. I. 3368. Reward.

CAMEO pin in the up-town district or on Central avenue car, Saturday night. Reward. Call Main 4850.

LOST—Atlanta National Bank checkbook and registered Liberty Bond. Reward. I. 1689.

LOST—Watch fob, vicinity of Peachtree and Harris; black ribbon, gold monogram, W. F. W. Reward. Wylie West, Ivy 1134.

LOST—Purple leather folder, 3½x4½ inches, with two photographs and other personal papers in same. Reward if returned to Room 456, Electric and Gas Building.

LOST—Ansley Park, small blue-white setter dog, named "King;" hair rather long. Finder please return H. N. Randolph, 12 East 16th st. Telephone Hemlock 1946. Reward.

LOST—Somewhere up town morning of July 2, four War Savings Stamps. If found please return to Miss Nannie Bond, 32 Dixie avenue. Ivy 2523-L. Reward.

ANYONE knowing the whereabouts of Ida Lovejoy; last heard of in Jasper county, Georgia, please notify her sister, Alice Kent, Alabama City, Ala., R. 2.

LOST—Firestone auto tire rim and black and white casing, between Griffin and Atlanta, Dixie Highway. Address R-40, Constitution.

BULL PUPPY LOST—Ears trimmed; name "Sport." Reward. 21 Markham st.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST
MME. PARKS

HOW many unhappy people are there in this city whose lives are darkened by the acts of others? Is your life nearly a wreck because you cannot overcome trouble of a domestic nature or otherwise? Do you desire a return of affections rightly yours or does another receive it? Do you find the one of your choice growing cold or indifferent, or does another take your place? Is there an interference of someone? If so, call on Mme. Parks. She will show you how to face the problems of life. You leave her parlors a different being. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car, get off at Essie avenue. Hours, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

MADAM MALONE,
ATLANTA'S LEADING PALMIST & CLAIRVOYANT

CAN BE CONSULTED daily on all affairs of life, such as love, marriage, business, lawsuits, wills, friends, enemies or rivals; in fact, no matter what may be your hope, fear or ambition, come to this gifted lady and find help. Hours, 1 p. m. to 8 p. m. Take Washington-Lakewood car, get off at Owens street, third house from corner, on Lakewood avenue; just 20 minutes' ride from Whitehall.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor st.

SPECIAL NOTICE

DR. HOLBROOK is in New York. Will return about July 20.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

ASSISTANT bookkeeper and record clerk; familiar with retail office work, filing, billing and stock record keeping. Must be quick and accurate; not subject to draft. Address P. O. Box 1134.

A-1 WHITE HOTEL BAKER. FRENCH BREAD. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

SODA DISPENSER HELPER, ABOUT 15 TO 17 YEARS. 209 PEACHTREE ST.

WANTED—Clerk who understands stenography and typewriting to take charge of small local office. In reply state age and previous experience. Salary $25 week. Address R-50, care Constitution.

WANTED—Typewriter, knowledge of stenography desirable, but not essential; reasonable speed and accuracy necessary. Salary $18 weekly. Address R-49, care Const.

WANTED — Ten colored men. Apply Dawson Bros. Mfg. Co., Bellwood and Southern Railway.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FIRE INSURANCE POLICY CLERK. GOOD SALARY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY. UNLESS EXPERIENCED PLEASE DO NOT APPLY. J. L. RILEY & CO., EMPIRE BUILDING.

HELP WANTED—Male

LIVE-WIRE to sell local advertising space. Good pay. P. O. Box 362-C.

WANTED—News agent on train; good pay. Apply The Crescent News Co., 34 E. Hunter.

GOOD farm family wanted; white or colored. 137 Decatur street.

EXPERIENCED FIREMAN. 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

WANTED—A bright young man, 15 to 16, of local residence as junior stenographer and file clerk. Apply, with references, Bethlehem Steel Company after 5 o'clock.

WANTED—Colored youth for pressing and to make himself useful around the store; good salary to the right party. Apply Olsan Bros, Whitehall St.

MACHINISTS AND TOOLMAKERS

NOT NOW engaged in essential war work can find such work at good wages at American Machine and Manufacturing company, 872 North Ashby street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Two good, experienced short order cooks, white or colored. Eagle Cafe, 11 Marietta st.

TWO young men for railway news service, not in draft age. Union News Co., 36 Madison avenue.

WANTED—Several boys to take routes; must be over 15 years old. Good pay. Call at City Circulation Dept., Constitution.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, 61 North Forsyth, Atlanta, Ga.

MUSICIANS WANTED—Piano, violin and drum; state experience, terms and when you can report for duty. Address Box 253, Hendersonville, N. C.

WANTED—Men to learn cotton business. School opens July 15 for 2 weeks. We also teach correspondence course. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED—Young man 16 to 18 years old for file clerk and office work. Rhett, O'Beirne & Lochridge, 33 Poplar street.

WANTED—At once, first-class storage battery repairman; exempt from draft. Apply Atlanta Storage Battery Co., 397 Peachtree street.

WANTED—Physician for construction camp. State age and salary expected and when can report. Hardaway Contracting Co., Lugoff, S. C.

HELP WANTED—Female

COMPETENT stenographer; at least one year experience. 128 West Peachtree.

MIDDLE-AGED lady as stock bookkeeper; salary, $15 per week; must have some experience in bookkeeping. Ask for Mr. Varley, 407 Austell Bldg., City.

WANTED—Ladies for motion picture production; must be good looking; send photograph; if you want photo returned enclose postage. Address R-54, care Const.

WANTED—Girls, with or without experience, to work in bindery, 8-hour day; good pay. Dittler Bros., 216-18 E. Hunter st.

WANTED—3 experienced girls for waitresses; good salary. Eagle Cafe, 11 Marietta st.

WANTED—Young lady, general office work; one who can use typewriter. Apply at once, Kelley Bros. Co., 72 Peters street.

GOVERNMENT NEEDS 20,000 WOMEN CLERKS at Washington. Examinations everywhere in July. Experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard (former civil service examiner), 33 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

WANTED—Cylinder and job press feeders, 8-hour day. Dittler Bros., 216-18 E. Hunter street.

MEN-WOMEN WANTED—Government war positions, $1,100 year. List free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 76-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Teachers

ENROLL now for early elections. Foster's Teachers' Agency. Grant bldg., Atlanta.

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY now placing teachers for fall term. Methods unique, successful. 1131 Healey bldg., Atlanta.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

WANTED—High-grade specialty salesman not affected by draft for southeastern territory. Canned goods, preserves, by one of largest manufacturers. State age, experience and salary expected. P. O. Box 274.

WANTED—Good, experienced traveling salesmen. Call 78 Auburn avenue, city.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in manufacturing and mercantile business, open for immediate engagement; exempt; references, etc. Address Cashier-Bookkeeper, R-53, Constitution.

HIGH school teacher, A-1 man, wants permanent clerical work. Call Beal, Main 3670-J for interview.

YOUNG MAN—Physically disqualified for army, desires position; technical training, experienced bookkeeper, accountant and auditor. Call Hemlock 2325-J between 8 and 11 a. m.

ENERGETIC high school graduate wishes position; has had 3 years' office experience; can use typewriter; exempt. Phone Ivy 8527-J.

ALL-ROUND grocerman and butcher desires position. Call Main 2844-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

WELL educated young lady desires clerical position; can use typewriter. Call Ivy 6813-L.

WANTED—Position as teacher in rural district or small town near Macon, by young lady with 5½ years' experience as teacher in Georgia schools. Holds first grade license and can give best reference. Address R-6, Constitution.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—Near-beer saloon and lunch counter in the heart of the city, doing fine business; long lease; reason for selling owner drafted. Postoffice Box 1282, City.

UNDERWOOD typewriter, practically new; billing type; semi-shift; 18-in. carriage. D. R. Bruce, 20 Aileen avenue, or M 1862.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock, new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 64 West Mitchell street.

MANICURE table, practically new; must be sold at once. Address R-44, Constitution.

SUITE of bedroom furniture (walnut). Hemlock 311.

WANTED—Produce of all kinds; also for sale Ford truck. W. C. Smith, 45 E. Hunter street.

FURNITURE BOUGHT and sold for cash. S. M. Snider, 63 South Broad street. Main 3610.

CALL Gate City Coal Company for good coal. Teams for heavy hauling. M. 666-J.

SCALES—SAFES. The Howe Scales Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE BUY SECOND-HAND clothes. Drop card, will call. 150 Decatur St.

WE BUY SECOND - HAND MEN'S CLOTHING; PAY HIGH PRICES. CALL, M. 3336. WILL CALL FOR.

THE Salvation Army needs old clothing, furniture, papers, books. Main 3960; Atl. 1734.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co., 10-12 E. Mitchell. Main 2424.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 2769.

FURNITURE wanted. Cash waiting. Dixie Furniture Co. Main 156.

FURNITURE BOUGHT for cash. E. B. Gibson. Main 4647.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.
The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.
CONSOLIDATED CITY TICKET OFFICE.
74 Peachtree street. Phones, Ivy 2726; Atlanta 142.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
6:30 am	Waycross and Thomasville.	7:35 am	
5:15 pm	Waycross and Thomasville.	10:30 pm	

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta, Thomasville and Waycross.

Atlanta and West Point.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
42	West Pt.. 8:40 am	35	New Or... 6:00 am
18	Columbus 10:55 am	33	Montgom'y 8:05 am
38	New Or...12:10 pm	39	New Or... 1:50 pm
40	New Or... 2:40 pm	17	Columbus. 4:05 pm
34	Montgom'y 7:15 pm	37	New Or... 6:50 pm
36	New Or...12:40 am	41	West Pt.. 5:40 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
Savannah	6:30 am	Savannah	7:50 am
Thomasville	6:30 am	Albany	7:50 am
Albany	6:30 am	Macon	12:35 pm
Macon	6:30 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	7:45 am	Jacksonville.	9:30 pm
Jacksonville	8:00 am	Valdosta	9:30 pm
Macon	10:55 am	Savannah	10:00 pm
Macon	2:20 pm	Jacksonville	11:15 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:00 pm
Albany	8:40 pm	Albany	11:00 pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives From—	Leaves For—	Arrives From—	Leaves For—
12:10a Cincinnati	6:45a	Richmond	6:30a
5:25a Jacksonville	10:35a	1:35p Cincinnati	4:35p
5:40a New York	1:00a	11:40a Birmingham	5:15p
6:25a Jacksonville	12:20a	4:40p Charlotte	6:30a
7:45a Charlotte	10:40p	6:15p Washington	12:00n
7:45a Shreveport	11:00p	6:39p Washington	12:40p
8:10a Toccoa	4:45p	7:20p Brunswick	7:50a
9:50a Rome	3:35p	8:35p Chattanooga	6:50a
10:30a Macon	5:20p	9:00p Greenville	12:55p
10:50a Fort Valley	5:20p	10:10p Columbus	7:20a
10:55a Columbus	5:10p	10:25p Kansas City	5:50a
11:40a Memphis	.....		

Following Southern Railway trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:

Arrives From—	Departs For—	Arrives From—	Departs For—
1:10p Washington	3:08p	3:00p Birmingham	1:15p
1:10p Richmond	.....	3:00p Memphis	1:15p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company
Effective May 12, 1918.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
31	New York 8:00 am	11	Birmin'm 8:10 am
11	Norfolk.. 8:00 am	30	Monroe... 8:10 am
11	Washin'n 8:00 am	6	New York 12:15 pm
11	Portsm'h.. 8:00 am	6	Washi'n. 12:15 pm
17	Abbe,S.C. 8:50 am	6	Norfolk.. 12:15 pm
6	Memphis. 11:59 am	6	Portsm'h. 12:15 pm
6	Birmin'm 11:59 am	6	Richm'd. 12:15 pm
22	Pied't'Ala. 12:00 am	23	Pied't'Ala. 3:50 pm
5	New York 4:50 pm	5	Birmin'm. 5:00 pm
5	Washin'n 4:50 pm	5	Memphis. 5:00 pm
5	Norfolk.. 4:50 pm	18	Abbe,S.C. 4:00 pm
5	Portsm'h. 4:50 pm	12	New York. 8:25 pm
12	Birmin'm 8:15 pm	12	Norfolk.. 8:25 pm
29	Monroe... 9:15 pm	12	Portsm'h. 8:25 pm

Fred Geissler, Asst. General Passenger Agent
Telephone—Ivy 2708.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
(Dixie Flyer.)

No. 94 Leaves for Chicago..... 8:25am
No. 95 Arrives from Chicago..... 9:05pm

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.
*Daily Except Sunday.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
3	Charles'n 7:45 am	2	Augusta and East.... 6:15 am
3	Wilmin'n 7:45 am	6	Augusta 12:05 pm
*11	Conyers. 7:25 am	8	Augusta 3:25 pm
*13	Soc. Cir. 9:45 am	*14	Soc. Cir. 6:10 pm
1	Augusta. 1:50 pm	4	Charles'n 7:40 pm
5	Augusta and East 5:35 pm	4	Wilmin'n 7:40 pm
7	New York and Aug. 8:25 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective June 10—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville	8:10 am	10:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest..	4:45 pm	11:59 am
Cincinnati and Louisville..	7:20 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	8:10 am	10:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:59 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 10:55 p. m. and 8:10 a. m. trains arrive and depart from Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	Arrive from—	No.	Leave For—
2	Nashville.. 8:00 am	2	Nashville.. 7:30 am
6	Chattanooga & Rome ..10:30 am	6	Rome and Chattan'a.. 5:10 pm
1	Nashville.. 7:15 pm	4	Nashville. 8:30 pm

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190.

I. 3436—TAXICABS—I. 322
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY, INC.
PIEDMONT HOTEL

Use Constitution Want Ads.

BUSINESS CARDS

DENTAL WORK.

DENTIST DR. H. JENSEN, 78½ Whitehall street.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave.., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

LOCKS, KEYS, SAFES, LAWNMOWERS.

C. C. DOWNS EXPERT, 19. W. ALA. ST. Main. 2146; Atl. 4923.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

LADIES' HATS REMODELED into newest shapes. Leghorns, Milans, Hemps cleaned. Hats trimmed. Chge. accts. sol. Mrs. Smith, 80 W'hall.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

PAINTING ANL TINTING.

FOR quick service, phone Main 4665-L. C. W. Long, general house repairer. Painting or wall tinting. House roof specialist.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

ROOFING.

SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barrett. 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

ROOF REPAIRING.

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS, call West 416. No money required until your roofs stop leaking. J. T. Cunningham.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 mos. guarantee. Reas'le. Hem. 1054.

SCREENS.

FLY SCREENS made to order; old screens repaired. City Carpenter and Cabinet Shop. Bell phone Main 1655. 45 South Forsyth street.

HOUSE REPAIRING AND SHELVING.

POTTS & MOORE
CONTRACTORS. 159 Marietta St. M. 5554.

TINTING.

TINTING—Rooms tinted, $3 to $4. Call 6:30 to 7:30 a. m., 7 to 8 p. m. West 630-J.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET. M. 1576.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

AUCTION SALES

AT AUCTION
MULES, COWS, MANEY SCRAPES, JUNK.

AT 10 o'clock Friday, July 5, 1918, Fulton County will sell at auction at the Bellwood Convict Camp about twelve large mules, two fine milk cows with young calves, ten Maney four-wheel scrapes and a lot of scrap iron and steel, all of which can be seen at the Bellwood Camp.

If you are interested, go out and take a look, then come out to the sale.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.
—USED CARS—

1915	Ford Touring	$225.00
1915	Ford Touring	225.00
1917	Dodge	550.00
1915	Reo	165.00
2	Studebakers, cut down	185.00
1	Overland Truck	200.00
1	Buick Truck	225.00

2 1917 Little 6 Buicks.
We buy, sell, trade or auction your used car.

Used Car Clearing House
Second Floor, 181 Marietta St. Main 181.

HONEST VALUES
IN USED CARS

1917 FORD
1917 OVERLAND "90"
DODGE
WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING
OVERLAND DELIVERY TRUCK

PUT YOUR CONFIDENCE IN A RELIABLE CONCERN WHEN PURCHASING A USED CAR.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.
USED CAR DEPT.
236 PEACHTREE ST.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

USED FORDS
1 1918 Ford with Kelsey Body.
2 1917 Ford Touring.
ATLANTA AUTO MART
142 Marietta St.

FOR SALE—One nearly new Ford touring car. See E. C. Nisbet at 99 LaFrance St., July 4th.

1917 Paige Six—Fairfield.
1917 Paige Six—Stratford.
1917 Hudson Super-Six.
1918 Studebaker Six.
1917 Cadillac Eight—Roadster.
1917 Cadillac Eight, Touring.
1916 Cadillac Eight, Touring.

The Atlanta Cadillac Co.
183 Peachtree. Ivy 2233.

SEVERAL FORD TOURING CARS, ROADSTERS AND TRUCKS. THESE CARS ARE PRACTICALLY NEW. GEORGIAN TERRACE GARAGE, 57 EAST THIRD ST.

1916 FORD touring car in perfect condition; equipped with Gray & Davis starter, shock absorbers, demountable rim, extra casing, tire rack; must be sold at once. Apply M. B. Porter, 18 West Mitchell.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR TRUCKS
A SIZE and style for every business. Ready for immediate delivery. A. E. McLean, 92-94 S. Forsyth St. Main 481.

PARTY leaving city will sell Reo automobile, 1917 model; practically new; cheap. Address R-38, Constitution.

BARGAINS IN USED CARS AND TRUCKS. SOUTHERN MOTOR CAR CO., 246 PEACHTREE STREET.

USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE, 181 Marietta St. Main 731.

EXCELLENT Overland touring car, $450. Call early. West 1462. M. H. Carter.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree St.

USED CARS APPERSON SHOW ROOMS, 239 Peach'e St.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 181 Peachtree. I. 5164.

CASH OR TERMS BELLE ISLE SERVICE Complete. Hem..1772 AGENT Repair and IVY....298 FORD CARS Paint IVY....166 Dept.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO. — Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

USED CAR BARGAINS, Chevrolet Motor Co., 44 E. North Ave.

USED CARS BARGAINS. H. B. ODELL, 541 Peachtree.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 245-247 Peachtree St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Used roadster; must be in first-class condition; on monthly payments. Address R-52, care Constitution.

WANTED—A light second-hand roadster or cut-down car; must be cheap; write or phone W. O. Venable, Stone Mountain, Ga. Phone 15-J.

STOP-LEAK PISTON RINGS.

GILL RINGS are strongest, cheapest, best made; saves oil, gas and power; all sizes in stock; trade discount. 19 James St., Atl., Ga.

VULCANIZING.

FOR BEST vulcanizing at most moderate prices; new and used tired. TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 25 Auburn avenue. Ivy 3338.

REPAIRING.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.

BIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros., Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings, $1 each.

OFFICIAL SERVICE
ALL makes of electric starters, generators, magnetos, carburetors and igniters repaired.
Southern Auto and Equipment Co.
ATLANTA, GA.

RADIATOR REPAIRING.

SERVICE RADIATOR WORKS
"Our Name Is Our Motto."
IVY 4668. 278 PEACHTREE ST.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS
On Furniture, Pianos, etc., to responsible parties in amounts of
$25.00 and Up
at approved rates of interest.
Your credit is good.
Both Phones. 408 Flatiron Bldg.
SURETY LOAN CO.

MONEY FOR all. Easy terms. Hudson & Co., 313 Peters Bldg. M. 4843.

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 304 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1074.

LOANS, $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy terms; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

$35,000
IN odd amounts to lend at 6, 6½ and 7 per cent. W. O. Alston, 1204 Third National Bank building.

MONEY—On Real Estate

$1,200 TO LEND on real estate. Shewmake Bros. Co., 1217 Atlanta Nat'l Bank bldg.

MONEY to loan on real estate. Smith & Ewing, 66 North Forsyth st.

FARM MONEY.
Special Rate for Farms and City Property.
S. W. CARSON, 414 EMPIRE BLDG.

LOANS
Atlanta Real Estate, or well improved Farms anywhere. Small town property. Made promptly.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
CANDLER BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

LOANS—Private funds for real estate loans and purchase money notes. Prompt attention. E. Morris, 1217 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 4234.

MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

MONEY to loan on real estate. Edgar Dunlap Ins. Agency, 204 Candler Bldg.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG.

DIRECT CONNECTION for making city and farm loans. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank building.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY
TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 51 N. Forsyth. I. 8369.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2940.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES
On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points.
Quick Action. Write for Application.
Mortgage Loan Department.
PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO.,
1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE make real estate loans and buy purchase money notes.
Eiseman & Weil Inv. Co.
Phone M. 3010. 313 Atlanta Nat'l. Bk. Bdg.

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

GINNERY and milling business, established thirty years, in best section of middle Georgia. Important that gins operate next season. Owner in bad health. Write S. A. Johnson, Siloam, Ga.

100 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
New list just off the press. Send or call for one today.
LIGHTFOOT'S, Peters bldg, Atlanta. M. 517.

ACETYLENE welding business for sale, in the biggest shipbuilding town on the gulf coast; no competition; paying over 100 per cent on investment; opportunity of a life-time for man that understands the business. Will bear investigation. Address R-30, care Constitution.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON shorthand taught at Simplex Shorthand School. 336 S. Pryor. Main 4448.

PUPILS wishing to do summer work and "go over the top" in fall examinations call Ivy 4835-J.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS
ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5; visible, three months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

BIRDS.

CANARIES—One pair, mating; reasonable. Address R-45, Constitution.

SEEDS.

GEORGIA COLLARDS, 60c lb.; 7-top and Southern Prize turnip seed, 75c lb.; purple top globe and purple top rutabaga, $1.75 lb.; purple top strap leaf, $1.25 lb.; Bloomsdale spinach, 90c lb.; Dwarf Essex rape, 13c to 15c lb.; Maine-grown seed Irish potatoes, 60c and 75c, full pick. All varieties seed beans, 50c quart. We pay cash for poultry and eggs. We are the largest live retail poultry dealers in Atlanta. Cottongim's Cash Seed Store, "The Poor Man's Friend," 152 Whitehall street.

SEED POTATOES
FOR FALL PLANTING.
Lookout Mountain ..... $3.00 bu.
Irish Cobbler ..... $2.00 bu.
Green Mountain ..... $2.00 bu.
Best time to plant first half July. Send orders quick.
EVERETT SEED CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

PURE strain Lookout Mountain seed potatoes; best late variety grown; $1.40 bushel f. o. b. M. C. Byrum, Portland, Tenn.

MUSIC AND DANCING

SPECIAL DANCE, Thursday, July 4th, 9 to 1 a. m. Lucky number and dancing contest. Other entertaining features. Refreshments free. Six-piece orchestra. Admission 50c person. Lane's.

LANE'S DANCING Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, 9 to 12 p. m.; Saturday, 3:30 to 6:30 p. m. Private lessons any time, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Phone Ivy 5736.

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD AND ROOM

TWO lovely rooms with meals; all conveniences; priv. Peachtree home. I. 8591-J.

PIEDMONT AVE., 595—Couple only; large room in delightful home having all conveniences. Excellent meals. Dinner evenings. Ivy 3222-J.

ROOM and board; good home cooking; close in. Ivy 2425.

ROOM and board, 26 Ponce de Leon, second door of Georgian Terrace; ref. Ivy 8979.

FOR couple or two business people; nice location; home comforts; in private family. Hemlock 1952-L.

FIRST-CLASS room and board; walking distance; references exchanged. M 3449-J.

LOVELY front room; nicest location; large porches and grounds; all conveniences; garage. Ivy 6433; adults; references.

20 E. BAKER—Cool room with board; one or two gentlemen. Ivy 1934-J.

230 PONCE DE LEON—Attractive room with board.

911 PEACHTREE—Nicely fur. room with connecting bath and board. Hem. 641.

197 S. PRYOR—Cool rooms, good meals, reasonable rates; all conveniences; walking distance. Main 1855.

ROOM—First floor; also gentleman roommate. 513 Peachtree. Ivy 6132-J.

WANTED—Board and Room

ROOM for couple in private family; meals for one; state location and rate. R-51, Constitution.

WANTED—By September 1, two rooms with board for four adults; north side. Address R-41, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

NICELY furnished room for young man or working girl; close in. Ivy 6035-J.

VERY ATTRACTIVE room; twin beds, adjoining bath, Marlborough apts., 436 Peachtree street; references. Ivy 3982.

NICELY furnished large cool room, 64 Forrest avenue.

LARGE cool room in steam-heated apartment; every convenience, including twin beds; suitable for two gentlemen. Ivy 1583.

NICELY furnished room in Inman Park home; all conveniences. Ivy 1931X2.

FOR couple; no children; all conveniences; adjoining bath. Ivy 4363-J.

NICE FRONT ROOM—CALL IVY 2579.

TWO LARGE, LOVELY ROOMS. IVY 1274.

33 FORREST AVE.—Large front room, with dressing room and bath. Ivy 8929.

THE ADOLF ROOMS with bath and shower; up-to-date, cool and airy. Price $25 and $30 per month. Just off Peachtree. 10½ East Harris street. Ivy 3071-J.

PEACHTREE INN 391 Peachtree street. Fifty cents to $1 per day; $2 to $5 per week. Hot water at all hours. Phone Ivy 67.

EXCEPTIONALLY cool room for gentlemen, with breakfast; ref. reqd. Hem. 1507-L.

NICELY fur room; all conveniences; private family; close in. Ivy 2098-L.

NICE, large room, 1 block Georgian Terrace, with or without board. Ivy 3064-L.

ROOMS for housekeeping; exceptional offer to couple. Dec. 936.

FOUR beautifully furnished rooms for army officers. Call Main 5577.

ATTRACTIVE front room for gentleman; close in; reasonable. Ivy 6381.

NICE, cool rooms, $2 and $2.50 week; hot water, bath priv. 391 Peachtree. Ivy 67.

UNFURNISHED

FOR RENT — Unfurnished rooms; 3 nice large rooms, front and back porch; private bath; nice hall. 195 Crew st.

THREE large rooms; all modern conva.; private family. 70 Ponce de Leon place.

WANTED—Rooms

FURNISHED

WANTED—Furnished room in strictly private family where there are no other roomers; will be permanent; will pay $14 a month; highest references given. Address R-46, Constitution.

WANTED—By responsible business woman nice room in north side apartment, with conveniences; close in. Ad. P. O. Box 975.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED.

TWO nicely fur., cool rooms; every convenience; private home. West 1420-J.

THREE elegantly furnished rooms; adults. 465 E. Georgia ave., Grant Park entrance.

2 OR 3 housekeeping rooms with owner. 321 Courtland. Ivy 2836.

UNFURNISHED

THREE rooms for light housekeeping; close in to business section. Phone Ivy 460.

51 HAYDEN, near Y. M. C. A., upstairs rooms, pri. entrance, bath, porch. I. 5489.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

SMALL apartment; private bath; all conveniences; upstairs; Inman Park. Ivy 8948.

WANTED—Room Mate

WANTED—Roommate by business woman, 84 E. Linden; good meals across the street. Ivy 5461, between 8 and 5 o'clock or Ivy 6158-J. after 7 p. m. or Sunday.

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WILL sub-rent 6-room furnished home, 24 Colquitt avenue, Inman Park, until Sept. 1 or probably longer. For particulars phone Ivy 2969.

FURNISHED apartment of 3 or 4 rooms and bath; most delightful location. Phone West 76.

WILL sublet small steam-heated apartment to party buying furnishings; practically new. Phone Ivy 6649.

5 LARGE rooms, sleeping porch; reasonable rent, July 15; references; no children. 8th, near Peachtree street. Phone Hemlock 395.

THREE ROOMS, SLEEPING PORCH; ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, CENTRALLY LOCATED. CAL

TOWNLEY NOT ALLOWED TO ADDRESS CONVENTION

Boise, Idaho, July 3.—A. C. Townley, president of the Non-Partisan league, against whom a demonstration by 50 members of the Ada County Defense league was made today, will not be permitted to speak at the state convention of his organization. Mayor Hayes heeded the demand of the defense league members and ordered the police to prevent Townley speaking and to bar him from the theater where the

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SEVIER TRAINING CAMP TO BE MOVED TO GORDON

More Than 1,000 Men Being Trained for Officers, Will Be Moved Shortly.

Greenville, S. C., July 3.—The officers' training camp which was established at Camp Sevier in May will shortly be moved to Camp Gordon, Ga., it was officially stated today. More than a thousand men are in the camp. The present course of the officers' training camp will be completed about September 1. The majority of the men in the school are from South Carolina, North Carolina and Tennessee.

IMPORTANT WORK ON LOEW'S GRAND WILL SOON BEGIN

With equipment already bought and contracts drawn up, work on the $45,000 improvements which Thomas W. Lamb, noted New York architect, declares will make Loew's Grand theater one of the finest amusement places in the country, will be started within the next two weeks, it was announced yesterday by E. A. Schiller, manager of the Loew southern circuit.

Mr. Lamb, who has been in the city going over the plans with Mr. Schiller and F. E. Weis, manager of the Grand, expects that the job will be completed within two or three months. The work will be done entirely in the night and morning hours and without the loss of a single performance.

The house will be completely refurnished and redecorated. New chairs will be installed and the old carpets and hangings entirely replaced. One of the largest and best organs in any theater in America will be a feature of the new equipment. A marquise will also be built and modern electrical fixtures installed.

The work will be done by local contractors and the material purchased in Atlanta as far as possible.

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Should mean essentially service in your interest. Such genuine service can be expressed by the way your glasses are fitted; the way the lenses are ground, or the manner in which the frames most suitable are selected and adjusted.

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The Boys' Shop

Today being the Fourth of July, the Boys' Shop will be closed all day

ALL-DAY PROGRAM AT LAKEWOOD PARK

From Early Morning Until Late at Night Races, Patriotic Pageant, Fireworks, Etc., to Entertain Monster Crowds.

The management of the Southeastern Fair association announces that the arrangements for the monster patriotic celebration at Lakewood July 4th are complete in every detail.

The Thrift Stamp feature of admission has brought a flood of compliments to the association and the management believes that the Atlanta people, appreciating a Fourth of July celebration that is one hundred per cent patriotic and at the same time furnishes an amusement program better than pre-war times, will throng Lakewood as it has never been thronged before.

Another feature of the program which the management wishes to emphasize is that people may visit almost all the other places which are carrying out programs and then come to Lakewood and get the worth of a Thrift Stamp from the entertainment that will continue until 11 o'clock at night. For instance, some of the most exciting gas races will occur about 6 o'clock. Then at 7 o'clock the community singing of patriotic songs in the grandstand will take place, to be followed by the most magnificent fireworks that Atlanta has ever seen from a patriotic standpoint. The grandstand seats will be free and it is anticipated that 5,000 people will join in the singing.

Open at 11 A. M.

The free entertainment features will begin in the morning at 11 o'clock, when the big auto building will be turned into a dancing pavilion with a special stringed orchestra for the pleasures of those who like to dance. This feature will be continued until 11 p. m.

The racing program will begin promptly at 1 p. m. There will be nine harness races and three running races, there being five horses entered in each race. All the races will be on the plan that each heat is a race in order that the program may be carried out promptly. It is planned to complete the harness races and one running race by 4 o'clock, at which time the patriotic pageant to be presented by the Girls' Patriotic league under the direction of Mr. Lucien York, of the Retail Merchants' association, assisted by Mr. Z. Nespor, of the War Camp Community service, will be staged.

The girls taking part will leave the agricultural building at 3:45 and march to the section of the grandstand on which their tableaux will be presented, where they will form a human flag. Governor Hugh Dorsey will then read the Declaration of Independence, which will be followed by the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the audience. The flag will dissolve and the emblem of the Y. M. C. A., a red triangle, will take its place. Then will follow a tableau presenting the monogram of the Girls' Patriotic league, after which the Red Cross, the mother of all war organizations, will be formed. The finale will be the Red Circle, which is the emblem of the War Camp Community service, which typifies the hospitality with which the camps and forts of the American army is surrounded. The girls taking part in the tableaux will then march back to the agricultural building, where they will join soldier escorts, who have been especially invited by the directing forces of the Y. W., and partake of a luncheon, the building having been assigned to them for their exclusive use.

Sensational Ford Derby.

At 5 o'clock the running races will be resumed, of which there will be two of a mile and one seven-eighth dash. Then the soldiers' mile relay race, under the direction of Lieutenant Messer and Director Hahn, of the Y. M. C. A. at Gordon, will take place, to be followed by a hundred-yard dash. The motorcycle races, of which there will be four, will come next, the card being one each of 5, 10 and 15 miles and an event for amateurs of five miles. The Ford derby, which promises to be the sensational feature of the day, will close the sporting program.

At 7 o'clock the community singing in the grandstand will begin and the fireworks at 8 o'clock, the principal features of which will be fire pictures of Washington, Lincoln, President Wilson, with a sensational set piece of Uncle Sam bayoneting the kaiser. There will be magnificent aerial features in red, white and blue, the finale being a terrific "bombardment of Berlin."

In addition to this entertainment the giant coaster, old mill, carrousel and trip to Mars will be in operation all day.

AMUSEMENTS

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

The Lyric theater, the home of Keith vaudeville, will present for the last half of the week a program of unusual brilliance and drawing power. Everyone has heard and many of us have seen the various "Follies" shows. Well, today some of their prettiest girls are coming for three days in "The Follies de Vogue." Another big feature will be the appearance of an Atlanta girl who has climbed high in screen life and is now telling film stories on the vaudeville stage. Jean Sothern. Then there will be the Musical Johnstons, xylophonists; Stevens and Bordeaux, in "A Boy From Home," and Ergotti's Lilliputians.

Four Shows Today.

(At Loew's Grand.)

The Maxwell Quintette, in "A Night at the Club," will head the elaborate holiday bill which opens today with four performances at Loew's Grand theater for the rest of the week. These five young chaps possess wonderful voices and provide twenty minutes of entertainment of a high quality. Samuel Siegel, known as the greatest of all mandolinists, appears with dainty Marie Coveny in an attractive combination of music and dancing. Another act which is sure to please is that of Hendrix and Russell, whose graceful exposition of the art of terpsichore has won them great favor wherever they have appeared. The O'Neil sisters, two dainty maids in a song and dance review of bewitching appeal, and Felix and Fisher, in acrobatic specialties, complete the vaudeville. Popular George Walsh, the human dynamo, features the picture program with a new photoplay, "The Kid Is Clever."

Mary Pickford.

(At the Forsyth.)

Returning to sylvan scenes in which her delightful artistry is displayed to the highest advantage, Mary Pickford will be seen at the Forsyth theater the last time today, in a splendid picturization of Eleanor Hoyt Brainerd's novel, "How Could You, Jean" This play is of the same caliber as many of "Our Mary's" recent successes and it is a foregone conclusion that her characterization in "How Could You, Jean" will rank as one of the best of her screen career. In "How Could You, Jean" Miss Pickford will be seen as an aristocratic young woman, whose income being cut off, is suddenly forced to seek practical means for making her livelihood.

Madge Kennedy.

(At the Strand.)

Of the many touching incidents in Madge Kennedy's newest Goldwyn picture, "The Service Star," now at the Strand, none stands out more prominently than the scene depicting a group of G. A. R. veterans watching the boys in khaki leaving the village for camp, just as the veterans themselves did more than a half century ago. The incident is a reproduction of an actual happening in a small Long Island town adjoining a village where several scenes in "The Service Star" were taken. Learning that a farewell was planned for the boys of the draft leaving for camp, the Goldwyn director decided to add a touch of realism to the play and brought the company to the town on the day of the festivities.

Theda Bara.

(At the Rialto.)

The grinning Buddha that stands by Iza's couch in one of the startling boudoir scenes in "The Clemenceau Case," which is to be seen at the Rialto theater today, is the gem of the rare John Pierpont Morgan collection of antiquities which was loaned to William Fox by the Metropolitan museum, of New York city, for use in the production. The idol was taken from the temple of Kan Esh Kai, in the center of the province of Canton, China. It was seized by an American officer while the Boxer rebellion was in progress, and is supposed to be two thousand years old.

"My Own United States."

(At the Criterion.)

The sturdy old frigate "Constitution," faithful veteran of the American navy, again serves Old Glory by stimulating patriotism in Metro's historical drama, "My Own United States," starring the distinguished actor, Mr. Arnold Daly, the special attraction at the Criterion theater today. Secretary Josephus Daniels, of the navy, granted Director John W. Noble special permission to stage scenes on this wooden warship, which is now at the Charleston navy yard. A fitting prelude to the presentation is the dramatic recitation and song offered by Alma Dore Young preceding each showing of the picture.

Fatty Arbuckle.

(At Alamo No. 2.)

"Fatty" Arbuckle in his great laugh riot, "Moonshine," is scheduled for today at the Alamo No. 2. It is needless to state that in this, one of his best comedies, Arbuckle outdoes himself in mirth-provoking stunts. Vivian Martin, in "Molly Entangled," a Paramount feature, completes the double bill.

Monroe Salisbury.

(At the Vaudette.)

Monroe Salisbury, one of the ablest and most popular actors in the screen world, will be seen at the Vaudette theater in an intensely gripping drama, "The Guilt of Science," which promises to be a big treat for everybody. In addition there will be a screaming comedy. For Friday the program will include Alma Reubens, in "Madam Sphinx," declared one of the greatest offerings of recent days, and there will be a comedy for good measure. For Saturday the ever popular Al St. John is coming in "A Polished Hero," and a Wolfville story will top off the entertainment.

"To Hell With Kaiser."

(At Rialto Next Week.)

In a battle of wits, an American inventor beats the monster of Europe in "To Hell With the Kaiser," a strong indictment of the kaiser and kaiserism, produced by Screen Classics, Inc., which is the attraction at the Rialto theater next week. Professor Munroe has perfected a wonderful wireless invention which the kaiser wants and he demands that the American turn over the plans. Professor Munroe takes a parcel to the palace and hands it to the kaiser. When he opens it he finds a silk American flag and then follow scenes which every true patriot must see to learn how the American stands up for the greatest democracy in the world, and also outwits the kaiser.

Today at the Movies.

ALAMO No. 2—Fatty Arbuckle, in "Moonshine;" Vivian Martin, in "Molly Entangled."
TUDOR—Opening today, with Herbert Rawlinson, in "Smashing Through."
RIALTO—Theda Bara, in "The Clemenceau Case."
STRAND—Madge Kennedy, in "The Service Flag."
THE CRITERION—Arnold Daly, in "My Own United States."
FORSYTH—Mary Pickford, in "How Could You, Jean."
SAVOY—Shorty Hamilton, in "A Cameoflage Baron;" Billy West, in "His Day Out."
VAUDETTE—Monroe Salisbury, in "The Guilt of Science."
ALPHA—William S. Hart, in "Satan's Men." Charlie Chaplin, in "A Night Out."

Tudor Opens Today With Big Thriller And Added Features

"Major Billy," the Atlanta girl who picked the capsules containing the order number of the new selectmen, will be seen on the screen of the Tudor theater today. This feature was booked at the last minute and comes in the form of the Tudor Screen Telegram.

As all Atlantans know, "Major Billy" is none other than Miss Wilhelminia Wellborn, an Atlanta girl, who is a valuable assistant in the office of Provost Marshal General Crowder at Washington. She is said to be the "mother of the selective service system." The Tudor film shows Miss Wellborn in the act of drawing the numbers.

The Tudor Screen Telegram will be shown today, the opening day, and Friday in conjunction with "Smashing Through," the Universal picture in which Herbert Rawlinson is the featured player. The screen telegram will be run for the remainder of the week, while "Smashing Through" will remain on the boards two days.

Everything is ready at the Oldknow house for the big opening tomorrow, and it is expected that large crowds will be on hand at all hours. Souvenirs will be given all women and children. A program of varied attractions has been secured for showing Saturday.

"To Hell With the Kaiser," Patriotic Film Feature, At Rialto All Next Week

"To Hell With the Kaiser," which in uncamouflaged English is expressive of the thoughts of hundreds of thousands each day, is the title of the picture—undoubtedly one of the greatest—that has come to the Rialto in a long time to stir the patriotic fervor of the spectator and furnish him a natural vent for his explosive "to hell with the kaiser!" It will be shown all next week.

The picture holds up the blond beast of Berlin and his fiendish purposes in a light of actuality, the hisses and groans greeting these scenes giving away to cheers as he is shown receiving a portion of his just dues being meted out to him.

Probably never before has a more stirring photoplay been presented. The actors were selected from among the best in filmdom, and the film produced for patriotic Americans. On Broadway, where the picture has had a long run, it has set a record for attendance for a war picture.

Elect INMAN Mayor
—(adv.)

Airman Parsons Dead.

Fort Worth, Texas, July 3.—The body of Lieutenant Arthur Maxwell Parsons, of the American aviation service, who died at the base hospital at Camp Bowie today, was shipped to his father, Charles M. Parsons, at Gloucester, Mass., tonight. Lieutenant Parsons sustained fatal injuries yesterday when he was struck by the whirling propeller of his airplane.

Elect INMAN Mayor



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This is a bungalow type, built of hollow tile and concrete, with tile roof, being fireproof. The house was planned with exceeding care and built conscientiously for a permanent home. It is practically new.

It has a large living room, music room, dining room, breakfast room, kitchen and pantries, three bedrooms, a sleeping porch and tile bath, all on one floor. Front porch floor, sleeping porch floor and kitchen porch floor all of tile; there is nothing about the house to wear out or to paint.

Two servants' rooms, double garage, large basement, vapor heat, large back yard are some of the features. Price, $15,750.

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Must Be Sold. Big Sacrifice.

GO TODAY (4th July), look at it, see me early tomorrow and make an offer. Get off at Butler's, on Marietta car line, ask for the Whitlock or Butler place. The house needs repairs, there's a large barn. Rich soil. Fine shade. Loan of $2,000. Imperative sale. Easy terms, or will trade. Go quick.

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$4150---Brand New Bungalow---$350 Cash
Move in Today

I HAVE a beautiful new bungalow in Druid Hills section for $4,150—$350 cash, $30 per month. It is just now finished up and you can move in today. Also another new 7-room bungalow, just finished, near Ponce de Leon avenue; move in today—and several new brick bungalows now ready.

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LODGE NOTICES

A regular communication of John Rosier Lodge No. 695, F. & A. M., will be held in their temple, corner of Hemphill avenue and West Tenth street, this (Thursday) evening, July 4, at 8 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to attend.
HARRY J. GRAVES, W. M.
CLAUDE B. MARSH, Secretary.

A regular communication of Pythagoras Lodge No. 41, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple, Decatur, Ga., this (Thursday) evening, July 4, at 8 o'clock. The Fellowcraft degree will be conferred. Duly qualified brethren cordially invited to meet with us. By order
A. R. ALMON, Acting W. M.
E. H. MASON, Secretary.

The regular communication of Fulton Lodge No. 216, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Thursday) evening, July 4, at 8 o'clock. Business meeting only. All qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to attend. By order of
JOSEPH LAZEAR, W. M.
J. H. LEAVITT, Secretary.



Attention, P. K. O. S. The P. K. O. S. drum corps is ordered to assemble at the hall this (Thursday) morning promptly at 9 o'clock.
J. L. PASCHAL, Commander.



Capital City Lodge No. 33, Knights of Pythias, having accepted an invitation from Empire Lodge No. 47, to participate in the patriotic exercises to be held by that lodge on Thursday night in Pythian hall, members of Capital City Lodge are earnestly requested to be present. There will be good speaking, music and refreshments.
LEON C. GREER, Chancellor Commander.
MILTON H. CRONHEIM, K. of R. and S.



To Chiefs and Members Utoy Tribe No. 98: The tribe will hold its regular meeting on Friday, July 5, instead of Thursday. Installation of officers. All members are requested to be present.
M. R. BRALTON, Sachem.
Attest:
M. M. ANDERSON, C. of R.

FUNERAL NOTICES

MITCHELL—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Angel Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Tuntos, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Karameidas, Mr. and Mrs. Chris Matragos and Mr. Nick Matragos are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Angel Mitchell Friday, July 5, at 3 o'clock from the Greek church on Central avenue, Rev. Abramopoulos and Rev. Stelddes, of Savannah, officiating. Interment Greenwood. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

CLARK—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Zabina Addison Clark are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Zabina Addison Clark today (Thursday), July 4, 1918, at 11 a. m., from the residence, 231 North Candler street. The Rev. C. W. Daniel and Rev. L. O. Bricker will officiate. The interment will be in Oakland cemetery. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 10:15 o'clock: Mr. J. C. Jackson, Mr. E. C. Burton, Mr. W. R. Daly, Mr. T. J. Gardner, Mr. John R. Dickey and Mr. Charles A. Davis.

MATTHEWS—Friends of Mrs. Anna Kirby Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Willingham, Rev. and Mrs. George Matthews, Clinton, N. C.; Mrs. William Murray, Norfolk, Va., and Colonel Henry Kirby, United States army, New Mexico, are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Anna Kirby Matthews this (Thursday) morning at 10 o'clock from Kirkwood Presbyterian church, Rev. Carl Barth officiating. Following pallbearers are requested to assemble at the residence, Southerland, at 9:30 o'clock: Mr. A. W. Ripley, Mr. W. A. Flemming, Mr. B. F. Winston, Mr. C. L. Ivey, Mr. J. W. Stewart, Mr. W. D. Johnson. Interment West View cemetery. Awtry & Lowndes Co., funeral directors.

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Mayor and Council of the town of Harlem, Ga., will receive sealed bids at the office of the Mayor, until noon, July 15, 1918, for 5 per cent J. & J. 30-year school coupon bonds to the amount of $10,000.00. Dated July 1, 1918. Denomination $100.00. Due 20 years after date. Principal and interest, payable at the office of the Treasurer of the town of Harlem.
J. T. OLIVE, Mayor, Town of Harlem.
J. L. WASHINGTON, Town Clerk.

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